

**Math 10250 Activity 25: Sketching Graphs (Section 4.3)**

**GOAL:** To apply techniques in algebra and calculus to obtain a detail sketch a graph of a given function.

**Example 1** Sketch the graph of  $f(x) = xe^{-x^2/2}$  by completing the steps below.

- a. Find all  $x$ -intercepts and  $y$ -intercept of the graph of  $f(x)$  whenever possible.
  
- b. Find coordinates of all critical points, vertical asymptotes, and places where  $f(x)$  are undefined.
  
- c. Determine where  $f(x)$  is increasing and where it is decreasing.
  
- d. Determine the concavity and coordinates of inflection points of  $f(x)$ .  $(f''(x) = (x^3 - 3x)e^{-x^2/2})$
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- e. Find all asymptotes and limit at infinity whenever applicable. Check for any symmetry.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- f. Sketch the graph below labeling all important features. Your picture should be large and clear.

**Example 2** Sketch the graph of  $g(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 - 4}$  by completing the steps below.

- a. Find all  $x$ -intercepts and  $y$ -intercept of the graph of  $g(x)$  whenever possible.
  
- b. Find coordinates of all critical points, vertical asymptotes, and places where  $g(x)$  are undefined.
  
- c. Determine where  $g(x)$  is increasing and where it is decreasing.
  
- d. Determine the concavity and coordinates of inflection points of  $g(x)$ .  $\left( g''(x) = \frac{(24 + 2x^2)x}{(x^2 - 4)^3} = \frac{24 + 2x^2}{(x^2 - 4)^2} \cdot \frac{x}{x^2 - 4} \right)$
  
- e. Find all asymptotes and limit at infinity whenever applicable. Check for any symmetry.
  
- f. Sketch the graph below labeling all important features. Your picture should be large and clear.