Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date

## Math 10250 Activity 18: The Product and Quotient Rules (Sec. 3.6)

GOAL: To learn how to compute the derivatives of a product and a quitient of two functions.

► The Product Rule:  $\frac{d}{dx}[f(x) \cdot g(x)] = \frac{d}{dx}[g(x) \cdot f(x)].$ Example 1 Use the product rule to find the derivatives:  $(a) \frac{d}{dx}[x^{2}(3x^{3} - x)]$   $(b) \frac{d}{dx}[e^{-2x} \ln x]$   $(c) \frac{d}{dx}[e^{-2x} \ln x]$   $= 1 \text{ In general, } \frac{d}{dx}\left[\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}\right] \neq \frac{d}{dx}\left[\frac{g(x)}{f(x)}\right].$ 

**Example 2** Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of  $y = \frac{x}{x^2 + 1}$  at the point x = 2.

**Example 3** Use the appropriate differentiation rule you learned so far to find the derivatives below. Some algebra may be helpful.

(a) 
$$\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{x^2 + x - 3}{100} \right)$$
  
(b)  $\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{x + e^x}{e^x} \right)$   
(c)  $\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{\ln x}{x^2} \right)$   
(d)  $\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{x^2 + x - 3}{x^{10}} \right)$ 

**Example 4** Suppose the demand for a certain product is given by q = f(p), where p is the price per unit and q is the number sold. The revenue is given by R = pq.

(a) If f(300) = 20,000 and f'(300) = -30, find dR/dp when p = 300.

(b) If the product is currently selling for \$300 per unit, should the company increase or decrease the price in order to raise the revenue?

**Example 5** For what x does the graph  $y = xe^x$  have slope zero?

Ans: x = -1

**Example 6** Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of  $y = \frac{1 - \ln x}{1 + \ln x}$  at x = 1. Ans: y = -2x + 3

**Example 7** Let p(x) = f(x)g(x) and  $q(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ . Using the graph of f(x) and g(x) find (a) p'(a)



(b) q'(a)

