# Math 40520 Theory of Number Homework 2 

Due Wednesday, in class, 9/14

## Do 5.

1. Exercise 2.4 in the textbook.
2. Exercise 2.5 in the textbook.
3. Solve explicitly the equation $2 x+3 y+5 z=7$ in the integers. [Hint: You know how to solve $2 x+3 y=N$ for all $N$.]
4. Show that the equation

$$
x^{2}+y^{2}+z^{2}=20152015
$$

has no integral solutions. [Hint: Try congruences modulo powers of 2.]
5. Show that the equation $7 x^{2}-y^{2}=2^{z}$ has no non-negative integer solutions. [The negatives are easy: $z$ has to be non-negative, or else the LHS is not integral.]
6. Show that the equation $x^{2}-x y+y^{2}=2021$ has no integer solutions. [A slightly harder alternative: show that the equation $x^{2}-x y+y^{2}=2022$ has no integer solutions.]
7. Write $\frac{1}{7}$ as a decimal in base 5 .
8. Consider the Lucas sequence ( $L_{n}$ ) defined using the same recurrence as the Fibonacci sequence $L_{n+2}=$ $L_{n+1}+L_{n}$, but with initial terms $L_{0}=2, L_{1}=1$. How many digits does the 1000000 th Lucas number have when written in base 7 ?

