Math 30530, Probability

Quiz 1, Wednesday February 13

Solutions

1. A and B are events in a sample space S, with P(B) > 0. Give the definition of the conditional probability of A, given B.

Solution: The conditional probability of A given B, P(A|B), is defined by

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$$

- 2. I toss a fair coin 3 times.
 - (a) What is the probability of getting at least 2 heads?
 Solution: The sample space is S = {hhh, hht, hth, hth, htt, tht, ttt}, all 8 outcomes equally likely. The event {at least two heads} has four sample points in it: hhh, hht, hth, and thh. So

$$P(\text{at least two heads}) = \frac{4}{8} = 0.5.$$

(b) Given the information that *at least one* of the tosses was heads, what is the conditional probability of getting at least 2 heads?

Solution: Given the information that at least one of the tosses was heads, the (conditioned) sample space reduces in size to 7 (ttt is removed). The event {at least two heads} has all four of its sample points in this reduced sample space. So

$$P(\text{at least two heads}|\text{at least one head}) = \frac{4}{7} = 0.5714...$$

(c) Given the information that there were at least two heads, what is the conditional probability that the first toss is tails?

Solution: Given the information that at there were at least two heads, the (conditioned) sample space reduces in size to 4 ($\{hhh, hht, hth, thh\}$). The event {first toss tails} one of its sample points in this reduced sample space ($\{thh\}$). So

$$P(\text{first toss tails}|\text{at least two heads}) = \frac{1}{4} = 0.25$$

(d) Are the events {at least two heads} and {first toss heads} independent? Solution: We have computed P(first toss tails|at least two heads) = 0.25, so by

$$P(A^c|E) = 1 - P(A|E)$$

we have P(first toss heads|at least two heads) = 0.75. But

$$P(\text{first toss heads}) = \frac{\{hhh, hht, hth, htt\}|}{8} = 0.5.$$

Since $P(\text{first toss heads}|\text{at least two heads}) \neq P(\text{first toss heads})$, these two events are *not* independent.