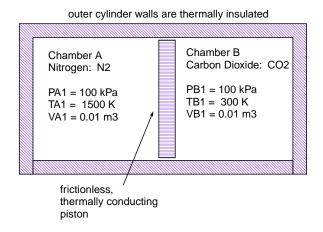
NAME:

ME 327 Examination 2 Prof. J. M. Powers March 22, 1995

1. Closed System (50)

A cylinder, sketched in the figure below contains two chambers. The chambers are separated by a frictionless, thermally conducting piston. Initially, Chamber A contains N_2 at $P_{A1} = 100 \ kPa$, $T_{A1} = 1500 \ K$, $V_{A1} = 0.01 \ m^3$. Initially Chamber B contains CO_2 at $P_{B1} = 100 \ kPa$, $T_{B1} = 300 \ K$, $V_{B1} = 0.01 \ m^3$. The cylinder itself is thermally isolated from the surroundings; within the cylinder, heat is transferred from one chamber to the other.



- a) Assuming ideal gas behavior for both gases, what is the mass of N_2 and CO_2 ?
- b) Assuming constant specific heats N_2 : $c_v = 0.7448 \frac{kJ}{kg\ K}$, CO_2 : $c_v = 0.6529 \frac{kJ}{kg\ K}$, determine the temperature and pressure after the system has come to thermal and mechanical equilibrium.

2. Open System (50)

In the cogeneration turbine system sketched in the figure below, a fraction of the input steam is extracted at high pressure; the remainder expands to low pressure. The system loses heat to the surroundings at a rate of $1.3 \ kW$.

- a) Calculate the total work output in kW for this configuration.
- b) If *none* of the steam was extracted at high pressure so that *all* the steam expanded to low pressure and the system were adiabatic, what would the work output be?

