#### **Lunar Resources**

Co-Leads: Ian Crawford (i.crawford@bbk.ac.uk), Mahesh Anand (m.anand@open.ac.uk)

I. Introduction and summary of topic from New Views I [Crawford, Anand; 500 words]

II. Resources of the Moon

### A. Materials and energy [Crawford, Cowley, others?; 1500 words]

 Update geological background (all elements are present on Moon, but concentrations vary widely [Crawford, Anand, Spudis?]
Power availability (photovoltaics, solar furnaces, night-time energy storage, nuclear power, fuel cells, etc) [Cowley; anyone else?]

### B. Lunar volatiles [<u>Anand</u> to coordinate with contributions from: Barber, Carpenter, Flahaut, Gaddis, Greenhagen, Gruener, Haruyama, Hurley, Sanders, Sefton-Nash, Spudis, Taylor, et al; 5000 words]

1. Importance of lunar volatiles as resources [Anand et al]

2. Polar (permanently shadowed) volatile deposits (water plus other volatiles and organics) [<u>Anand et al]</u>

3. Non-permanently shadowed volatiles (e.g. evidence of high-latitude hydrated regolith – is it a potential resource?) **[Barber ?]** 

- 4. Pyroclastic and other magmatic sources of volatiles [Gaddis, Anand]
- 5. Solar wind-implanted volatiles [Fa, Taylor?]

C. Oxygen from silicate materials [Morse, Sanders?, Sargeant, Taylor; 1200 words]

1. Summarize importance of extracting oxygen from silicate materials as a nonpolar alternative to utilizing lunar water

2. Summarize key oxygen production schemes (e.g. ilmenite reduction, magma electrolysis, etc), concentrating developments since NVM I.

# D. Metals and other common elements [Tartese, Morse, Sanders?, Taylor? Van Westrenen?; 1200 words]

1. Fe, Al, Ti as residuum from oxygen production processes [Morse, Sargeant, Sanders? Taylor?]

2. Metallic ores/deposits resulting from lunar magmatic processes (e.g. Cu could be especially useful as an electrical conductor) [Tartese]

3. Silicon (e.g as local source for photovoltaics) [Tartese? Sanders? Van Westrenen? ]

### E. Rare-Earth (and related) elements [McLeod; others TBD; 1200 words]

- 1. Assessment of REE enhancements in KREEP-rich areas
- 2. Assessment of lunar U and Th concentrations and applicability to *in situ* nuclear power generation
- F. Materials from asteroidal and meteoritic sources [Crawford, Anand; 500 words]
  - 1. Fe and siderophile elements from iron meteorites
  - 2. Carbon, Nitrogen, organics, and volatiles from carbonaceous meteorites
- G. Bulk regolith as a resource [Cowley, Greenhagen, Morse; 1200 words]
  - 1. Possible use for: berms, backfill, landing pads, roads, ceramics, radiation shielding
  - 2. Properties from a resource perspective (grain sizes, cohesiveness, trafficability)
  - 3. Processing bulk regolith (packing, microwave and solar thermal sintering, ceramic manufacture

# H. The lunar environment as a resource [Haruyama, Flahaut, , Greenhagen, Morse, Sefton-Nash; 1200 words]

- 1. Quasi-permanent sunlight (locations, durations, etc) [Flahaut?]
- 2. Permanent shadowed regions as a resource (e.g, stable, extreme cold)
- 3. Vacuum as a resource
- 4. Lava tubes and other natural shelters [Morse, Haruyama]

III. Lunar Resource Information Gathering Strategy [Neal, Anand, Barber, Crawford, Carpenter, Barber, Flahaut, Greenhagen, Gruener, Klaus, McLeod, Morse, Sefton-Nash, Spudis, et al; 1500 words]

A. Data in hand vs. data needs – know presence, but not the details. Knowledge gaps [Neal]

B. Orbital data – bistatic radar imaging, active neutron sensing, high-resolution near to mid-IR spectroscopy, high-resolution X-ray fluorescence spectroscopy **[Spudis, Neal, others]** 

C. Hard and crash landers/penetrators – point measurements [Barber, Morse]

D. Fixed station landers – point data, long-lived monitoring, drilling [Carpenter, Barber, Morse]

E. Rovers and hoppers - mobile platforms, instruments, transects and profiles

F. Synergies with human exploration [Crawford, Spudis, Klaus, others?]

G. Decision points – how much prospecting data is enough? [Neal, Spudis, others?]

### IV. International and legal context [Crawford, Barber, others?]