

## Tutorial Worksheet 2

Show all your work.

1. Let  $\ell$  be the intersection of the planes given by equations  $2x - 4y + z = 0$  and  $3x - y - 2z + 9 = 0$ . Find an equation for  $\ell$  in the form  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \mathbf{r}_0 + t\mathbf{v}$ .

2. A point moves in space in such a way that at time  $t$  its position is given by the vector-valued function  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t^2 + t + 1, -\frac{7}{2}t, -t + 4 \rangle$ . At what time(s) does the point hit the plane  $x + 2y + z = -5$ ?

3. Determine the *speed* at  $t = 2$  of an object whose position function is  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t^2 + 1, t^3, t^2 - 1 \rangle$ .

4. Find an equation of the plane perpendicular to the line  $x = 2016, y = 1 - 7t, z = 89 + 8t$  passing through the point  $(1, 1, 1)$ .

5. The initial position and velocity of an object moving with acceleration  $\mathbf{a} = \mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 6t\mathbf{k}$  are  $\mathbf{r}(0) = \mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$  and  $\mathbf{v}(0) = \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ . Find its position at time  $t$ .

6. Find the distance from the point  $(2, -2, 3)$  to the plane  $6x + 4y - 3z = 2$ .

7. Find the acute angle of the intersection of the two curves  $\mathbf{a}(u) = \langle 1 - u, u + 2, -3u \rangle$  and  $\mathbf{b}(v) = \langle v, 2v, v^2 - v \rangle$ .