

Q1.

$$x^2 + y^2 = 4$$

$$\underbrace{x^2 + y^2 - 4}_{g(x, y)} = 0 \leftarrow \text{constraint curve.}$$

$$g(x, y)$$

$$h(x, y) = 2x + 4y + 20$$

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial x} = 2 ; \quad \frac{\partial h}{\partial y} = 4$$

$$\frac{\partial g}{\partial x} = 2x ; \quad \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} = 2y$$

Solve the equations:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} = \lambda \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} \Rightarrow 2 = \lambda(2x) \Rightarrow 1 = \lambda x \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial y} = \lambda \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} \Rightarrow 4 = \lambda(2y) \Rightarrow 2 = \lambda y \\ x^2 + y^2 - 4 = 0 \end{array} \right. \text{ m (1), (2), (3)}$$

$$\text{From (1): } x = \frac{1}{\lambda} \text{ and (2): } y = \frac{2}{\lambda}$$

$$\text{Substitute into (3): } \frac{1}{\lambda^2} + \frac{4}{\lambda^2} - 4 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{5}{\lambda^2} = 4 \Rightarrow \lambda^2 = \frac{5}{4} \Rightarrow \lambda = \pm \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}. \quad \text{(1)}$$

Case: $\lambda = \sqrt{5}/2$

$$x = \frac{1}{\lambda} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

$$y = \frac{2}{\lambda} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{4\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

$(\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5}, \frac{4\sqrt{5}}{5})$ is a critical point.

Case: $\lambda = -\sqrt{5}/2$

$$x = \frac{1}{\lambda} = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} = -\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

$$y = \frac{2}{\lambda} = -\frac{4}{\sqrt{5}} = -\frac{4\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

$(-\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5}, -\frac{4\sqrt{5}}{5})$ is another critical point.

$$\begin{aligned} p_h\left(\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5}, \frac{4\sqrt{5}}{5}\right) &= \frac{4\sqrt{5}}{5} + \frac{16\sqrt{5}}{5} + 20 \\ &= 4\sqrt{5} + 20 \text{ m.} \end{aligned}$$

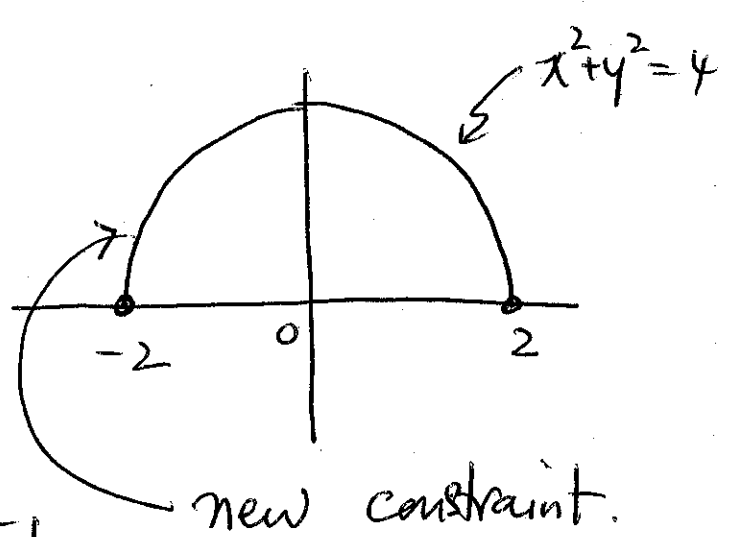
$$\begin{aligned} p_h\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5}, -\frac{4\sqrt{5}}{5}\right) &= -\frac{4\sqrt{5}}{5} - \frac{16\sqrt{5}}{5} + 20 \\ &= -4\sqrt{5} + 20 \text{ m.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{max } p_h = (4\sqrt{5} + 20) \text{ m}$$

$$\text{min } p_h = (-4\sqrt{5} + 20) \text{ m.}$$

(2)

Q2.



We check end-points
and critical points on the new constraint

End points

$$h(-2, 0) = -2(2) + 0 + 20 = 16$$

$$h(2, 0) = 2(2) + 0 + 20 = 24.$$

Critical points

These are solve just like in Q1, using
equations ①, ②, and ③.

But only one point $\left(\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5}, \frac{4\sqrt{5}}{4}\right)$ is on
the ~~curve~~ constraint curve.

$$h\left(\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5}, \frac{4\sqrt{5}}{4}\right) = 4\sqrt{5} + 20$$

So max = $(4\sqrt{5} + 20)$ m; min = 16 m

③