

20 - Splitting principle + elementary symmetric poly's

Note Title

4/15/2010

Summary:

We computed $H^* BU(n) = \mathbb{Z}[c_1, \dots, c_n]$
 $|c_i| = 2i$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 V & \longrightarrow & V_{\text{univ}} \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 X & \xrightarrow{f} & BU(n)
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 H^{2i}(X) \\
 \psi \\
 c_i(V) := \begin{cases} f^* c_i & , 1 \leq i \leq n \\ 0 & , i > n \\ 1 & , i = 0 \end{cases}
 \end{array}$$

Properties:

Naturality: $c_i(g^*V) = g^*c_i(V)$

dim: $c_i(V) = 0$ if $i > \dim V$

Stability: $c_i(V) = c_i(V \oplus \mathbb{C})$

Normaliz. Factor:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 L_{\text{univ}} \\
 \downarrow \\
 \mathbb{C}P^\infty \\
 \uparrow \\
 H^* = \mathbb{Z}[x]
 \end{array}$$

$c_i(L_{\text{univ}}) = x$

$U(n-1) \hookrightarrow U(n)$

$BU(n-1) \rightarrow BU(n)$

$i < n$ $c_i \longleftarrow c_i$
 $0 \longleftarrow c_n$

Cartan Formula:

$c_n(V \oplus W) = \sum_{n_1+n_2=n} c_{n_1}(V) c_{n_2}(W)$

Thm' (Splitting principle)
 $V = \text{rk } n \text{ ca V.B. } / X$

$$\exists \tilde{X} \xrightarrow{f} X \quad \text{s.t.}$$

$$(1) f^* V \cong L_1 \oplus \dots \oplus L_n \quad \text{rk}(L_i) = 1$$

$$(2) f^*: H^*(X) \rightarrow H^*(\tilde{X}) \text{ is isocher}$$

(pf) Suffices to prove you can split off one L_i .

$$\mathbb{C}P^{n-1} \rightarrow P(V) \xrightarrow{g} X$$

projective space bundle

$$P(V) = \{ (x, L_x) \mid x \in X, L_x \subseteq V_x \text{ line} \}$$

$$g^* V \supset \left\{ (x, L_x, v) \mid v \in L_x \right\} =: L$$

\downarrow

$P(V)$

Line $g^* V$ a Hermitian structure
 (can do this see BU(2))

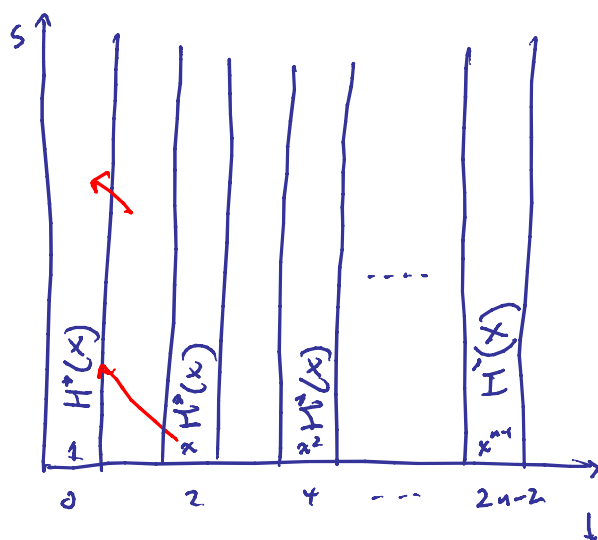
$$\Rightarrow g^* V \cong L \oplus L^\perp$$

Just need to show:

$$g^* : H^*(x) \rightarrow H^*(P(V))$$

is injective.

SSS $H^s(x; H^*(\mathbb{C}P^{n-1})) \Rightarrow H^{stf}(P(V))$



$$H^*(\mathbb{C}P^{n-1}) = \frac{\mathbb{Z}[x]}{(x^n)}$$

Edge Homomorphism

\Rightarrow need to argue w/ differentials

(suffices to show x is a P.C.)

Room for d_3 but...

Consider universal example!

$$\mathbb{C}P^{n-1} \rightarrow P(V_{\text{univ}}) \xrightarrow{g_{\text{univ}}} BU(n)$$

SSS for g and connected in

$$E_2^{S, t}(g_{\text{univ}}) \text{ s.t. cur}$$

\Rightarrow no diff's

\Rightarrow X_{univ} P.C.

$$\mathbb{C}P^{n-1} = \mathbb{C}P^m$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$P(V) \rightarrow P(V_{\text{univ}})$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$X \rightarrow BU(n)$$

$$\Rightarrow E_c^{S, t}(g_{\text{univ}}) \rightarrow E_c^{S, t}(g)$$

$$X_{\text{univ}} \rightarrow X$$

$\Rightarrow X$ P.C.

□

Splitting principle \Rightarrow just need to prove

$$c_n(V \oplus W) = \sum_{n_1+n_2=n} c_{n_1}(V) c_{n_2}(W) \quad \text{for}$$

$V, W =$
sums of
line bundles