

14 - v. -periodicity

Note Title

11/18/2008

cohomology of $\Sigma(n)$

$$\Sigma(n) = K(n)_+ [t_1, \dots] / (v_n^{p^i} t_i = v_n t_i^{p^i})$$

Ans:

$$\text{Ext}_{\Sigma(n)}^{i,j}(K(n)_+, K(n)_+) \otimes_{K(n)_+} \mathbb{F}_p \cong \text{Ext}_{S(n)}^{i,j}(\mathbb{F}_p, \mathbb{F}_p)$$

$$S(n) = \mathbb{F}_p [t_1, \dots] / (t_i^{p^i} = t_i)$$

Filter $S(n)$ by powers of the unit ideal

$$E^0 S(n) = T(t_{i,j} \mid i \geq 0, j \in \mathbb{Z}/n)$$

$$\text{Let } m = \lfloor pn/p-1 \rfloor$$

$$\Delta(t_{i,j}) = \begin{cases} \sum_{0 \leq k \leq i} t_{k,j} \otimes t_{i-k,k+j} & i < m \\ \sum_{0 \leq k \leq i} t_{k,j} \otimes t_{i-k,k+j} + b_{i-n,j+n-1} & i = m \\ t_{i,j} \otimes 1 + 1 \otimes t_{i,j} + b_{i-n,j+n-1} & i > m \end{cases}$$

$$E_0 S(n)^* = V(P E_0 S(n)^*)$$

↑ universal rest. ev. alg.

x_{ij} dual to t_{ij}

$$[x_{i,j}, x_{k,l}] = \begin{cases} \delta_{i+j, k+l} x_{i+k, j} - \delta_{k+l, i+j} x_{i+k, l} & i+k \leq n \\ 0 & \text{o/w} \end{cases}$$

$$\xi(x_{i,j}) = \begin{cases} 0 & i \leq n/p-1 \\ -x_{i+n, j-n+1} & \text{o/w} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{here } \delta_j^i = \begin{cases} 1, & i \equiv j \pmod{n} \\ 0, & \text{o/w} \end{cases}$$

Let $L(n) = P E_0 S(n)^*$

Then $E^* V(L(n)) = T(x_{ij})$

and thus it is a SS:

$$\text{Ext}(E^* V(L(n))) \Rightarrow \text{Ext}(V(L(n)))$$

$$\text{"}$$

$$E(h_{ij}) \otimes P(b_{ij})$$

$$h_{ij} = [t_{ij}]$$

$$b_{ij} = \sum \frac{1}{p} \binom{p}{k} [t_{ij}^k | t_{ij}^{p-k}]$$

Now:

$$d t_{ij} = b_{i-n, j+n-1} \quad \text{for } i > m$$

So we have an acyclic tensor factor:

$$E(h_{ij} \mid i > m) \otimes \underbrace{P(b_{i-n, j+n-1} \mid i > m)}_{\parallel} P(b_{k,j} \mid k > m-n)$$

So we obtain:

$$L(n, m) \subseteq L(\rightarrow)$$

$$\parallel \\ \langle x_{ij} \mid i \leq m \rangle$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Ext}(U(L(n, m)))}_{\parallel} \otimes P(b_{ij} \mid i \leq m-n) \Rightarrow \text{Ext}(V(L(\rightarrow)))$$

$$H^*(E(h_{ij} \mid i \leq m), d h_{ij} = \sum_{k+l=i} h_{k,j} h_{l, k+j})$$

e.g.

$$\underline{n=1}$$

$$\underline{p \geq 2}$$

$$m = \left\lfloor \frac{p}{p-1} \right\rfloor = 1$$

$$E[h_{1,0}] \Rightarrow \text{Ext}_{V(L(1))}(\mathbb{F}_1) \Rightarrow \text{Ext}_{S(m)}(\mathbb{F}_p)$$

all must collapse

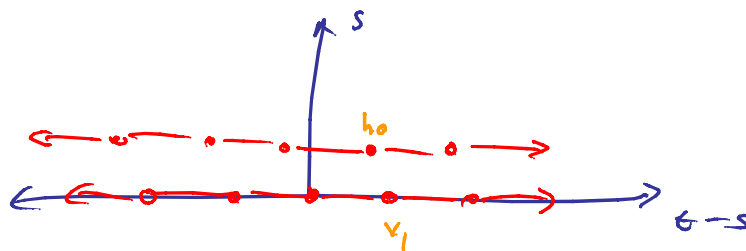
$$\text{so } \text{Ext}_{S(m)}(\mathbb{F}_p) = E[h_{1,0}]$$

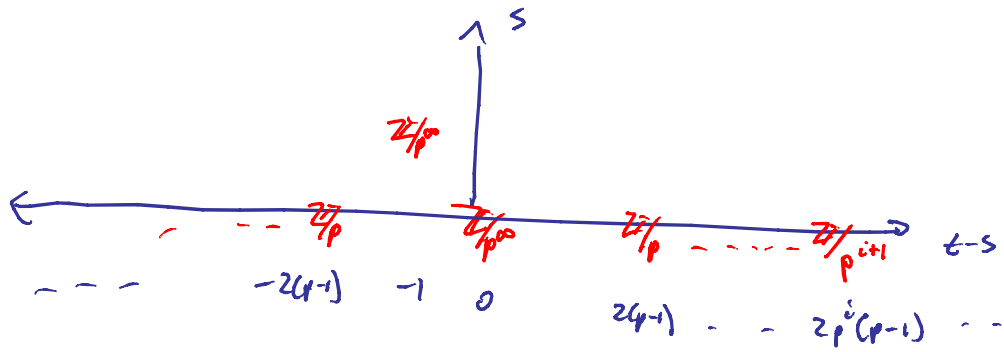
$$\Rightarrow \text{Ext}_{BR_p, BP}(\mathbb{B}R_p, \mathbb{B}R_p / \mathbb{F}_p [v_i^{-1}]) \cong \Lambda_{\mathbb{F}_p}[h_0] \otimes \mathbb{F}_p [v_i, v_i^{-1}]$$

$$(s, \epsilon) \\ |v_i| = (0, 2(p-1))$$

$$|h_0| = (1, 2(p-1))$$

Picker





$$\text{Ext}_{BRDP}^{s,t} \left(\frac{BP_p}{p^0} [v_i^{-1}] \right) \Rightarrow \text{Ext}_{BRDP}^{s,t} (M_i S)$$

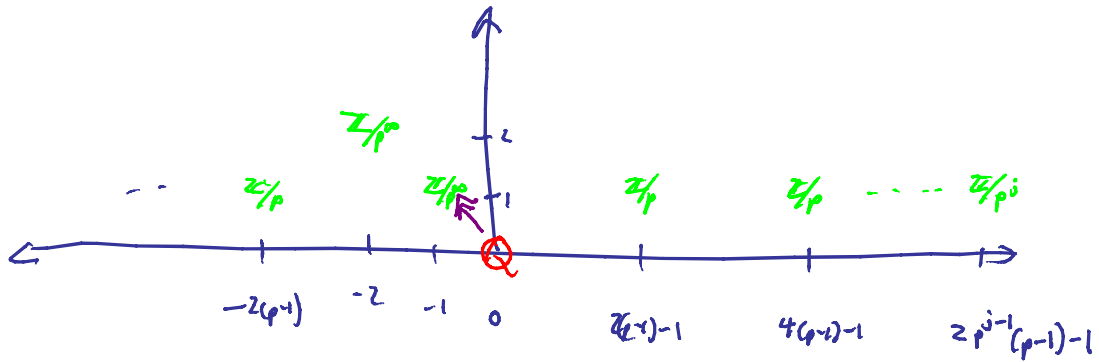
↑
collapses

$$\text{get } \pi_n M_i S = \begin{cases} z/p^i \{ \pi_{i/j} \} & n = 2^i(p-1) \\ & \nu_p(i) = j-1 \\ z/p^{00} & n = 0, -1 \\ 0 & 0/w \end{cases}$$

alg
 $M_0 S = S_{E(C_0)} = S_Q$
 Chromatic spectral sequence for $S_{E(C_1)}$:

$$\bigoplus_{n=0}^{\infty} \text{Ext}_{BRDP}^{s,t} (M_n BP_p) \Rightarrow \text{Ext}_{BRDP}^{s+n,t} (\pi_n BP_{E(C_1)})$$

↓
 $\pi_n S_{E(C_1)}$



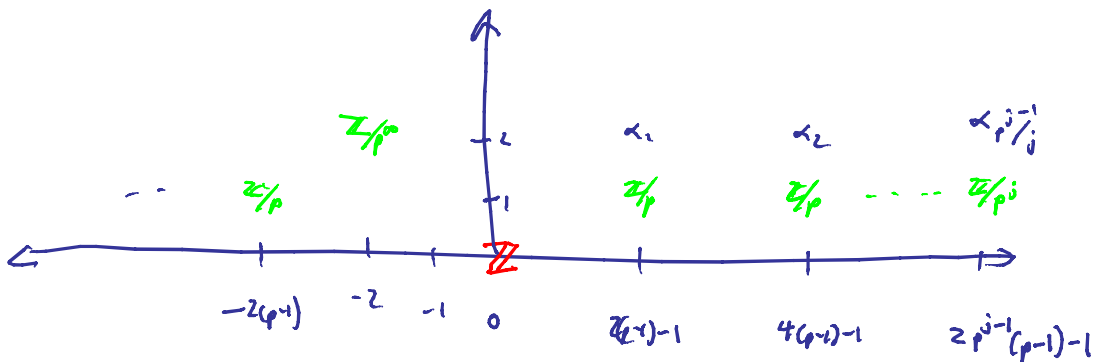
Diff d_i in CSS

$$BP_2 \longrightarrow (BP_1)_Q \longrightarrow (BP_2)_{/p^\infty}$$

get

$$Ext^3(BP_1)_Q \longrightarrow Ext^3(BP_2)_{/p^\infty} \longrightarrow Ext^3(BP_2)_{/p^\infty}^{(i)}$$

$$\frac{1}{p^i} \longrightarrow \frac{1}{p^i}$$



\mathbb{Z} and \mathbb{Z}_i $i \geq 0$ project to $\pi_0 S$;

2 constructions of $d_{i,j}$:

(1) $\text{Thm } \sum_{\mathbb{Z}_p^{j-1}(p-1)} M(p^j) \xrightarrow{\nu_1^{p^{j-1}}} M(p^j)$

$$S \xrightarrow{\mathbb{Z}_p^{j-1}(p-1)} \sum_{\mathbb{Z}_p^{j-1}(p-1)} M(p^j) \xrightarrow{\nu_1^{p^{j-1}}} \Sigma^{-1} M(p^j) \rightarrow S^0$$

$$d_{sp^{j-1}/j}$$

"greek letter construction"

(2) J hom

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & \xrightarrow{J} & QS^0 \\ & \nearrow & \pi_{2i(p-1)} S \rightarrow \pi_{2i(p-1)} \Sigma(\mathbb{Z}) \\ & & \parallel \\ \pi_{2i(p-1)}^0 = \mathbb{Z} & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \mathbb{Z}/p^j \{d_{i/j}\} \end{array}$$

$$j = \nu_p(i) + 1$$

prose $d_{i/j}$ comes from $\pi_4 S$

To explain (2), we digress to talk about $S_{K,1}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 M_1 S & \xlongequal{\quad} & M_1 S \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 S_{E(u)} & \longrightarrow & S_{K(u)} \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 S_{\mathbb{Q}} & \longrightarrow & S_{K(u), \mathbb{Q}}
 \end{array}$$

Morava Change of vars, $K(u)$ -local version

$$F_n = \text{local to } u \text{ level } \mathbb{Z}_p / \mathbb{F}_p^n$$

$$[p]_{F_n} = x^{p^n}$$

$$\text{Aut}(F_n) = S_n \supset S_n^{\text{split}} = \text{Aut}^{\text{split}}(F_n)$$

↑ all, including non-split

$$G_n = S_n \rtimes \text{Gal}(\mathbb{F}_p^n / \mathbb{F}_p)$$

$$W(\mathbb{F}_p) \subset K$$

$$| \quad |$$

$$\mathbb{Z}_p \subset \mathbb{Q}$$

$$E_n = \text{Ludwick exact cob. thy}$$

$$\pi_n E_n = W(\mathbb{F}_p^n) [u_1, \dots, u_{n-1}] [u^{\pm}] \quad (|u_i| = 0)$$

$$|u| = 2$$

$$\tilde{F}_n = F_{E_n}$$

$$[p]_{\tilde{F}_n}(x) = p x + \frac{1}{F_n} u^{p-1} u_1 x^p + \frac{1}{F_n} \dots + \frac{1}{F_n} u^{p^{n-1}-1} u_{n-1} x^{p^{n-1}} + \frac{1}{F_n} u^{p^n-1} x^{p^n}$$

"definition of F_n "

$$\tilde{F}_n \Big|_{\text{mod} (p, u_1, \dots, u_{n-1}, u-1)} = F_n$$

$G_n \hookrightarrow \pi_0 E_n$ " \tilde{F}_n is a universal definition of F_n "

Thm! Grothendieck-Hopkins-Miller

$$G_n \hookrightarrow E_n \quad E_{\infty}\text{-mg maps}$$

↑
 E_{∞}

$$H_c^i(G_n, \pi_0 E_n) \stackrel{\text{Morava}}{\cong} \text{Ext}_{\text{BP}\langle \text{BP} \rangle}^i(\text{BP}\langle \mathbb{I}_n \rangle, \mathbb{I}_n)$$



$$\pi_0 E_n \xrightarrow{h_{G_n}} \pi_0 S_{K(n)} \cong \pi_0 S_{K(n)}$$

Per. Hopf

"continues lattice of fixed points"

Ex. $n=1$

$$E_1 = K_p^{\wedge}$$

$$F_1 = \hat{G}_m / \mathbb{F}_p$$

$$\mathcal{G}_1 = G_1 = \mathbb{Z}_p^{\times} \subset K_p^{\wedge}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} G_m & \longrightarrow & G_m \\ x & \longmapsto & x^k \end{array}$$

$$[k]: K_p^{\wedge} \xrightarrow{\psi^k} K_p^{\wedge}$$

$$\hat{G}_m \xrightarrow{[k]} \hat{G}_m$$

if $p \nmid k$

Adms. spectra

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \pi_{2n} K_p & \longrightarrow & \pi_{2n} K_p \\ \parallel & \cdot k^2 & \parallel \\ \mathbb{Z}_p & \longrightarrow & \mathbb{Z}_p \end{array}$$

p odd $\Rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_p^{\times}$ triid cycle

Thm: $\langle [k] \rangle = \mathbb{Z}_p^{\times}$ fib. action

$$\mathcal{J} = K_p \xrightarrow{h_{\mathbb{Z}_p^{\times}}} K_p \xrightarrow{\psi^{k-1}} K_p$$

\parallel
S(KC1)

"J spectrum"

Adams Coj: C_{∞} version

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 BU[\mathbb{Z}] & \xrightarrow{\psi^{k-1}} & BU[\mathbb{Z}] & \xrightarrow{\quad} & BQS^0[\mathbb{Z}] \\
 & & & & \uparrow \\
 & & & & \text{null}
 \end{array}$$

$$\Omega^{\infty} K = BU \times \mathbb{Z}$$

J-diagram:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 U_p & \longrightarrow & \Omega^{\infty} J & \longrightarrow & (BU \times \mathbb{Z})_p & \xrightarrow{\psi^{k-1}} & BU_p \\
 \searrow J & & \downarrow \text{dashed} & & \downarrow \text{Adams coj} & & \parallel \\
 & & QS_p^0 & \longrightarrow & QS_p^0 / U_p & \longrightarrow & BU_p \xrightarrow{J} BQS_p^0 \\
 & & & & \uparrow \text{dashed} & & \\
 & & & & \text{fiber} & &
 \end{array}$$