

1 - The stable homotopy Category

Note Title

9/1/2014

Last time

SW = "Ho(Top.)[Σⁿ]" Spanier - Witaland Category

objects = (X, n) X ∈ CW_n "ΣⁿX"

morphisms = [(X, n), (Y, m)]^{sw} = $\varinjlim_i [\Sigma^{i-n} X, \Sigma^{i-m} Y]$

Coh. Thys

objects: $\{ \bar{E}^k: \text{Top}_n \rightarrow \text{Ab} \}_{k \in \mathbb{Z}}$

- homology invariants
- excision
- wedge axiom

or: $\bar{E}^k(-) \cong \bar{E}^{k+n}(\Sigma^{-n}-)$

We defined SW \longrightarrow Coh. Thys

Definition was flawed (X, n) \longmapsto $\bar{E}_{(X, n)}^+$

$$\bar{E}_{(X, n)}^k(\mathbb{Z}) = [(Z, 0), (X, n-k)]^{\text{sw}}$$

problem: This does NOT satisfy wedge axiom.

Problem \mathbb{Z}_α , $(\bigvee_{\mathbb{Z}_\alpha} S^0, 0)$ is not:
in general a coproduct in SW!

e.g., $\alpha_i: S^{n_i+k_i} \rightarrow S^{n_i}$ n_i increasing, $n_i \rightarrow \infty$

$\alpha_i \in \pi_{n_i+k_i-1} S^{n_i-1}$

$$\alpha_i: (S^{k_i}, 0) \rightarrow (S^0, 0)$$

then is \sim

$$\alpha_i: (\bigvee_i S^{k_i}, 0) \rightarrow (S^0, 0)$$

e.g.,

$$[(\bigvee_i X_{\alpha_i}, n), Y]^{\text{sw}} \longrightarrow \prod_{\alpha} [(X_{\alpha}, n), Y]^{\text{sw}}$$

not an isomorphism!

Don't even have sensible candidates for ∞ -wedges

$$(C(\alpha_i), n_i) \in SW \quad "V(C(\alpha_i), n_i)" \notin SW$$

Instead Define $\tilde{E}_{(X,n)}^k(-)$

$$\tilde{E}_{(X,n)}^k(Z) := \left[Z, \lim_i \Omega \Sigma^{i+k-n} X \right]_* \quad (\text{for } Z \text{ con. cx})$$

Note: this agrees w/ "old" def if Z is finite CW con.

Q: What are susp isos?

Big problem: SW does not allow for infinite wedges/unions

$$V(C(\alpha_i), n_i) \quad ?$$

$$(C(\alpha_0), n_0) \rightarrow (C(\alpha_1) \vee C(\alpha_2), n_2) \rightarrow \dots$$

$$\Sigma^{n_2-n_0} C(\alpha_0) \hookrightarrow \Sigma^{n_2-n_1} (C(\alpha_1) \vee C(\alpha_2))$$

$$\Sigma^{n_3-n_2} \left(\Sigma^{n_2-n_1} (C(\alpha_1) \vee C(\alpha_2)) \right) \hookrightarrow \Sigma^{n_3-n_1} (C(\alpha_1) \vee \Sigma^{n_2-n_2} C(\alpha_2))$$

etc...

Good problem form

$$"lim" \left(K_0 \hookrightarrow \Sigma^{-1} K_1 \hookrightarrow \Sigma^{-2} K_2 \hookrightarrow \dots \right)$$

Def: $\Sigma^i K_i \hookrightarrow K_{i+1}$
inclusion of subcomplex

Solution make these the objects of category

Def: Category of spectra Sp

Obj $X = \{ \underline{X}_i, \sigma_i \}_{i \geq 0}$ $\underline{X}_i \in \text{Top}_*$

$$\sigma_i: \Sigma \underline{X}_i \rightarrow \underline{X}_{i+1}$$

$$(\text{equiv } \tilde{\sigma}_i: \underline{X}_i \rightarrow \Omega \underline{X}_{i+1})$$

Map: $\{f_i: X_i \rightarrow Y_i\}$

Note: Spectra complete & cocomplete.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \sum X_i & \longrightarrow & \sum Y_i \\ \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \\ X_{\infty} & \longrightarrow & Y_{\infty} \end{array}$$

A CW spectrum $X_i =$ pointed CW cxs

$\sum X_i \rightarrow X_{(i)}$ inclusions of subcomplexes.

(e.g.) $(X, n) \quad * \dashrightarrow \dots \dashrightarrow * \rightarrow \sum^{-n} X \rightarrow \sum^{-n+1} X \dots$

$$\downarrow$$

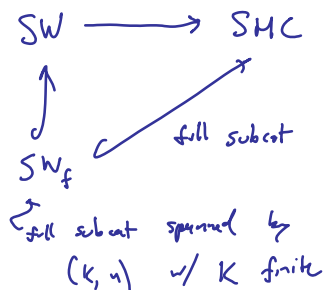
$$(X, n)_i = \begin{cases} * & i < n \\ \sum^{-i-n} X & i \geq n \end{cases} \quad \sigma_i: \sum \sum^{0-n} X = \sum^{i+1-n} X$$

Let $[X, Y]^s$ denote "stable homotopy classes of maps between spectra"
 what can this mean---

Say K is finite CW c, X is CW spectrum

$$\begin{aligned} [(k, n), X]^s &= [(k, n), \varinjlim_i (X_i, i)]^s \\ &= \varinjlim_i [(k, n), (X_i, i)]^s \\ &= \varinjlim_i \varinjlim_j [\sum^{i-n} K, \sum^{j-i} X_j] \\ &= \varinjlim_j [\sum^{j-n} K, X_j] \end{aligned}$$

Define $\pi_k^s X$, note equivalences in SHC
 $\varinjlim_i \pi_{k+i} X_i$ will be π_k^s isos.
 ↑ stable equiv.



"Objects in SHC are infinite unions of objects of SW_f "

Exercise A map $f: (X, n) \rightarrow (Y, m)$ in SW_f
 is an isomorphism if and only if
 $f_*: \pi_*^S(X, n) \rightarrow \pi_*^S(Y, m)$ is an iso.

Cohomology theories

$$\{\tilde{E}^i, \sigma_i\} \rightsquigarrow \{E_i, \sigma_i\}$$

Brown
 Representability

$$\tilde{E}^i(z) \cong [z, E_i]_+$$

$$\sigma_i \downarrow$$

$$\tilde{E}^{i+1}(\Sigma z) \cong [\Sigma z, E_{i+1}]_+ \cong [z, \Omega E_{i+1}]_+$$

Get Ω -spectrum.

Exercise

(1) Show $\tilde{E}^k(S^n) \cong \pi_{n-k}^S E$

(2) Suppose $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is a map of
 Spectra w/ induced map on coh. Thy's:

$$f_*: \tilde{X}^*(-) \rightarrow \tilde{Y}^*(-)$$

Show f_* is an iso

$$\Downarrow$$

f is a stable equivalence

We will define $SHC = Sp[\text{st. equiv}^{-1}]$ (Need to show this localization exists)