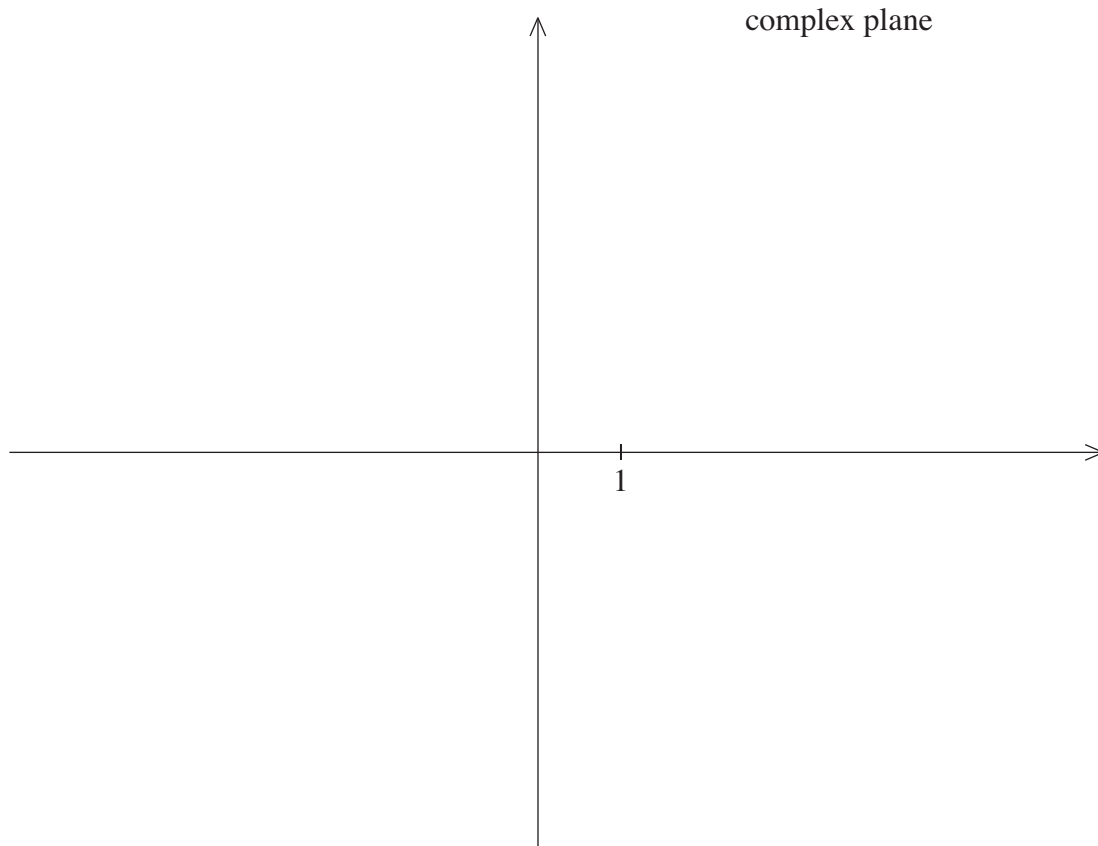


Quiz

Name _____

1. Compute the complex numbers $(2 + 3i) + (-1 + i)$ and $(2 + 3i)(-1 + i)$ and locate them accurately in the complex plane below.



2. Show that $1 + 2i$ is a root of the polynomial $x^2 - 2x + 5$.
3. Use the formula $c = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$ to find a number c in the complex plane that satisfies $c^6 = -1$. Place your number into the coordinate plane above and explain why it satisfies the required property.