SimEOC: A Virtual Emergency Operations Center Simulator

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Overview

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Our Dangerous World

Natural hazards

- naturally occurring phenomena caused either by rapid or slow onset events which can be geophysical (earthquakes, landslides, tsunamis, volcanic activity), hydrological (avalanches, floods), climatological (extreme temperatures, drought, wildfires), meteorological (blizzards, tornados, cyclones, storms/wave surges) or biological (disease epidemics, plagues).

Technological or man-made hazards

- events that are caused by humans and occur in or close to human settlements (conflicts, famine, displaced populations, industrial accidents, transportation accidents, terrorism, biological, chemical, radiological threats)
Management of a disaster in the US consists of a subsidiarity model.

Incidents are handled at the lowest level (county level), until further assistance is needed (by the state and then by the federal government).
Disaster Governance (in US)

- At the local level, emergency management falls to the county, and emergency managers are county employees whose full time job is to plan for and manage emergencies.

- At the state level, emergency managers exist in state run Emergency Operations Centers.

- At the federal level, emergency managers fall under the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

- FEMA is under the direction of the Department of Homeland Security.
When disaster strikes, emergency managers, elected officials, and volunteers gather together to manage the emergency.

They set up a Command Post and command structure (Incident Command System) to manage the situation.
• **Emergency Operations Center (EOC):** Secure location in which upper-level emergency managers and elected officials gather together to prepare for, manage, and coordinate activities in response to an emergency situation (e.g. hurricane, pandemic, earthquake, tsunami)

• **EOCs** exist on local, state, and national levels.
Command Structure

Sets the incident objectives, strategies, and priorities and has overall responsibility for the incident.

- **Command**: Sets the incident objectives, strategies, and priorities and has overall responsibility for the incident.
  - **Operations**: Conducts operations to meet the incident objectives. Establishes tactics and directs all operational resources.
  - **Planning**: Supports the incident action planning process by tracking resources, collecting/analyzing information, and maintaining documentation.
  - **Logistics**: Arranges for resources and needed services to support achievement of the incident objectives.
  - **Finance/Administration**: Monitors costs related to the incident. Provides accounting, procurement, time recording, and cost analyses.
Our Collaborations

- In our research, we have been working with Miami-Dade County, FL, to build a virtual EOC for

  (1) Training emergency personnel

  (2) Research into emergency management decision-making
Miami-Dade Emergency Operations Center

Activation floor plan

NOTE: RFP Only-Agencies that only are present for radiological emergencies.
Inside Miami-Dade EOC
The SimEOC Application
Key Features

• Distributed
• Web-based
• Intelligent Agents
• Dashboards
• Advanced Learning Tutor
• Individual and Group Training
Distributed & Web-based

• Individuals can train in SimEOC from any web browser from any computer from anywhere in the world
Intelligent Agents

- Goal is to have artificially intelligent agents that can simulate any individual or group of individuals in the EOC
Dashboards

- a series of visual indicators that give the trainees immediate feedback on their decisions. Example indicators include lives lost, lives saved, and total cost of resources to date.

- these can be turned on or off as researchers desire
Advanced Learning Tutor

- an advanced artificial agent that acts as a tutor and gives hints to players as they participate in the training.
Training can be accomplished on an individual basis or for a group or organization.

Training on an individual basis can consist of training a single liaison or branch director.

Training on a group level can consist of an entire group such as the public safety group or the infrastructure group.

Finally, training can consist of training the entire organization/EOC as well.
Future Work

• Implement intelligent agents that can simulate human trainees
• More advanced Learning Tutor
• More advanced Dashboards
• More advanced Research Metrics
Technologies Employed

• On the client side:
  • XHTML, CSS, Dynamic HTML, AJAX, Reverse AJAX, and JavaScript.

• On the server side:
  • PHP, MySQL, Dojo and the Jetty server.

• Virtual machines: all development and deployment has been accomplished in virtual machines
Deployment

Successful deployment at www.simeoc.org
The Application

- 4 Main Consoles
- ~20 Modules
Consoles

- Trainee
- Exercise Controller/Developer
- Researcher
- Administrator (in development)
vEOC User Roles

- **Trainee**
  - Prepares for emergency situations; practices decision making by interacting with vEOC

- **Exercise Controller/Developer**
  - Creates scripts to train emergency personnel; moderates training during a simulation
• **Researcher**
  • Individuals interested in studying various aspects of decision making and emergency response

• **Administrator**
  • Maintains the vEOC software; also sets up and moderates user profiles
Trainee Architecture
Administrator Architecture
Trainee Desktop

Main Panel (left)
- Main place in which user interacts in the vEOC.
- Includes Exercise Background, Boards, Links, References, and Reports

Exercise Panel (right)
- Main place in which users interact with the exercise.
- Includes an Advanced Learning Tutor, Dashboards, and Communication Tools.
Exercise Developer Console

- Includes Exercise Development Tools,
- Database Controls,
- Exercise Control and Tracking Tools,
- and Reports and Evaluations
Researcher Console

Includes Researcher Tools, Exercise Reports, and References
References to Review

Grant Proposals

Dr. Madey

Project Website

http://www3.nd.edu/~veoc/
References to Review

Publications


References to Review

Field Research Report


Project Posters

• Cynthia Nikolai, Gregory Madey, Irma Becerra-Fernandez, Michael Prietula, "Virtual Emergency Operations Center for Training and Research", *7th International Conference on Information Systems for Crisis Response and Management (ISCRAM 2010)*, Seattle, May 2010 ([poster](#))
References to Review

Design Documents

• Cynthia Nikolai, "SimEOC Summary", March 15, 2014
• vEOC Assumptions and Requirements Document v.5 (Jan 2012)
• vEOC System Capabilities (2011)

Emergency Management Background

• IS-100.B: Introduction to Incident Command System, ICS-100
  • http://www.training.fema.gov/EMIWeb/IS/courseOverview.aspx?code=IS-100.b
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Questions