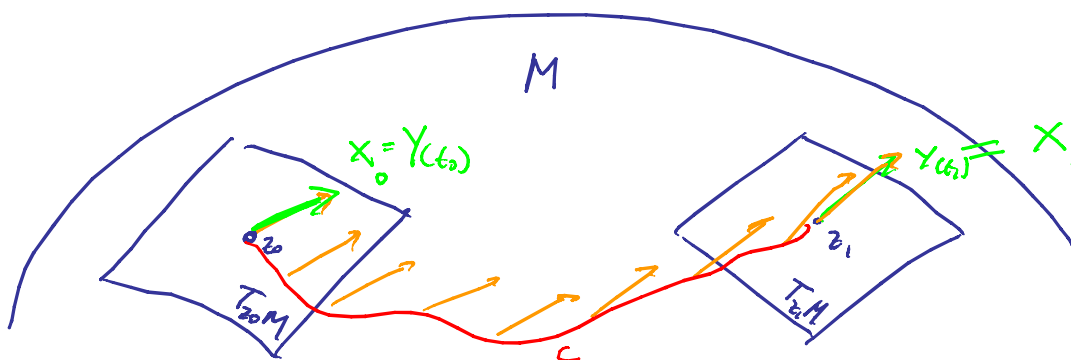


15 Parallel displacement + geodesics

Note Title

10/29/2009

$$M \hookrightarrow \mathbb{R}^{n+1}, \quad \nabla$$



Given a curve $c: [t_0, t_1] \rightarrow M$

$$c(t_i) = z_i$$

get Map

$$P_c: T_{z_0}M \longrightarrow T_{z_1}M$$

$$X_0 \longmapsto X_1$$

Q! does this map depend on curve?

Q! does this map exist, is it well defined?

Thm Given $X_0 \in T_{z_0} M$

$$c: [t_0, t_1] \rightarrow M \quad \text{curve}$$

$$c(t_i) = z_i$$

$\exists!$ parallel vector field $Y(t)$ along c

$$\text{s.t. } Y(t_0) = X_0$$

$$\left(\text{Define } P_c X_0 = Y(t_1) \right)$$

(Pf)

Write

$$c \text{ in local coordinates}$$

$$c = (u_1(t), \dots, u_n(t))$$

$$\dot{c} = \sum \frac{du_i}{dt} \frac{\partial}{\partial u_i}$$

$$\sigma = \nabla_{\dot{c}} Y = \sum_{i,k} \frac{du_i}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial Y^k}{\partial u_i} + \sum_j Y^j(t) \Gamma_{ij}^k(c(t)) \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial u_k}$$

$$= \sum_k \left(\frac{dY^k}{dt} + \sum_{ij} \frac{du_i}{dt} Y^j(t) \Gamma_{ij}^k \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial u_k}$$

$$\text{i.e.,} \quad \frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{bmatrix} = \left[\sum_i \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial t} \Gamma_{ij}^k \right]_{k,j} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} Y(t) = A(t) Y(t)$$

Linear O.D.E

\Rightarrow has a solution.
