

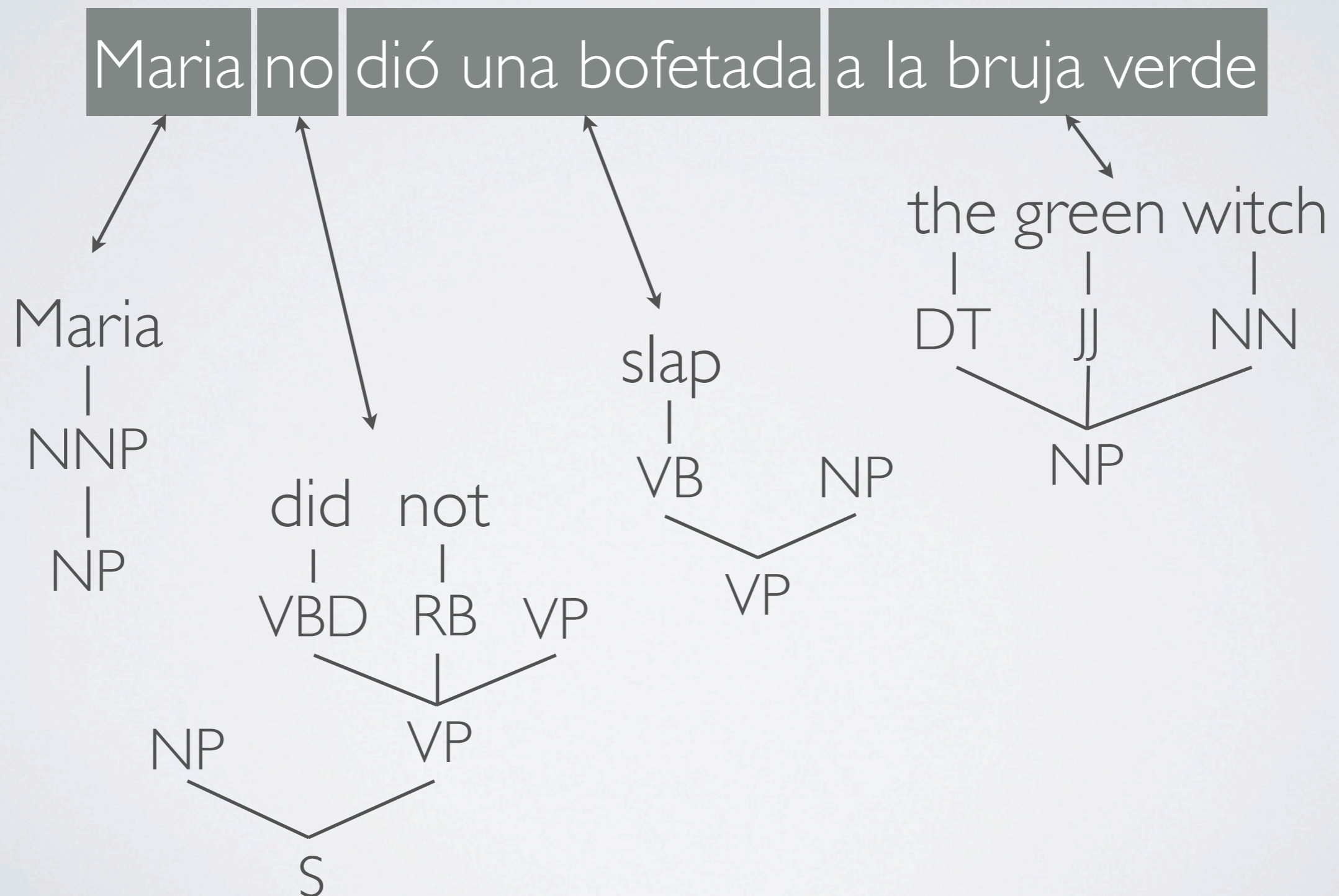
11,001

NEW FEATURES FOR STATISTICAL MACHINE TRANSLATION

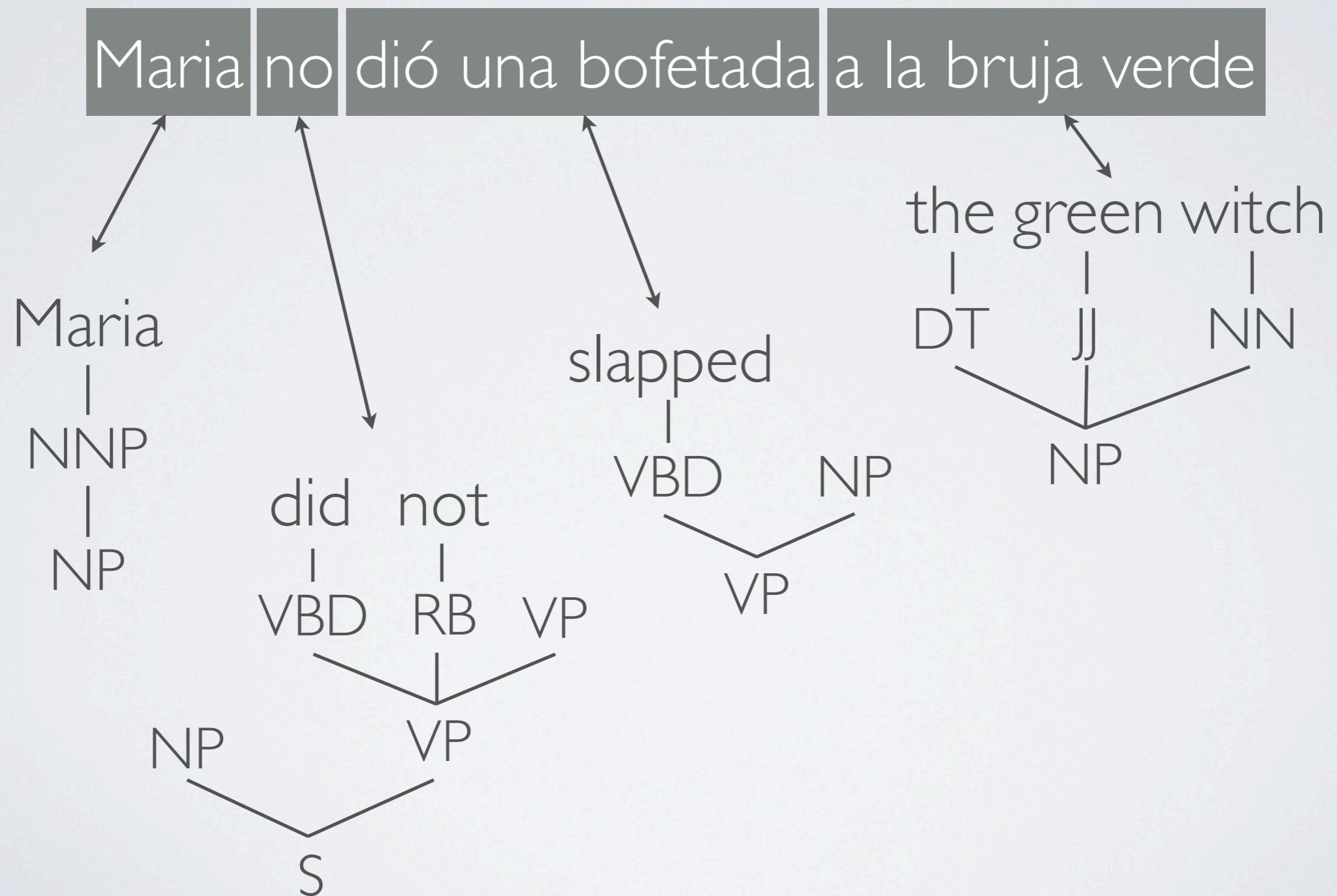
David Chiang
Kevin Knight
Wei Wang



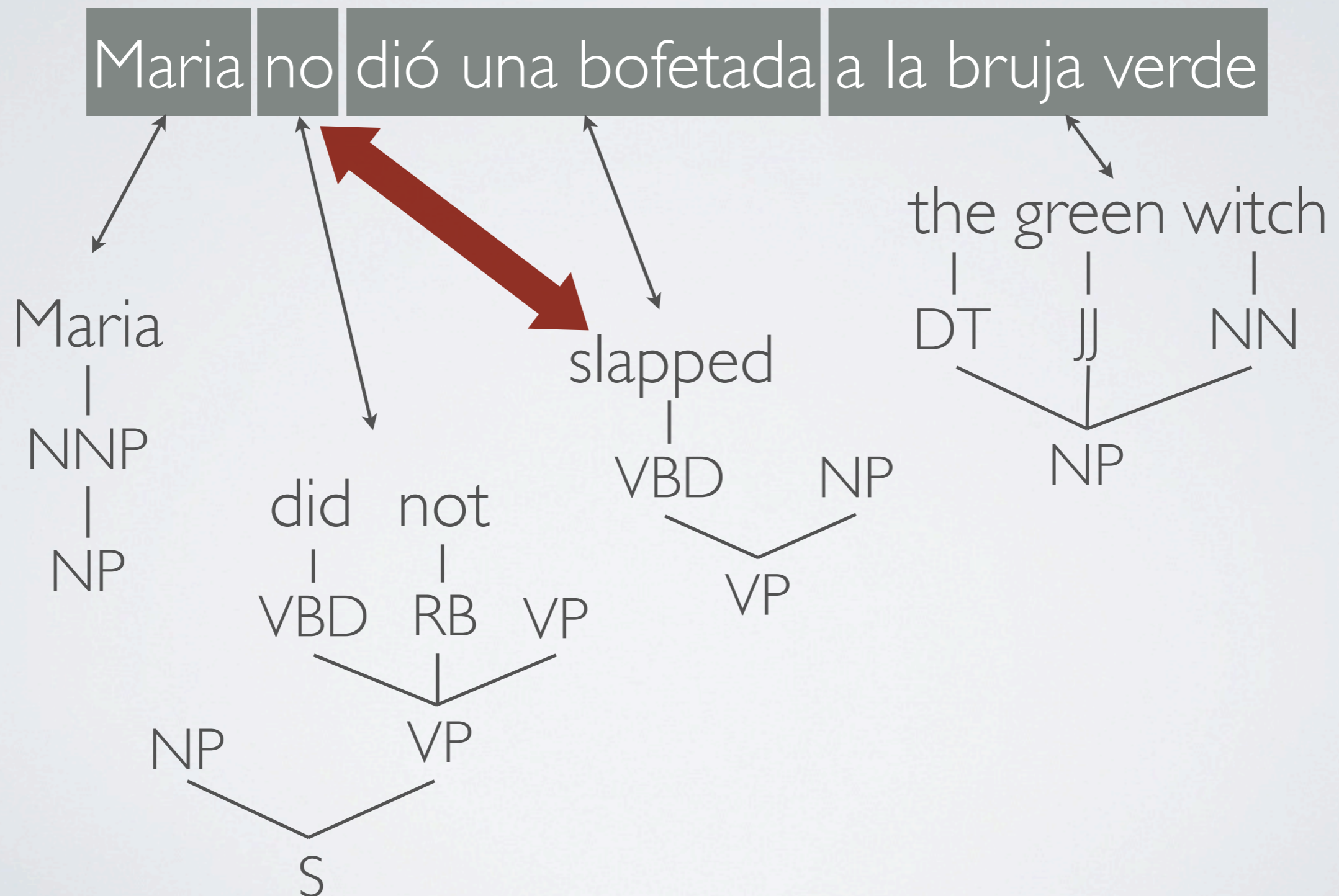
MOTIVATION



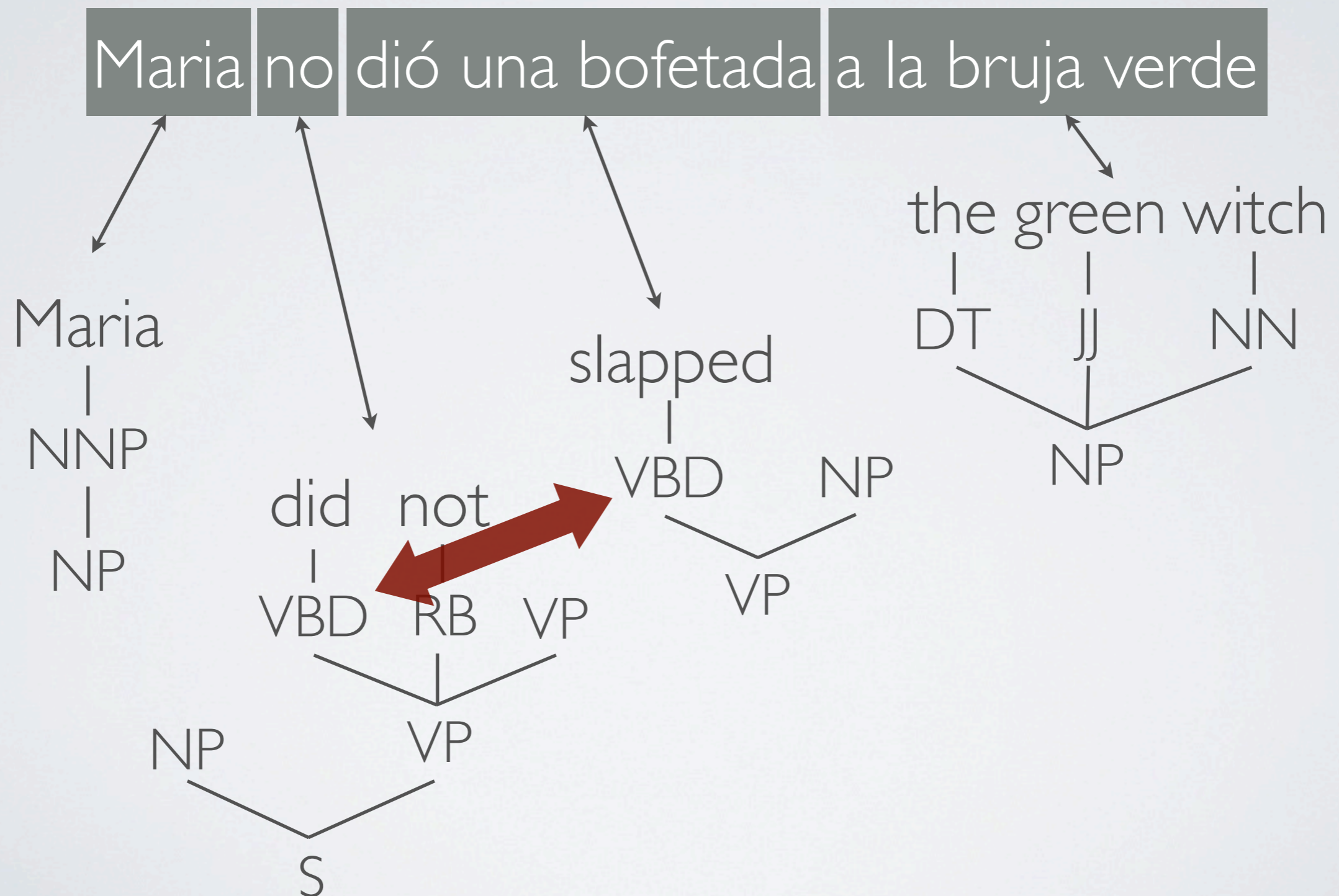
MOTIVATION



MOTIVATION



MOTIVATION



MOTIVATION

- Minimum error rate training (MERT) works for <30 features
- Margin infused relaxed algorithm (MIRA)
 - Online large-margin discriminative training
 - Scales better to large feature sets
 - Enables freer exploration of features

RESULTS

GALE 2008 Chinese-English data

System	Training	Features	BLEU
Hiero	MERT	11	36.1
	MIRA	10,990	37.6
Syntax	MERT	25	39.5
	MIRA	283	40.6

OVERVIEW

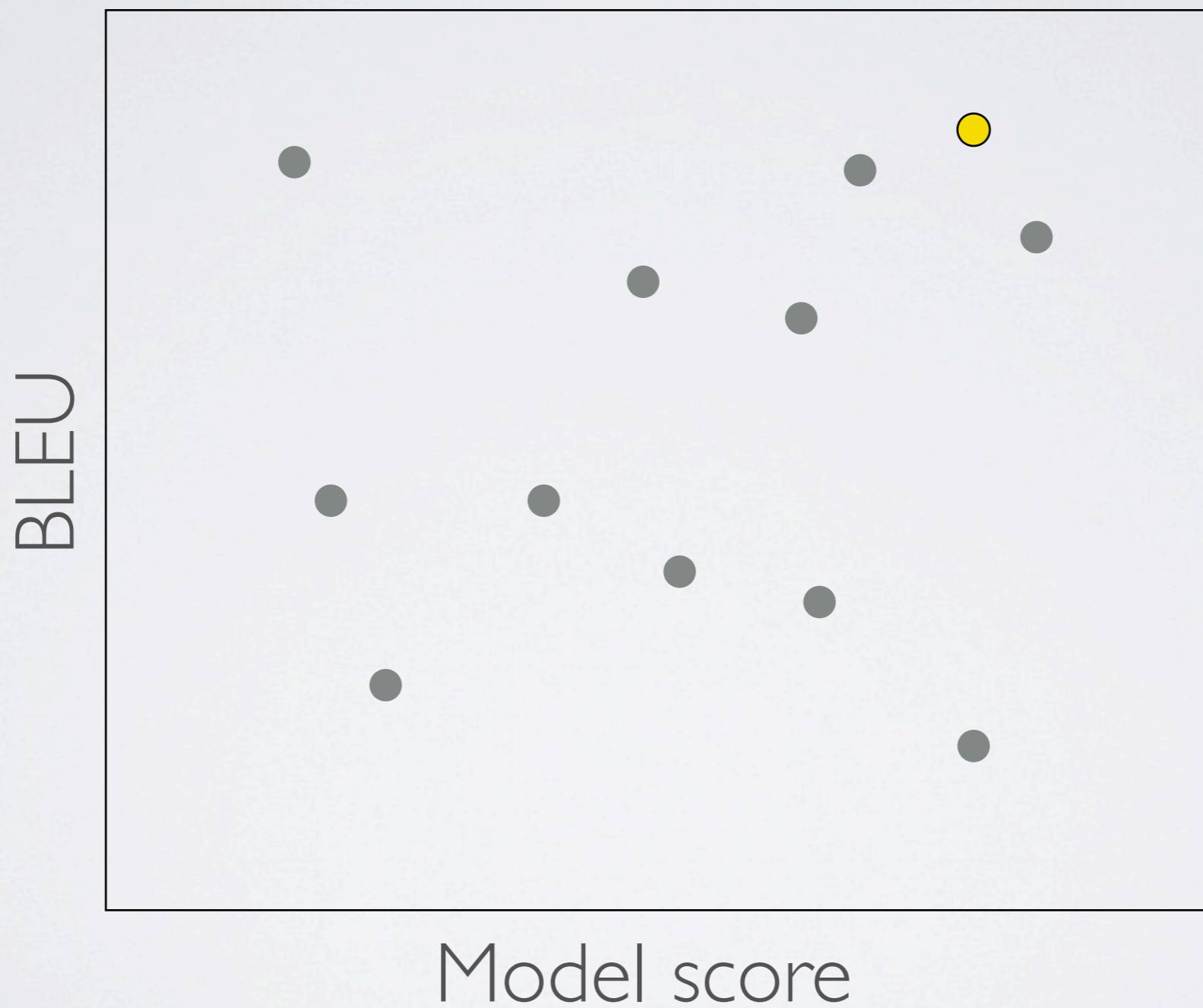
- Training
- Features
- Experiments

Training

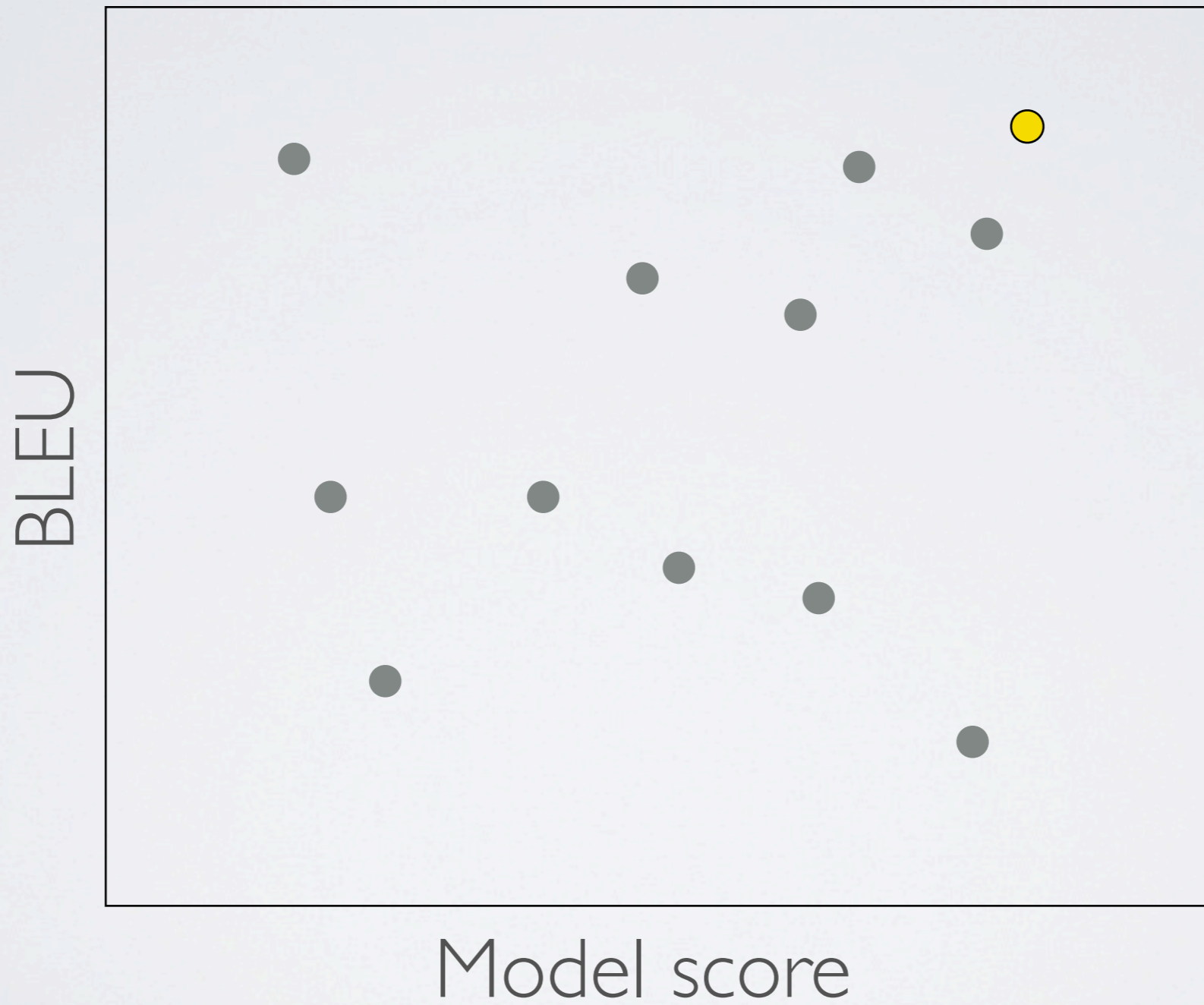
MIRA

- Crammer and Singer, 2003
- Applied to statistical MT by Watanabe et al., 2007
- Chiang, Marton, and Resnik, 2008:
 - use more of the forest
 - parallelize training

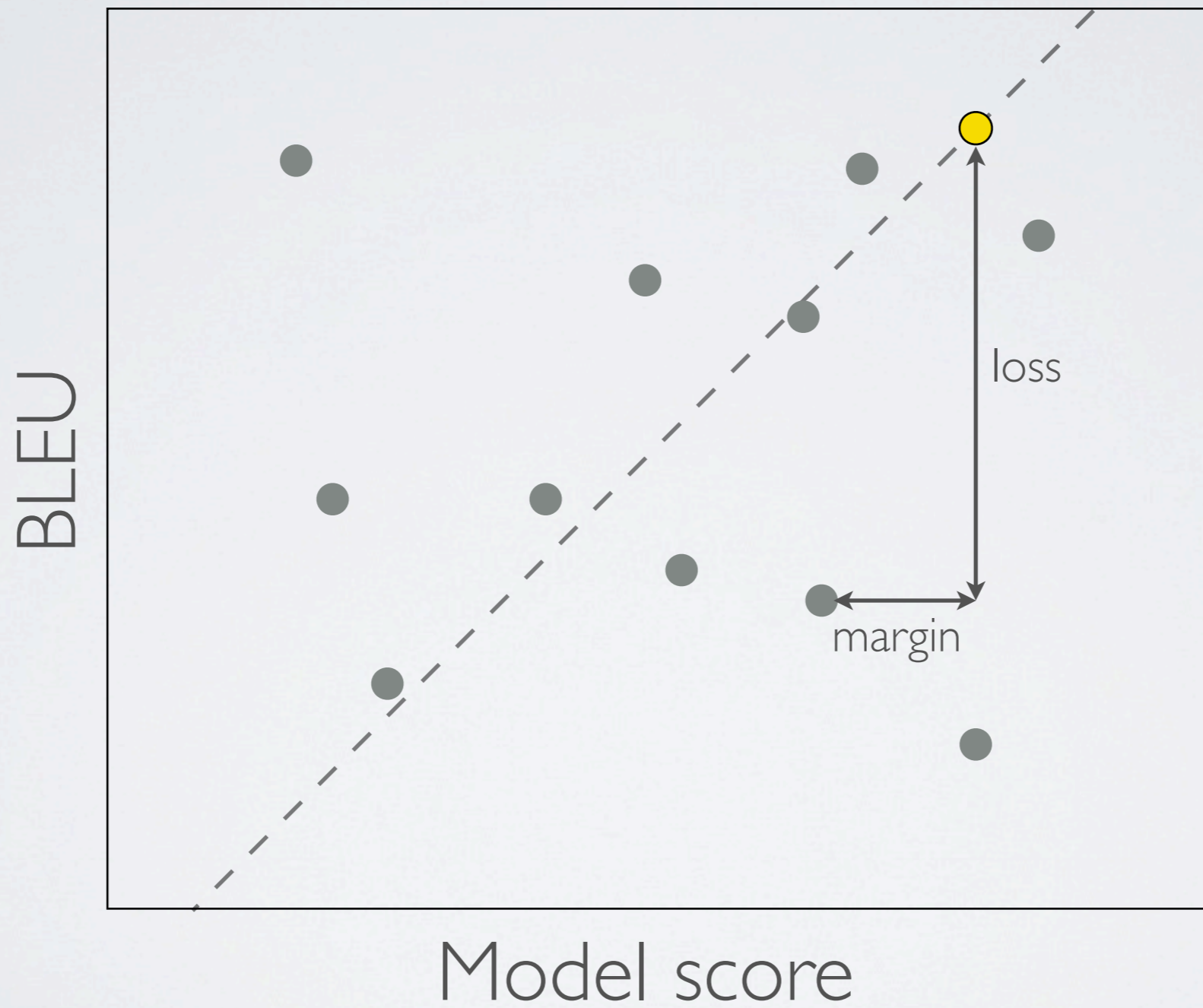
MERT



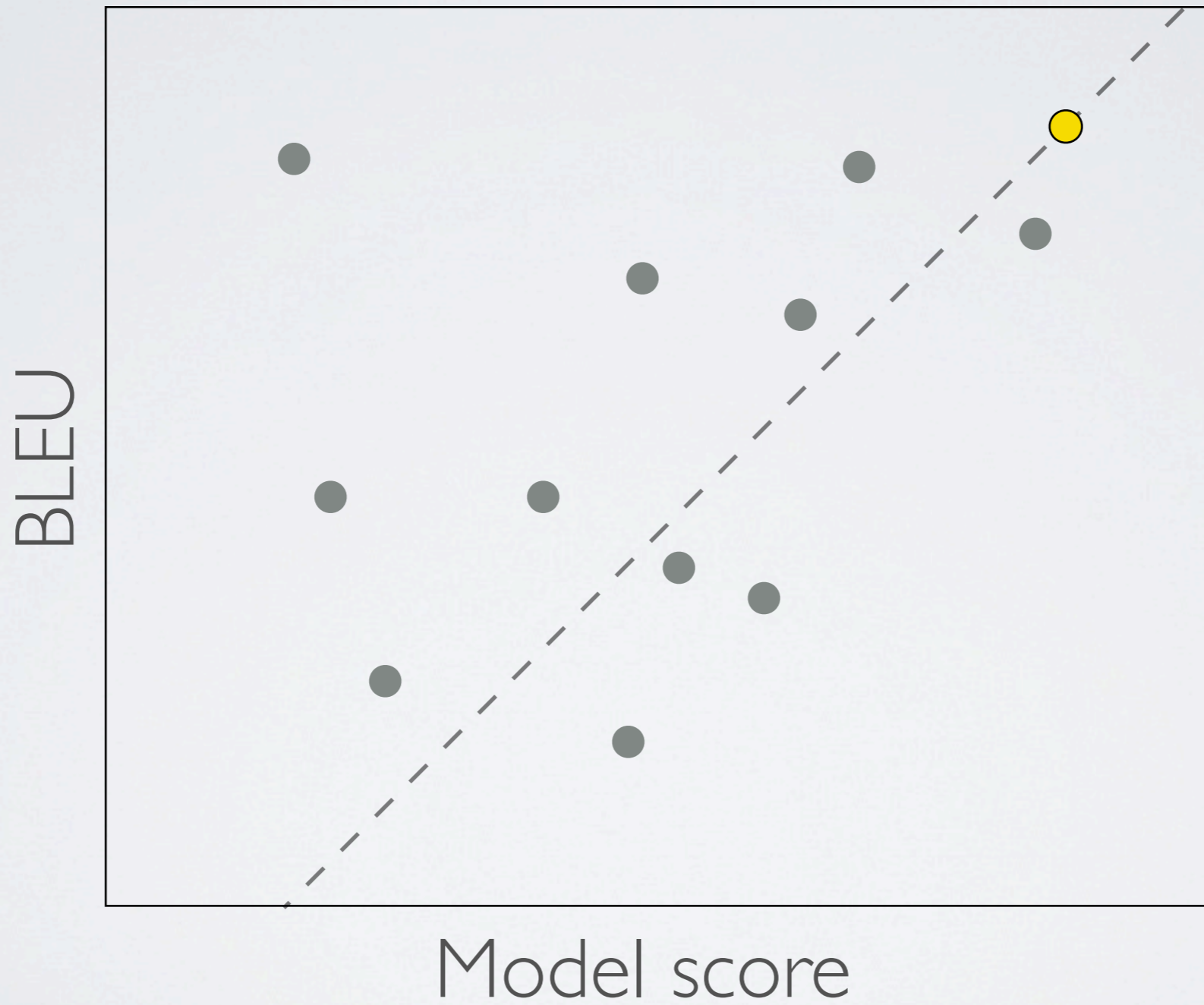
MERT



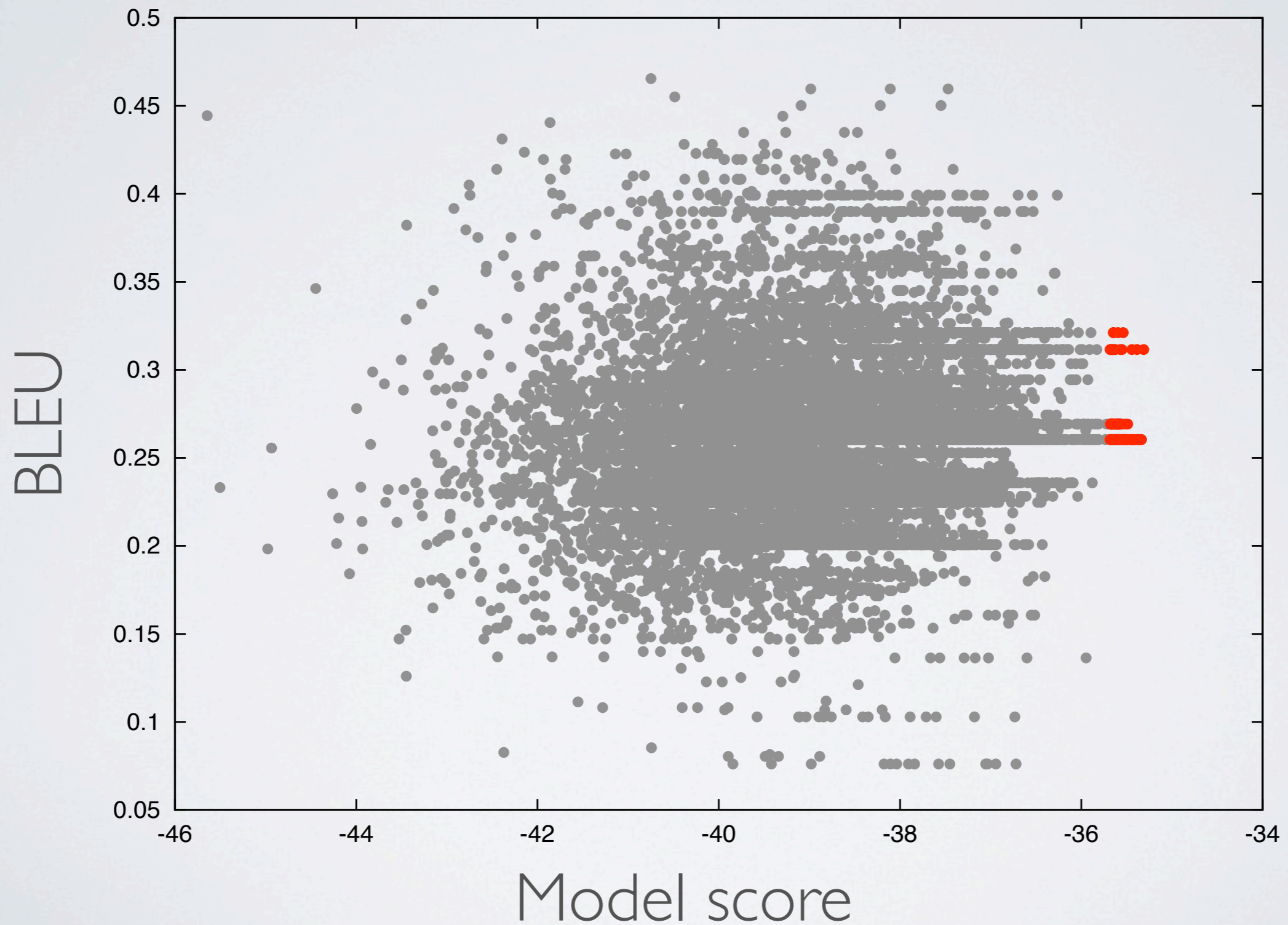
MIRA



MIRA



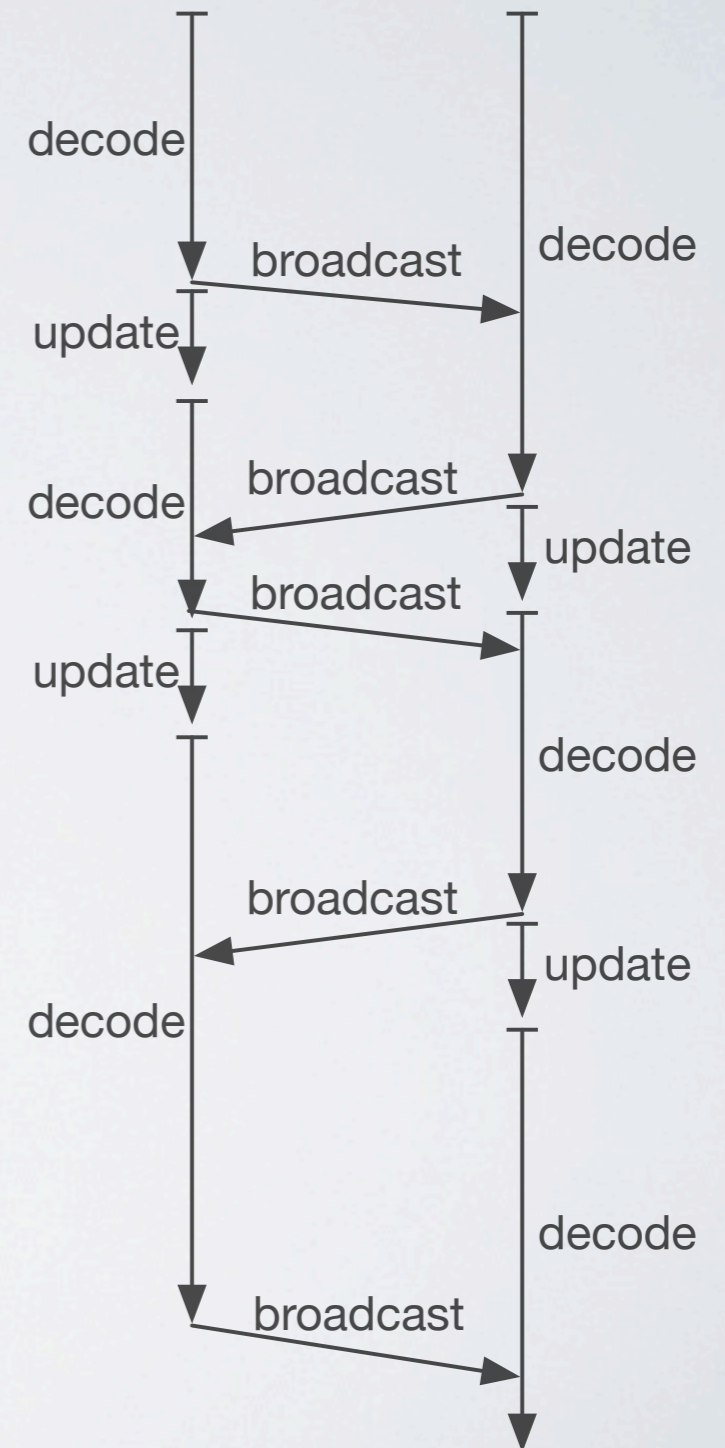
FOREST-BASED TRAINING



PARALLEL TRAINING

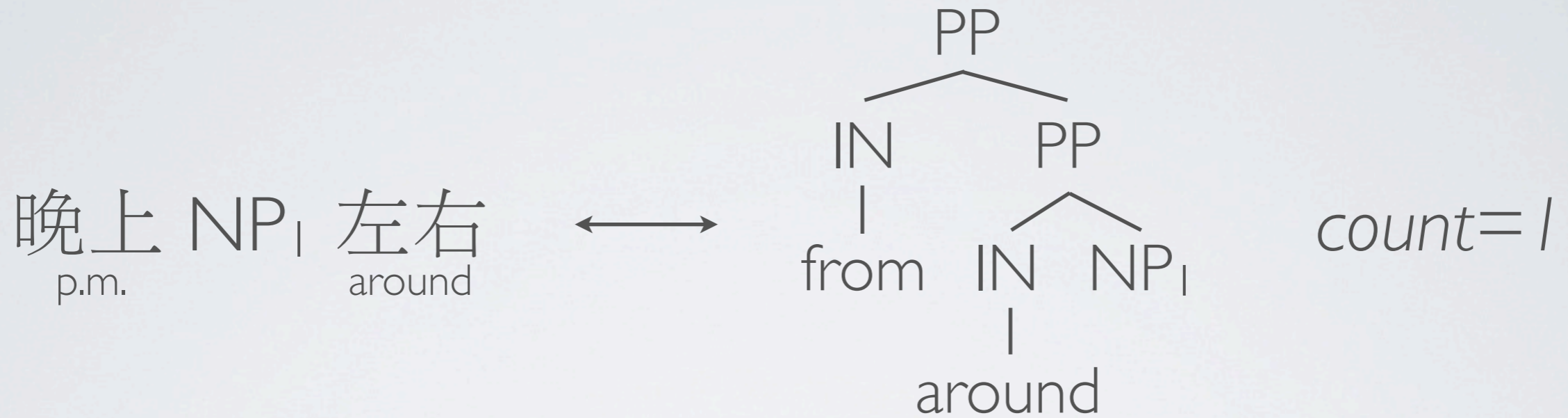
- Run n MIRA learners in parallel
- Share information among learners

Hiero	$n = 20$
Syntax	$n = 73$



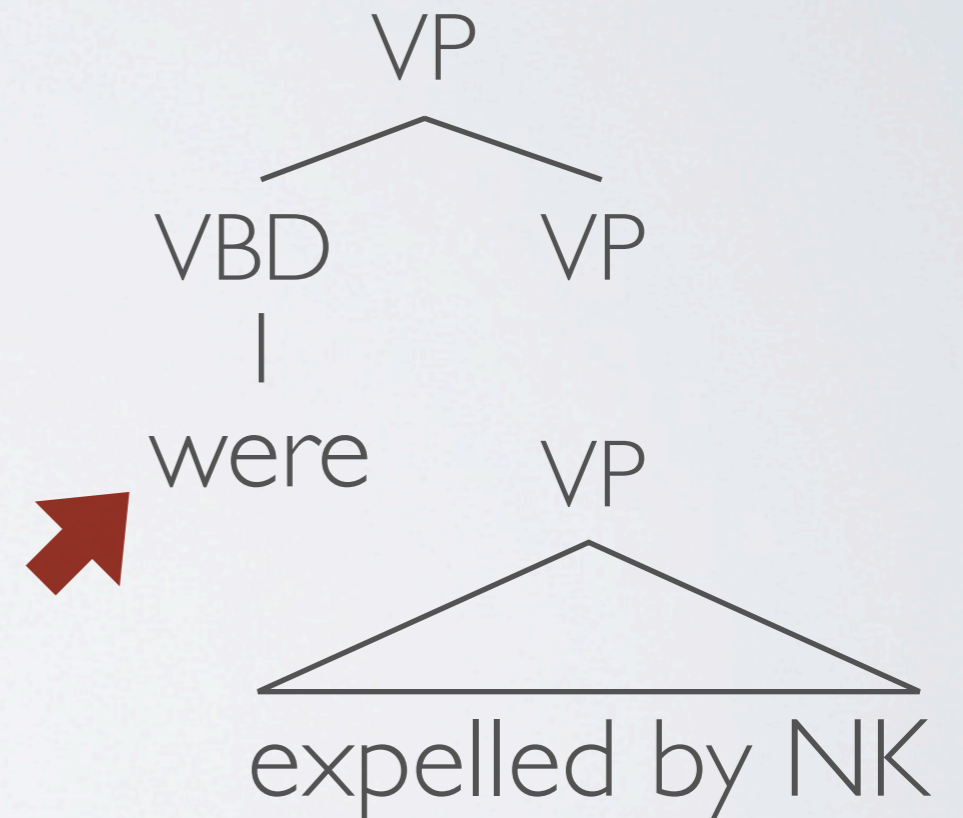
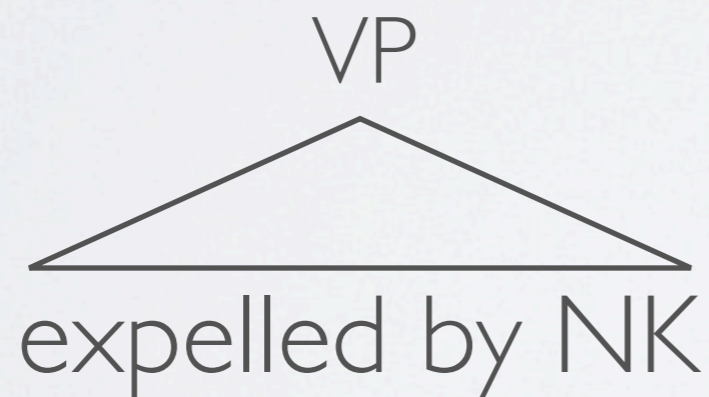
Features

DISCOUNT FEATURES



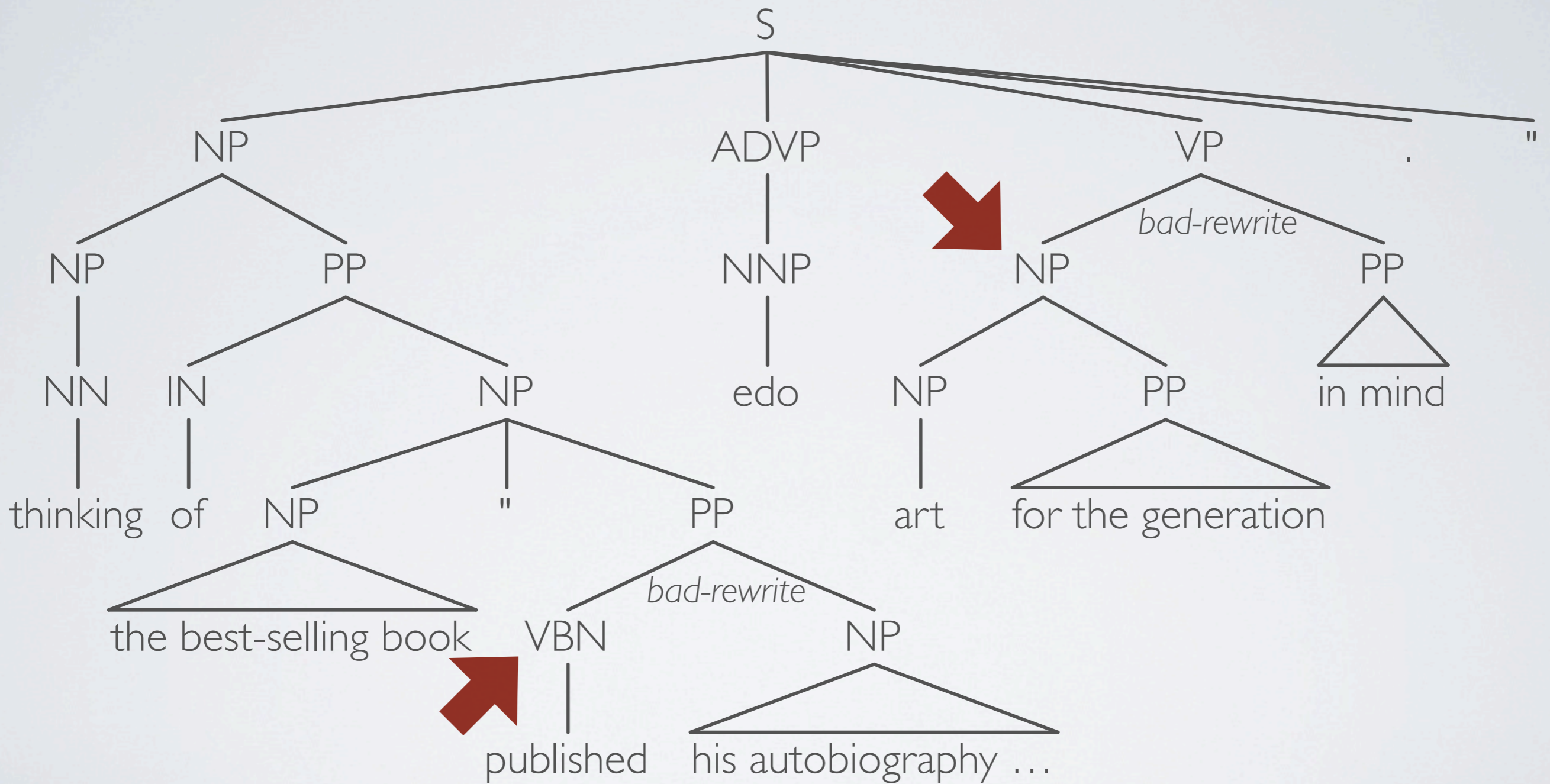
- Low counts are often overestimates
- Introduce a *count=1* feature that fires on 1-count rules, etc.

TARGET SYNTAX FEATURES

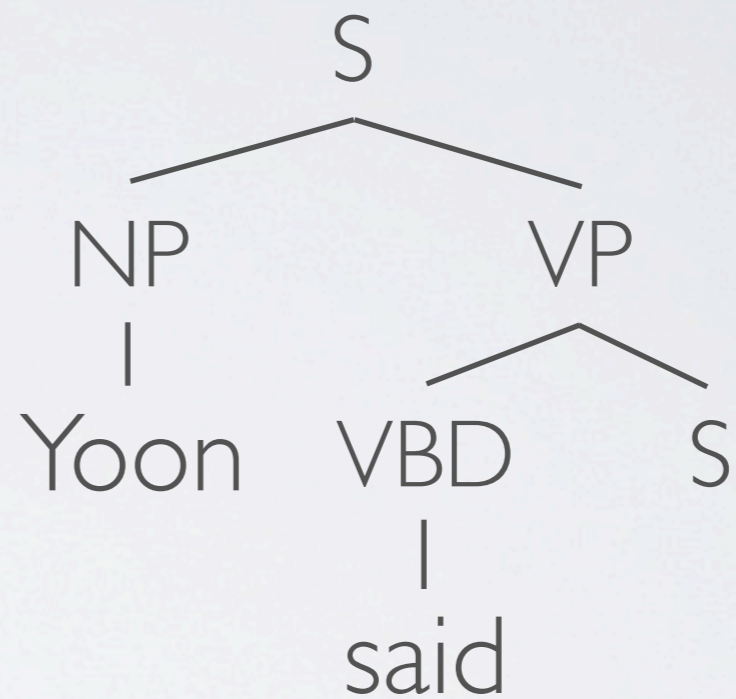
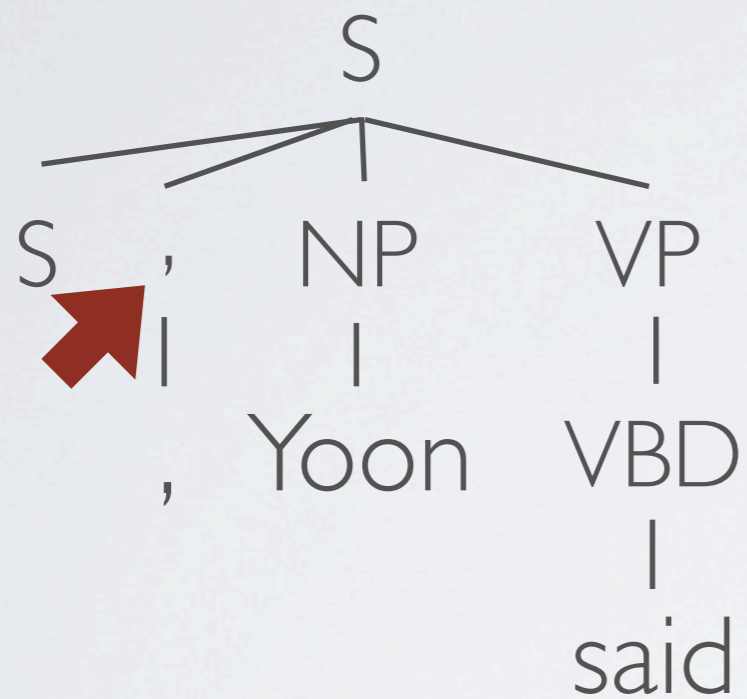


insert-were

TARGET SYNTAX FEATURES



TARGET SYNTAX FEATURES

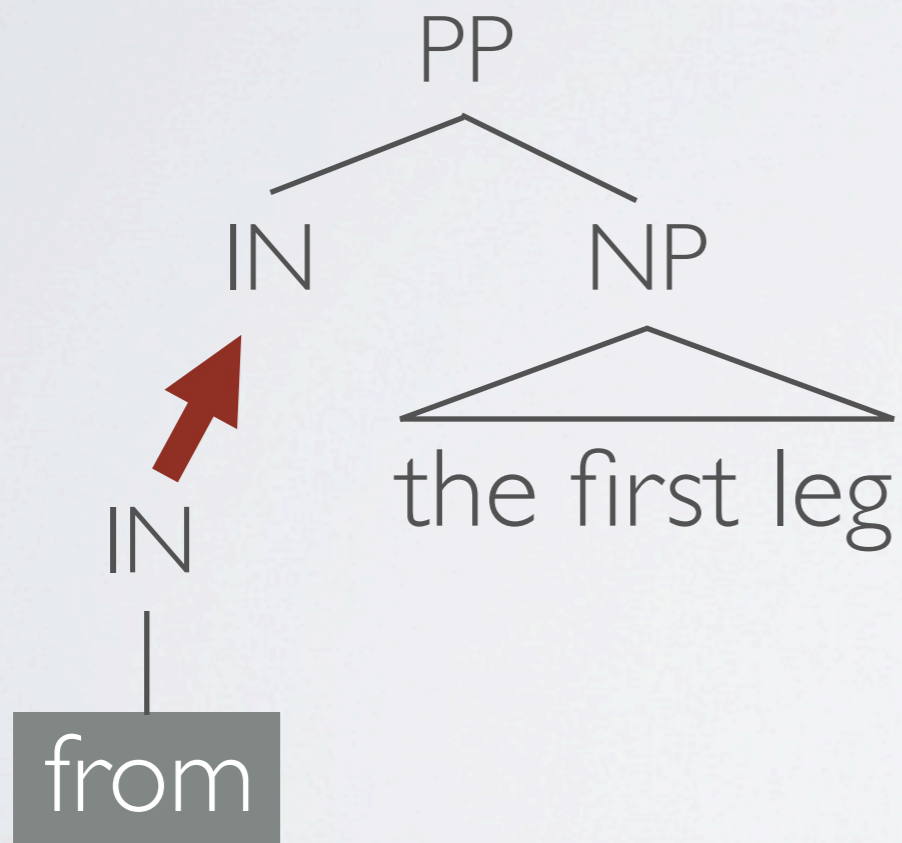


node=,

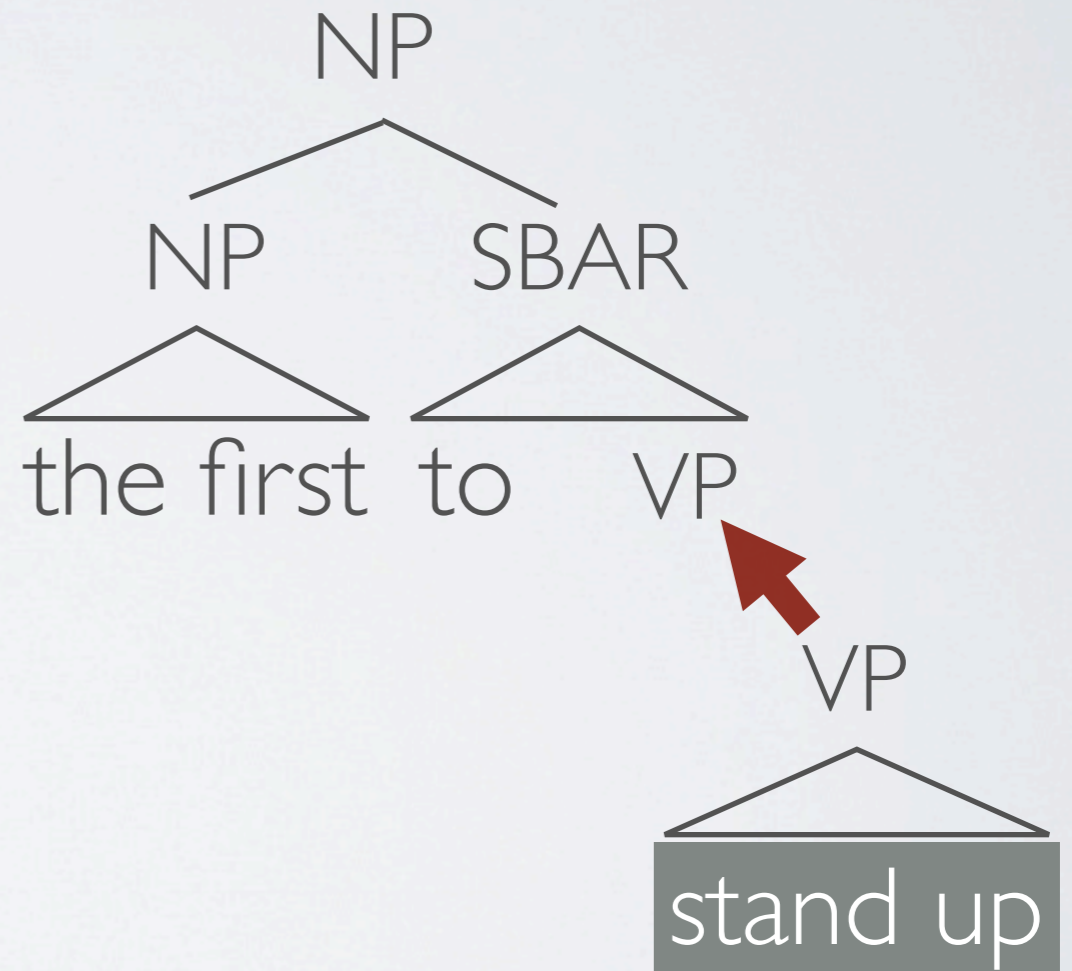
TARGET SYNTAX FEATURES

第一个 站 出来
first stand come out

第一个 站 出来
first stand come out



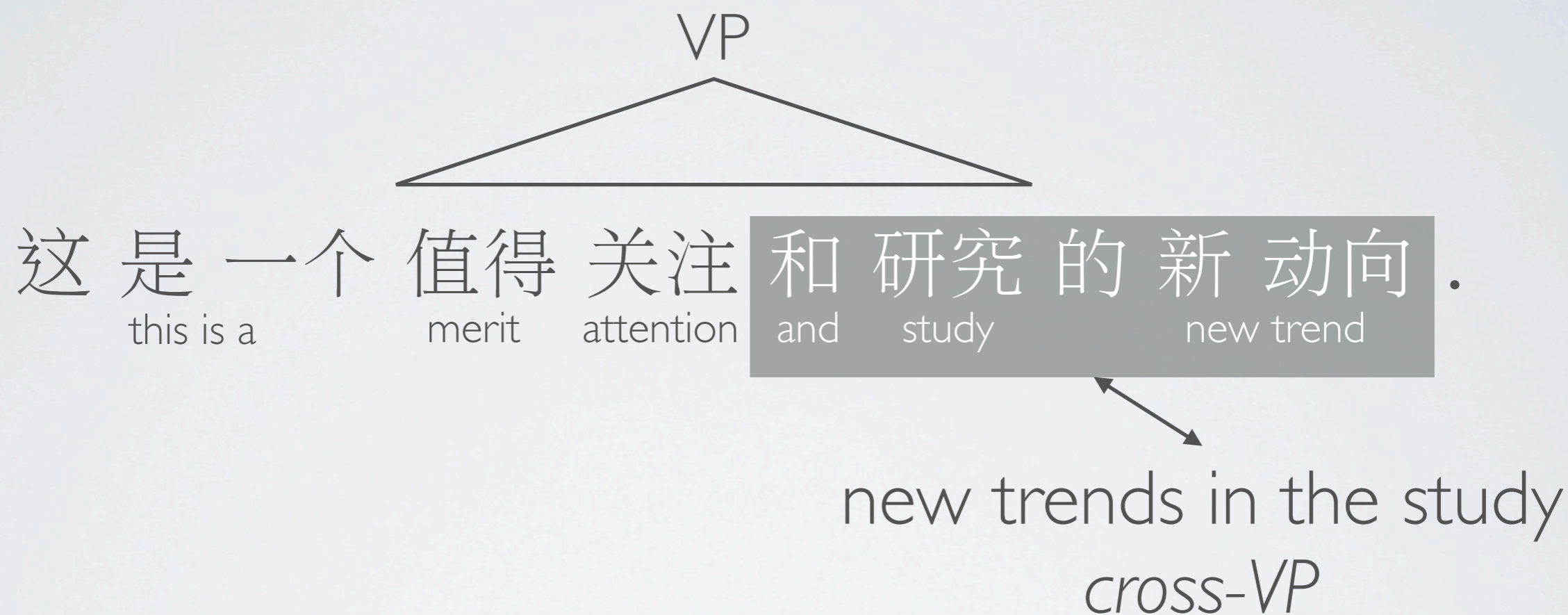
root=IN



root=VP

SOURCE CONTEXT FEATURES

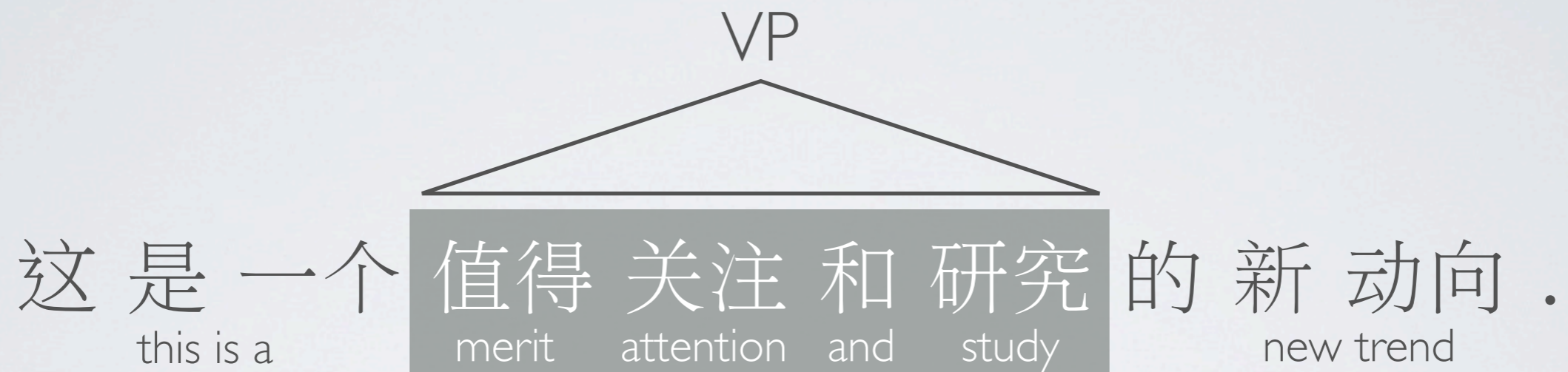
Marton & Resnik 2008; Chiang et al 2008



- Use external parser to infer source-side syntax
- Rewards and penalties for matching/crossing brackets

SOURCE CONTEXT FEATURES

Marton & Resnik 2008; Chiang et al 2008



meriting attention and study
match-VP

- Use external parser to infer source-side syntax
- Rewards and penalties for matching/crossing brackets

SOURCE CONTEXT FEATURES

Chiang et al 2008

挪威 恢复 在 斯里兰卡 的 和平 斡旋

Norway restore in Sri Lanka peace mediation



to restore peace in Sri Lanka , the Norwegian mediation

挪威 恢复 在 斯里兰卡 的 和平 斡旋

Norway restore in Sri Lanka peace mediation



Norway restoring peace mediation in Sri Lanka

SOURCE CONTEXT FEATURES

- Word context features: similar to Watanabe et al. 2007 and work on WSD in MT (Chan et al. 2007, Carpuat & Wu 2007)
- Relate a word's translation with its left or right neighbor on the source side (just the 100 most frequent types)

$$\begin{array}{cc} f_{i-1} & f_i \\ & | \\ & e \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{cc} f_i & f_{i+1} \\ & | \\ & e \end{array}$$

SOURCE CONTEXT FEATURES

他说，由于没有配音，他不得不
he said because no voice he had to

since there is no voice , he said , he had to
 $f_i = ,$ & $f_{i-1} = \text{说}$ & $e = ,$

他说，由于没有配音，他不得不
he said because no voice he had to

he said that because of the lack of voice , he had to
 $f_i = ,$ & $f_{i-1} = \text{说}$ & $e = \text{that}$

Experiments

TRAINING DATA

GALE 2008 Chinese-English data

	Hiero	Syntax
Parallel data	260M	65M
Language model	2G	1G
MERT/MIRA	58k	58k
Test	57k	57k

RESULTS (HIERO)

Chinese-English

Training	Features	#	BLEU
MERT	baseline	11	36.1
MIRA	+source-side syntax +distortion	56	36.9
	+discount	61	37.3
	+word context	10,990	37.6

RESULTS (SYNTAX)

Chinese-English

Training	Features	#	BLEU
MERT	baseline	25	39.5
MIRA	baseline	25	39.8
	rule overlap	132	39.9
	node count	136	40.0
	+discount +bad rewrite +insertion	283	40.6

CONCLUSIONS

- Using underutilized information for new features:
 - Source context is computationally efficient
 - Target syntax provides a rich structure
- MIRA is working well on new features, systems, languages