## Quiz

## Name

1. Use the Pythagorean Theorem and the figure below to show that $A C^{2}$ is equal to $2+2 \cos \theta$. You are given that $O$ is the center of a circle of radius equal to 1 , that $A B$ is a diameter, and that $\triangle A P C$ is a right triangle.

2. The figure below depicts a circle with center $O$, radius $r$, and an inscribed angle $\theta$. Define the radian measure of this angle. Given $\theta$ in radians, find an expression of $\theta$ in degrees.

3. Use the trigonometric identity $\sin (\theta+\phi)=\sin \theta \cos \phi+\cos \theta \sin \phi$ to determine the exact value of $\sin \frac{5 \pi}{12}$ (use $\theta=\frac{\pi}{4}$ and $\tau=\frac{\pi}{6}$ ).
