

GSTS Problem Session

Week 3

1. Recall that $\mathrm{PSL}(2, \mathbb{Z})$ has presentation $\langle a, b \mid a^2, b^3 \rangle$. Show that this presentation is a Dehn presentation.
2. The goal of this problem is to compute the smallest δ for which \mathbb{H}^2 is δ -hyperbolic.
 - (a) Show that it is enough to consider “ideal” geodesic triangles (geodesic triangles with all three vertices on the boundary).
 - (b) Show that it is enough to consider only one ideal triangle. (Hint: how does the isometry group of \mathbb{H}^2 act on the boundary?)
 - (c) Choose your favorite ideal triangle, and find the smallest δ for which this triangle is δ -thin. The hyperbolic distance formula

$$\rho(z, w) = 2 \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{|z - w|}{|z - \bar{w}|} \right)$$

may be helpful.