

HW5

$$\textcircled{1} \quad C(x, y, t) = \frac{M}{4\pi (D_x D_y)^{1/2} t/R} e^{-\frac{(x - \frac{u t}{R})^2}{4 D_x t/R} - \frac{y^2}{4 D_y t/R}}$$

where $M = 12 \text{ kg}$

$$u = \frac{15}{0.35} = 42.86 \text{ m/day}$$

$$D_x = \alpha_L |u| = (0.02) \left(\frac{15}{0.35} \right) = 0.8571 \text{ m}^2/\text{day} \text{ (neglecting } D_{mol})$$

$$D_y = \alpha_T |u| = (0.002) \left(\frac{15}{0.35} \right) = 0.08571 \text{ m}^2/\text{day} \text{ (" ")}$$

$R = 2$ or 4 depending

Now plot at $(x, y) = (5, 5), (40, 10), (100, 10), (1000, 20)$

$R = 2$ and 4 give the same results $\rightarrow$ just delayed for $R = 4$

See plots attached $\rightarrow$ note tiny concentrations in all cases because of well locations.

(2)

$$(i) C = \frac{C_0}{4} e^{\frac{x}{2\alpha_x} \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{u + 4y\alpha_x}{u}}\right)} \operatorname{erfc} \left(\frac{x - ut \sqrt{\frac{u + 4y\alpha_x}{u}}}{2\sqrt{\alpha_x t}} \right) \left[\operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{y + \frac{L}{2}}{2\sqrt{\alpha_y t}} \right) - \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{y - \frac{L}{2}}{2\sqrt{\alpha_y t}} \right) \right]$$

$$C_0 = 15 \text{ g/l}$$

$$u = \frac{2}{0.15} = 13.3 \text{ m/day}$$

$$\alpha_x = 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

$$\alpha_y = 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$

$$L = 5$$

Plug into formula above
and plot for

$$(x, y) = (10, 0), (10, -2), (10, 2)$$

Roughly $x = ut \Rightarrow 10 = 13.3t \Rightarrow t = 0.75 \text{ days}$
to reach
steady state

$$(ii) C = 15/100 \text{ g/l}$$

$$\therefore C = \frac{C_0}{4} e^{\frac{x}{2\alpha_x} \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{u + 4y\alpha_x}{u}}\right)} \quad (2) \quad (2)$$

$$\therefore \frac{15}{100} = \frac{15}{4} e^{\frac{10}{2 \times 10^{-3}} \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{13.3 + 4 \times 10^{-3}}{13.3}}\right)} \quad (4)$$

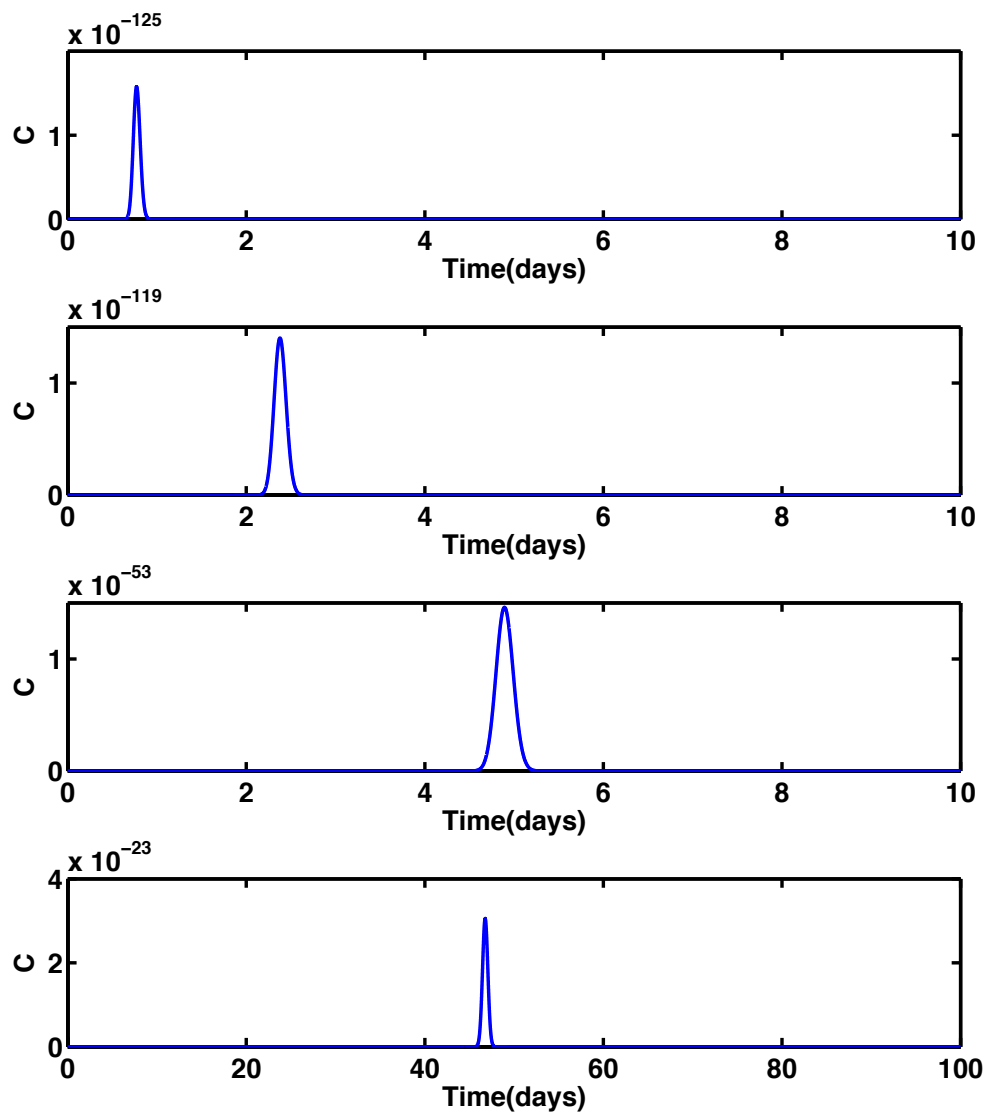
Solve for $y \Rightarrow y = 6.12 \text{ day}^{-1}$

~~$C = \frac{15}{4} e^{\frac{10}{2 \times 10^{-3}} \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{13.3 + 4 \times 10^{-3}}{13.3}}\right)}$~~

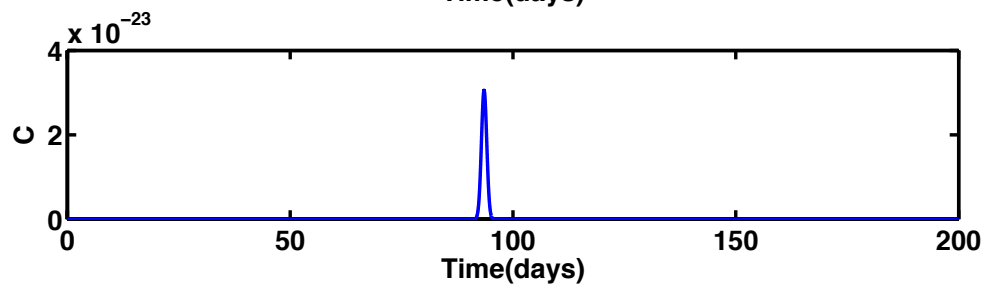
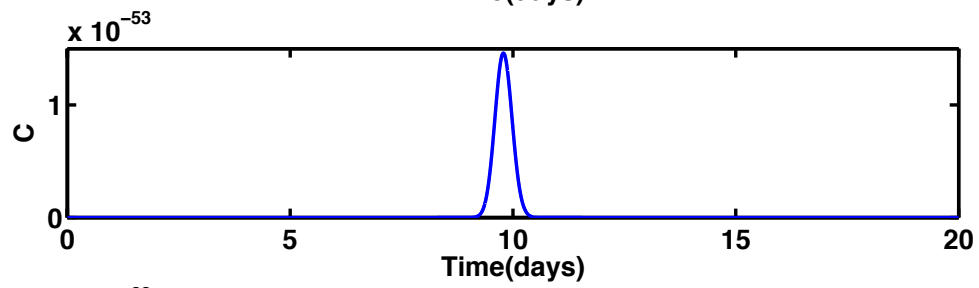
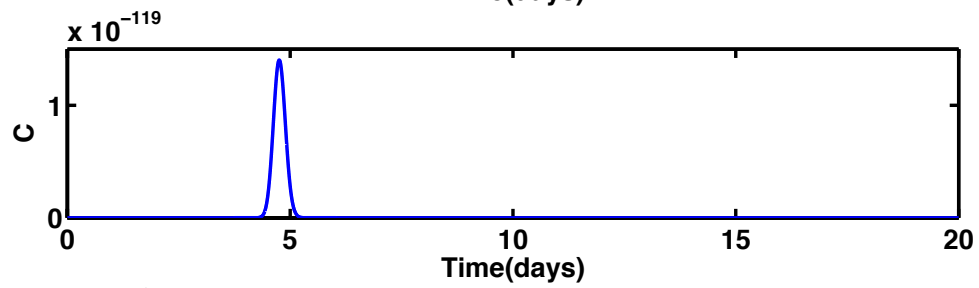
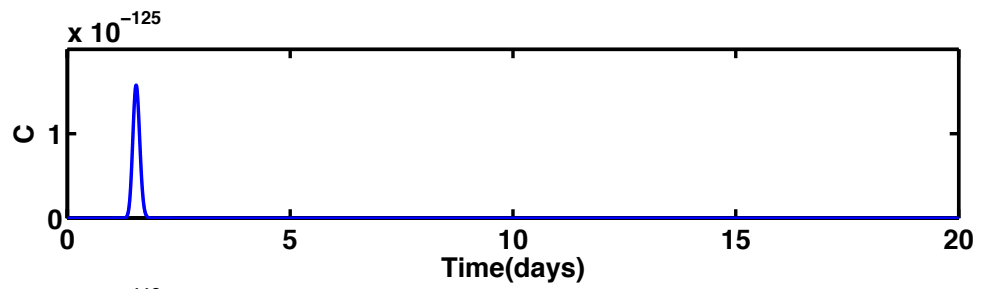
$$C(x,y) = \frac{15}{4} e^{\frac{x}{2\alpha x}} \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{u + u_0 x}{u}}\right) (2) \left[\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{y + \frac{1}{2}}{2\sqrt{\alpha_3 x}}\right) - \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{y - \frac{1}{2}}{2\sqrt{\alpha_3 x}}\right) \right]$$

Plug in derived values and go

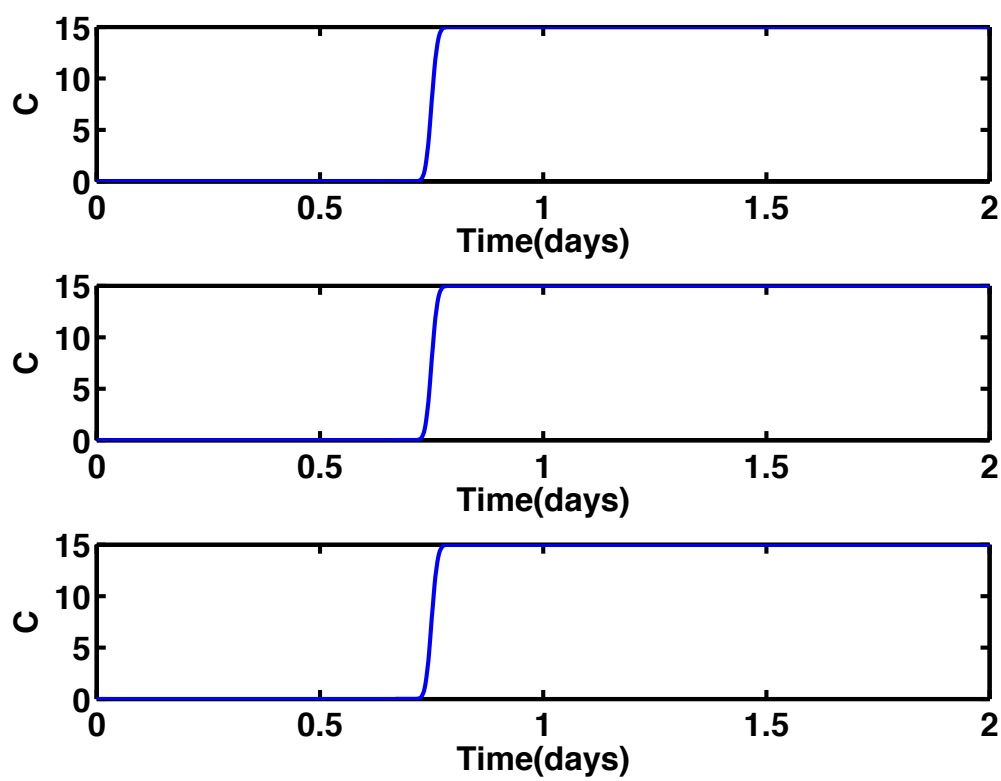
Problem 1 R=2



Problem 1 $R=4$ – notice same as $R=2$, just delayed (stretched x a-xis)



Problem 2



With $\gamma=6.12 \text{ day}^{-1}$

