

# Homework 6: Turing Machines

CSE 30151 Spring 2018

Due 2017/03/29 at 10:00pm

## Instructions

- Create a PDF file (or files) containing your solutions. You can write your solutions by hand, but please scan them in the library or using a smartphone to get them into PDF.
- Please name your PDF file(s) as follows to ensure that the graders give you credit for all of your work:
  - If you're making a complete submission, name it *netid-hw6.pdf*, where *netid* is replaced with your NetID.
  - If you're submitting some problems now and want to submit other problems later, name it *netid-hw6-123.pdf*, where 123 is replaced with the problem numbers you are submitting at this time.
- Submit your PDF file(s) in Sakai. Don't forget to click the Submit button!

## Problems

### 1. Designing TMs

- (a) Write a **formal description** of a Turing machine that decides the language

$$\{a^n b^n c^n \mid n \geq 0\}.$$

- (b) Write an **implementation description** as defined in Section 3.3 of a Turing machine that decides the language

$$\{a^n \mid n \text{ is a Fibonacci number}\}.$$

2. **Doubly infinite tapes** [Problem 3.11]. A Turing machine with a doubly infinite tape is like a TM as defined in the book, but with a tape that extends infinitely in both directions (not just to the right). Initially, the head is at the

first symbol of the input string, as usual, but there are infinitely many blanks to the left. Show how, given a TM with doubly infinite tape, to construct an equivalent standard TM. An **implementation description** in the style of Proof 3.13 is fine, and it's also fine to use any results proved in the book or in class.

3. **Brain fun.** This problem is about a programming language known as  $\mathcal{P}''$  in polite company.<sup>1</sup> It was invented in 1964, in one of the foundational papers about structured programming, to show that we don't need `goto`.

Let  $\Gamma = \{a_0, \dots, a_{n-1}\}$  and  $\Sigma \subseteq \Gamma \setminus \{a_0\}$ . A  $\mathcal{P}''$  program works on a singly-infinite tape like a Turing machine. Each cell contains a symbol from  $\Gamma$ . The tape is initialized to an input string over  $\Sigma$ , followed by infinitely many  $a_0$ 's. The head starts at the leftmost cell. Then a sequence of commands is executed sequentially. The possible commands are as follows:

- <        Move the head to the left if possible; do nothing otherwise.
- >        Move the head to the right.
- +        Increment the symbol under the head:  $a_0$  becomes  $a_1$ ,  $a_1$  becomes  $a_2$ , and so on;  $a_{n-1}$  becomes  $a_0$ .
- Decrement the symbol under the head:  $a_{n-1}$  becomes  $a_{n-2}$ ,  $a_{n-2}$  becomes  $a_{n-3}$ , and so on;  $a_0$  becomes  $a_{n-1}$ .
- [ *cmds* ] Like a `while` loop: `while` the symbol under the head is not  $a_0$  `do` *cmds*. These loops can be nested.

When the program finishes, if the symbol under the head is not  $a_0$ , the program accepts the input string; otherwise it rejects.

For example, the following program (with  $\Sigma = \{a_1, \dots, a_{n-1}\}$ ) recognizes the language  $\{a_i a_j w \mid i + j \neq n, w \in \Sigma^*\}$ :

[->+<]>

That's equivalent to the following pseudocode:

```

while tape[head]  $\neq 0$  do
  tape[head]  $\text{--} 1 \pmod n$ 
  head  $\text{+} 1$ 
  tape[head]  $\text{+} 1 \pmod n$ 
  head  $\text{--} 1$ 
head  $\text{+} 1$ 
return tape[head]  $\neq 0$ 

```

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<sup>1</sup><https://bit.ly/pprimeprime>

Choose **one** of the following problems. If you do more than one, you'll get credit for the best one.

- (a) Describe how to translate a  $\mathcal{P}''$  program  $P$  into the **formal description** of a Turing machine  $M_P$  equivalent to  $P$ . The input to  $M_P$  would be a string  $w \in \Sigma^*$ , and it should accept iff  $P$  accepts  $w$ . It should be a standard single-tape TM, but you can use S ("stay") actions.
- (b) Give an **implementation description** of a (multitape) Turing machine that can interpret any  $\mathcal{P}''$  program. The input would be a string  $P\#w$  where  $P$  is a  $\mathcal{P}''$  program and  $w$  is an input string, and it should accept iff  $P$  accepts  $w$ .
- (c) Much harder: Describe how to translate a Turing machine  $M$  into a  $\mathcal{P}''$  program  $P_M$  equivalent to  $M$ .