

Ordered groups exercises

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Definition 1. Define a positive cone in a group G to be a subset $P \subset G$ such that

1. $G = P \amalg P^{-1} \amalg \{1\}$, i.e. P is disjoint from $P^{-1} = \{p^{-1} \mid p \in P\}$ and every nonidentity element of G is in either P or P^{-1} .
2. $PP \subseteq P$ where $PP = \{pq \mid p, q \in P\}$.

Say that a positive cone $P \subset G$ is normal if $P = gPg^{-1} = \{gpg^{-1} \mid p \in P\}$ for each $g \in G$.

Exercise 1. Let G be a group

1. Show that there is a bijection between positive cones on G and left orderings on P .
2. Deduce by duality that a G is left orderable if and only if it is right orderable.
3. Show that the bijection of (1) restricts to a bijection between normal positive cones on P and bi-orderings of P .

Exercise 2. Kaplansky's conjecture asserts that if k is a field (or more generally a domain) and G is a torsion-free group, then the group ring $k[G]$ has no nonzero zero divisors.

1. Show that if G has torsion, then $k[G]$ has nonzero zero divisors for every nonzero ring k .
2. Show that if G is left-orderable and k is a (possibly noncommutative) ring without nonzero zero divisors, then $k[G]$ has no nonzero zero divisors.

Exercise 3. 1. Show that a group G is left orderable if and only if it acts faithfully on a linearly ordered set via order-isomorphisms.

2. Show that every countable linear order embeds in \mathbb{Q} .
3. Show that a countable group G is left orderable if and only if it acts faithfully on \mathbb{Q} via order-isomorphisms, if and only if it acts faithfully on \mathbb{R} via order-isomorphisms.

Exercise 4. *Let $(\Sigma, \partial\Sigma)$ be a surface with nonempty boundary and n punctures. Show that $\text{Mod}(\Sigma, \partial\Sigma)$ acts faithfully on $\pi_1(\Sigma)$.*

Exercise 5. *Show that there is no bi-ordering on the braid group B_n .*