

This is a 2-hour exam. Books and notes are not allowed. Make sure that your work is legible, and make sure that it is clearly marked where your answers are.

## Show all work!

If a problem calls for a proof or explanation, you will not get full credit for a correct answer if you don't supply the proof or explanation. If you have some ideas for solving a problem but can't figure out how to finish it, be sure to show me what you do know!! If something isn't clear, ask me! If you need more space, there is a blank sheet at the back.

The Honor Code is in effect for this examination, including keeping your own exam under cover. Good luck!!

- Let  $\varphi$  be the Euler phi-function, namely  $\varphi(n)$  is the number of positive integers less than or equal to  $n$  that are relatively prime to  $n$ .
  - (5 points) Compute  $\varphi(20)$ . Explain your answer.
  - (10 points) If  $p$  is a prime number, find  $\varphi(p^2)$  and carefully explain your answer.
  - (5 points) State Euler's theorem (the generalization of Fermat's Little Theorem). Be sure to include all the hypotheses.
  - (10 points) It happens to be true that  $\varphi(30) = 8$ . (You don't have to prove this.) Find the remainder of  $13^{2018}$  when divided by 30. Explain your answer using Euler's theorem. (Writing the answer with no justification will not get credit.)

2. (10 points) Let  $G = \langle a \rangle$  be a cyclic group (not necessarily finite) and let  $G'$  be another group (not necessarily finite or abelian). If  $\phi : G \rightarrow G'$  is a group homomorphism, prove that  $\phi[G]$  is cyclic and in the process specify a generator of  $\phi[G]$ .
3. (10 points) Assume that  $G$  is a **finite** group (not necessarily abelian), and let  $G'$  be another group (not necessarily finite or abelian). Let  $b \in G$  be any element and let  $x = \phi(b)$ . Prove that the order of  $x$  in  $G'$  divides  $|G|$ . [Notice that you are to prove that the order of  $x$  divides  $|G|$ , not  $|G'|$ .]
4. Let  $\phi : \mathbb{Z}_{10} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{20}$  be the group homomorphism defined by  $\phi(1) = 8$ . (You do not have to verify that this really gives a well-defined homomorphism.)
- (a) (5 points) Find  $\ker \phi$ .
- (b) (5 points) Find  $\phi[\mathbb{Z}_{10}]$ .
- (c) (5 points) Find  $\phi(6)$ .

5. Consider the symmetric group  $S_{12}$  and the alternating group  $A_{12}$ . Let

$$\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \\ 6 & 11 & 5 & 10 & 8 & 2 & 4 & 7 & 1 & 12 & 9 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) (5 points) Write  $\sigma$  as a product of disjoint cycles.
- (b) (5 points) Write  $\sigma$  as a product of transpositions.
- (c) (5 points) Is  $\sigma \in A_{12}$ ? Explain why or why not.
- (d) (5 points) Find the order of  $\sigma$  and briefly explain your answer.
- (e) (5 points) It turns out that  $\sigma$  does not have the highest possible order among elements of  $S_{12}$ . Give an example of a permutation in  $S_{12}$  whose order is higher (i.e. larger) than that of  $\sigma$ ; write your answer as a product of disjoint cycles.

6. Let  $R$  be a ring and let  $R[x]$  be the polynomial ring with coefficients in  $R$ . For the following two parts you can use without proof the fact that  $x^d \cdot x^e = x^{d+e}$  for any non-negative integers  $d$  and  $e$ . (This has nothing to do with the ring in question.)

(a) (10 points) First assume that  $R$  is **not** an integral domain. Choose a suitable  $R$  and give an example in the spaces below of polynomials  $f, g \in R[x]$ , such that

- (i)  $\deg f = d > 0$ ,
- (ii)  $\deg g = e > 0$ , and
- (iii)  $\deg fg \neq d + e$ .

$$R = \qquad \qquad \qquad d = \qquad \qquad \qquad e =$$

$$f = \qquad \qquad \qquad g =$$

(b) (5 points) Now assume that  $R$  is an integral domain. Prove that  $R[x]$  is also an integral domain. (Hint: why is the result of (a) impossible when  $R$  is an integral domain?)

7. (15 points) Let  $R = \mathbb{Z}_6[x]$ , the polynomial ring with coefficients in  $\mathbb{Z}_6$ . Which of the following statements are true for  $R$ ? For each statement, give a short justification of your answer (i.e. if the answer is yes, explain why; if the answer is no, explain why not).

- $R$  is a ring with unity?
  
- $R$  is a commutative ring?
  
- $R$  is an integral domain?
  
- $R$  is a finite ring?
  
- $R$  contains no units?

8. Compute the factor group  $(\mathbb{Z}_8 \times \mathbb{Z}_8)/\langle(2, 4)\rangle$  as follows.

(a) (5 points) Write out the elements of  $\langle(2, 4)\rangle$ .

(b) (5 points) How many elements does the factor group have?

(c) (10 points) Up to isomorphism, what are *all* the possible finite abelian groups with the order you gave in (b)?

(d) (10 points) To which of the answers from (c) is the given factor group isomorphic? Explain.

