

4 - Generalized homology and cohomology, examples

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$$[-, -] = [-, -]^s, \quad \pi_* = \pi_*^s$$

$E \in Sp$ get homology / coh theories

$$E_* X = \pi_* E \wedge X$$

$$E^+ : Sp \longrightarrow Gr(Ab)$$

$$E^+ X = \pi_{-*} F(X, E) = [X, \Sigma^{*+} E]$$

Note! $K \in Top_n$, get $\tilde{E}^+ : Top_n \longrightarrow Gr(Ab)$

$$\tilde{E}_*(S^0) = E_*(S)$$

$$E_*(\mathbb{R}^1)$$

$$\tilde{E}^+(K) := E^+(\Sigma^{*+} K)$$

$$\tilde{E}_+(K) := E_+(\Sigma^{*+} K)$$

$$\pi_0 E = E_* = E^{-+}$$

Examples

$$E = H\pi$$

$$H\pi_* = H_*(-; \pi)$$

$$H\pi^* = H^*(-; \pi)$$

$$E = S$$

$S_* =$ stable homology

$S^* =$ "stable cohomology"

$$E = K_*$$

X finite CW ∞ (functorial by universal)

$$K^0(X) := \mathbb{Z}[\text{v.b.}(X)] / [V] + [W] = [V \oplus W]$$

X connected

$$v. \dim ([V] - [W]) := \dim V - \dim W$$

every class expressed as formal difference

$$[V_1] - [V_2] = [V_1 \oplus W] - [V_2 \oplus W]$$

every bundle equivalent to $[V] - [R^n]$

two are equivalent iff $V \oplus R^k \cong W \oplus R^l$



"virtual bundles" for $k, l \geq 0$.

$$0 \rightarrow \tilde{K}^0(X) \rightarrow K^0(X) \xrightarrow{\text{v.d.m.}} \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow 0$$

" $K^0(\text{pt})$

$$K^0(X) = [X, \varinjlim BU(n) \times \mathbb{Z}] = [X, BU \times \mathbb{Z}]$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} [V] - \mathbb{R}^N & & X \xrightarrow{v} BU(n) \\ & & \downarrow \\ & & X \xrightarrow{\text{dim } V - N} \mathbb{Z} \end{array}$$

use this to define

$K^0(X)$ if X not cpt.

Can define $\tilde{K}^{-i}(X) = \tilde{K}^0(\Sigma^i X)$

Both periodicity

$$\Omega BU \times \mathbb{Z} = U$$

$$\Omega^2 BU \times \mathbb{Z} = BU \times \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\Omega U = BU \times \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{K}^0(X) \cong \tilde{K}^0(\Sigma^2 X)$$

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{K}^{-i}(X) = \tilde{K}^{-i+2}(X)$$

Allows us to define $\tilde{K}^i(X)$

K-theory spectrum

$$\Omega^\infty K = BU \times \mathbb{Z} = \Omega U = \Omega^2 BU \times \mathbb{Z} \dots$$

$$K_i = \begin{cases} BU \times \mathbb{Z}, & i \text{ even} \\ U, & i \text{ odd} \end{cases}$$

$$\pi_* K = \mathbb{Z}, 0, \mathbb{Z}, 0, \dots$$

eg. $\tilde{K}^2(S^1) \cong \tilde{K}^0(S^2)$
Both periodicity
1/2 susp.
 $\mathbb{Z} = K^0(\text{pt})$

generated by $[S^1]^{-1}$

ξ is can. bundle / $S^2 = \mathbb{C}P^1$

R-K-thy

$\text{Top } KO = \mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z}/2, \mathbb{Z}/2, 0, \mathbb{Z}, 0, 0, 0, \dots$

Bordism:

$X = \text{finite CW c.s.}$

Define $\Omega_k(X) = \frac{\left\{ \alpha: M^k \xrightarrow{\text{closed}} X \right\}}{\text{cobordism}}$

e.g. $\Omega_k(\text{pt}) = k\text{-mflds} / \text{cobordism}$

Addition $[M_1] + [M_2] := [M_1 \sqcup M_2]$

(Note $2[M] = 0 \Rightarrow \text{subtraction}$)

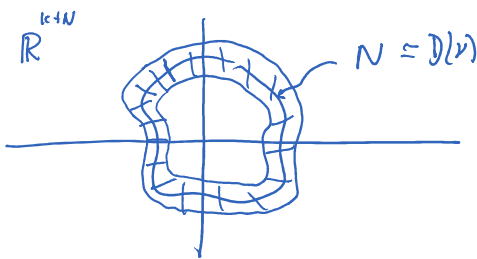
MO spectrum $\underline{MO}_k = (BO(k))^{V_{\text{univ}}^k}$ (Thom space)

$\Sigma \underline{MO}_k = \Sigma BO(k)^{V_{\text{univ}}^k} = BO(k)^{V_{\text{univ}}^k \oplus \mathbb{R}} \rightarrow BO(k+1)^{V_{\text{univ}}^{k+1}}$

Thm $\underline{MO}_k X \cong \Omega_k(X)$

Idea! Given $\alpha: M^k \rightarrow X$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} M^k & \hookrightarrow & \mathbb{R}^{k+N} \\ D(v) & \xrightarrow{f} & D(V_{\text{univ}}^k) \\ \pi \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ M & \xrightarrow{v} & BO(k) \end{array}$$



$\underline{MO}_N \wedge X_+$

$x \mapsto \begin{cases} f(x) \wedge \pi(\alpha(x)) & , x \in N \\ * & , x \notin N \end{cases}$

\cup
 \cong
 \cong
 $\rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{k+N}$

Idea: cobordism \rightarrow homotopy between

\sim
 \cong
 \int^{k+N}

Idem: cobordism \rightarrow homotopy between
 such maps



$$\begin{array}{ccc} (M, x) & \xrightarrow{\text{element of}} & \pi_{k+N} (MO_N \wedge X_n) \\ \cap & & \downarrow N \rightarrow \infty \\ \Omega_k(x) & & MO_k(x) \end{array}$$

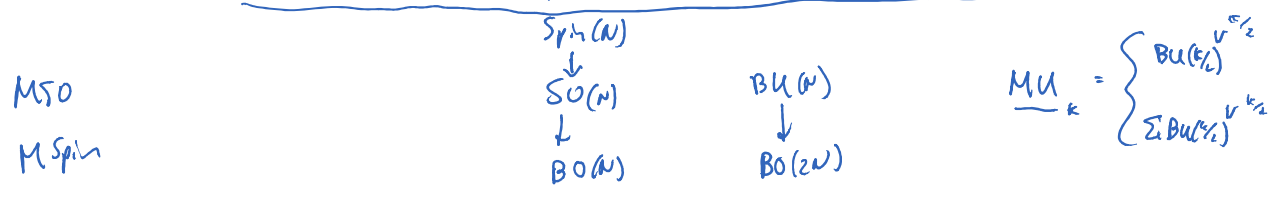
Thm (Hoban) $\pi_* MO \cong \Omega_* \cong \mathbb{F}_2[x_i \mid i \neq 2^k - 1] \quad |x_i| = i$

(we'll revisit this)

In fact $MO = \bigvee_{\infty} \Sigma^{(-i)} \mathbb{H}\mathbb{F}_2$

Variants $M =$ mfd w/ extra structure on normal bundle

(eg M orientable, M almost complex, etc...)



$MU_* = \mathbb{Z}[x_i] \quad |x_i| = 2i \quad (\text{Quillen}) \quad \left[\text{Slightly powerful} + \text{new} \right]$

$MSO_* =$ complicated

$MSpin_* =$ complicated "k-theory"

$MSP_* =$ Unknown.

$(\mathcal{L}, \otimes) =$ symmetric monoidal category
 $\Rightarrow |E|$ is a topological monoid (binary multiplication) " E_∞ "
 $\Omega B|E|$ is an ∞ -loop space
 $\overset{\sim}{\cong} \pi_0 = \pi_0 B|E|$ \rightsquigarrow get space KE (e.g. C-f.g. pi-1 R-mod $\Rightarrow KE = KCR$)
 Almost an ∞ -loop space
 π_0 is not a sp