

### 3 - Fiber and cofiber sequences, smash and function

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$\Omega, \Sigma$  two ways

$$(1) \quad \sum_i X = X \wedge S^1$$

$$(2) \quad \Omega X = X^{S^1}$$

$$X[-] := (\overset{\circ}{X_1}, \overset{\circ}{X_2}, \dots)$$

$$X[-] := (*, \underline{X}_0, \underline{X}_1, \dots)$$

(At least  
if  $X$  is cw)

then <sup>weak</sup> are  $n$  maps  
 $\pi_n^S$  is

$$\sum_i X \xrightarrow{\sim} X[-]$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \Sigma_i \Sigma_i X_0 & \rightarrow & \Sigma_i X_{i+1} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \Sigma_i \Omega_{i+1} & \rightarrow & \Sigma_{i+2} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \longrightarrow & X[-][1] \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \sim \\ \Omega \Sigma X & \xrightarrow{\sim} & \Omega X[1] \end{array} \quad \text{connected}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X[-][1] & \xrightarrow{\sim} & X \\ \nearrow & & \searrow \\ X & & \end{array} \quad \text{Warning:}\\ \text{Dots not connected}$$

$$\text{So: } [x, y]^S \equiv [\Sigma_i x, \Sigma_i y]^S = [\Omega x, \Omega y]^S$$

$$\text{Similarly } \Sigma \Omega X \rightarrow X \quad \text{is } \simeq \text{ st. equiv.}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} SW & \longrightarrow & SHC \\ & & \curvearrowleft \text{already know about functor} \\ & & \text{Coh. thys} \\ (X_n) & \longrightarrow & (X_n) \end{array}$$

$$\left[ (X_n), (Y_m) \right]_{Sp} = \left[ \Sigma^n X, \Sigma^m Y \right]_{i=\min(n,m)}$$

$$\Rightarrow SW((x, \gamma), (\gamma, \eta)) \rightarrow \varinjlim_i [\Sigma^i(x, \gamma), \Sigma^i(\gamma, \eta)]_{Sp}$$

↓

$$[(x, \gamma), (\gamma, \eta)]^* = \varinjlim_i [\Sigma^i(x, \gamma), \Sigma^i(\gamma, \eta)]^*$$

Prop:

$$[x, y]^* = [\tilde{x}, \omega y]_{Sp}$$

(P)

$$[\tilde{\omega}x, \tilde{\omega}y]_{Sp} \stackrel{=}{\rightarrow} [\tilde{\omega}x, \omega y]_{Sp}$$

↑ =

$$[\tilde{x}, \omega y]_{Sp}$$

Exercise

$f: X \rightarrow Y$   
 low dimensional case  
 $\exists = CW$  spaces

$$\left. \begin{array}{c} f: X \rightarrow Y \\ \text{low dimensional case} \\ \exists = CW \text{ spaces} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow f_*: [z, X]_{Sp} \rightarrow [z, Y]_{Sp}$$

is an isom.

$$( \text{and } [(\tilde{s}^n, i), X]_{Sp} = \pi_n(X_i) )$$

$f: X \rightarrow Y$  stable equiv  
 between CW spectra }  $\Rightarrow f: [Y, Z]_{sp} \rightarrow [X, Z]_{sp}$   
 $Z \in \Omega\text{-Spans}$        $[X, Z]_{sp}$        $\text{as in } \tilde{w}$   
Exercise  
 show  $X \rightarrow \omega X$  preserves this

Q) is  $X[-1] \rightarrow \Omega X$  natural?

$\tilde{E}^*$  a coh thy w/ spectra  $E$   
Colovery  
 $H_0(\text{Top}_k) \xrightarrow{\tilde{E}^*} Gr(\text{Ab})$   
 $\downarrow SW$        $\dashrightarrow E^*$   
 $\downarrow SHC$        $\dashrightarrow E^*$   
 $E^*(X) = [X, \Sigma^* E]^c$   
 Rank's Sp enriched in ab gps

[ Exercise: this extends  $\tilde{E}^*$  ]  
 [ Exercise: like square ]

$SHC \xrightarrow{c} (\text{coh.thy}; (Sp))$

$\Rightarrow$  Nat trans in  $SHC$   $X[-1] \rightarrow \Omega X$   
 $\bar{X} = X$

$SHC$  enriched in  $\text{Ab} \Rightarrow$

Cor. finite wedge = finite product

[ Exercise:  $C$  enriched in  $\text{Ab} \Rightarrow$  finite coproducts  
 = finite products ]

$\int S^{-i} \Sigma^\infty K, E)$

$\Sigma^\infty$ :  $H_0(T_{\text{top}}) \xrightarrow{\sim} S^1 \wedge \Omega^\infty$        $(\Sigma^{-i} \Sigma^\infty K, E)$   
 $\pi_i$ :  
 $(\text{Spectra}_{\infty\text{-loop spaces}})$   
 $\pi_i = [\Sigma^{-i} K, E]$   
 $\text{Spectra}$   
 $\text{Spectra}$   
 From now on  $[-, -] = [-, -]^S$ ,  $\pi_* = \pi_*^S$   
 $X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow Cf \Rightarrow \text{Puppe sum}$   
 $F_f \rightarrow X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow \text{LES}$   
 $F(f) \rightarrow X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow \Sigma F(H)$   
 $\downarrow$        $\parallel$        $\downarrow$   
 $S^1 \wedge C(H) \rightarrow X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow Cf$   
 i.e.

Function spectrum       $X, Y \in Sp \rightsquigarrow F(X, Y) \in Sp$

Defining property:

$$[\Sigma^i \Sigma^\infty K, F(X, Y)] = [\Sigma^i X \wedge K, Y]$$

check this is coh  
fly.

Reinterpret it  $\hookrightarrow$  a spectrum.

Note:  $\pi_i F(X, Y) = [\Sigma^i S, F(X, Y)] = [\Sigma^i X, Y]$

Point set models

$$[(k, i), F(X, Y)] = [k, \underline{F(X, Y)}_i]$$

$$[\Sigma^i X \wedge K, Y]$$

choose  $Y = S^2$  space

$$[\Sigma^i X \wedge K, Y]$$

$$[X \wedge K, \Sigma^i Y]$$

$$\pi_0 \underline{\text{Map}}(x, y) = [x, y]$$

Exercise

$$\pi_0 \underline{\text{Map}}(x, y) = [\Sigma^i x, y]$$

then  $y = \sigma_2$  such  
 $x = cw$  such.

$$\underline{\text{Map}}(x, y) \hookrightarrow \prod \underline{\text{Map}}_*(x_i, y_i)$$

$$\Sigma \underline{\text{Map}}(x, y)$$

$$\underline{\text{Map}}(x, \Sigma \tau)$$

$$\underline{\text{Map}}(x, y) \simeq \Sigma \underline{\text{Map}}(x[-1], y) \simeq \Sigma \underline{\text{Map}}(x[-2], y) \dots \simeq \underline{\text{Map}}(\varepsilon x, y)$$

Define  $\underline{F}(x, y)_i = \underline{\text{Map}}(x[-i], y)$  This makes  $\underline{F}(x, -)$  a functor

Smash Product:

$$\text{Defining property } [X \wedge Y, Z] \cong [x, F(Y, Z)]$$

( $X \wedge Y$  unique if it exists)

$$\text{Intuition } (k, i) \wedge (l, j) = (k \wedge l, i+j)$$

$$\text{More generally } \underline{X \wedge Y}_i = \underline{\bigwedge}_{i_1, i_2} X_{i_1} \wedge Y_{i_2} \quad i_1 + i_2 = i$$

$$\sum_i \underline{X_i \wedge Y}_{i_1, i_2} \xrightarrow{?} \underline{\bigwedge}_{i_1, i_2} X_{i_1} \wedge Y_{i_2}$$

$$+ ?$$

$$X_{i_1, i_2} \wedge Y_{i_2}$$

Def: (Boundary)  $n(i), m(i)$  functions of  $i$

$$n(i) + m(i) = i$$

- injective

- $n(i) \rightarrow \infty$

$$m(i) \rightarrow \infty$$

$$D \subset X \wedge V \quad \cup \quad , \quad , \quad , \quad \dots$$

Define  $X^Y_i = X_{n(i)} \wedge Y_{m(i)}$  w/ evident structure maps

$$\lim [X^Y, Z] = [X, F(Y, Z)]$$

$[X^Y, Z] = [X, F(Y, Z)]$  "two different spectrum structures on  $Y$ "  $\gamma \neq \bar{\gamma}$   
 $\sigma \quad \bar{\sigma}$

$$\sigma(s, \sigma(t, \gamma)) = \sigma(t, \bar{\sigma}(s, \gamma))$$

$$Y \simeq \bar{Y}$$

Idea:

$$X_i \rightarrow \underline{\text{Map}}(Y[-i], Z) \xrightarrow{\bar{\sigma} \bar{\gamma}} \prod_j \underline{\text{Map}}_*(Y_{j-i}, Z_i)$$

$$x \mapsto \sum_i f_i(x).$$

$$\text{Note } f(\sigma(s, \gamma)) = \sigma(t, f(\gamma))$$

$$\underline{\text{Sectr strcture}} \quad \sigma(t, f)(\gamma) = f(\bar{\sigma}(t, \gamma))$$

$$\text{So } f(\sigma(s, \gamma))(\gamma) = f(s)(\bar{\sigma}(t, \gamma))$$

$$\text{and } f(x)(\sigma(s, \gamma)) = \sigma(t, f(x)(\gamma))$$

$$(x, \gamma) \mapsto f(x, \gamma)$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(\sigma(t, x), \bar{\gamma}) &= f(x, \bar{\sigma}(t, \bar{\gamma})) \\ &= f(x, \bar{\sigma}(t, \gamma)) \\ &= \sigma(t, f(x, \gamma)) \end{aligned}$$

$Y$  a bimodule

$X \wedge Y$

$$\bigvee_{i+j=k} X_i \wedge Y_j / \sim \quad (\sigma(x), y) = (x, \bar{\sigma}(y))$$

$$\sigma(x, y) = (x, \sigma(y))$$

Exercise: handcraft models some Spectra ---

Argue there is a weak map

$$- \wedge - \xrightarrow{\text{handcraft}} - \wedge -$$

Exercise  $\rightarrow$  descends to symmetric monoidal structure on Spectra. (use diff handcrafts)

Exercise  $\rightarrow$   $- \wedge -$ ,  $F(-, -)$  commute w/ cofiber sequences.

Note:  $[X \wedge \Sigma^\infty K, Y] = [\Sigma^\infty K, F(X, Y)] = [X \wedge K, Y]$

$$\Rightarrow X \wedge \Sigma^\infty K \simeq X \wedge K$$

$$X \wedge S \simeq X$$

$$F(S, X) \simeq X$$