Finite Mathematics (Math 10120), Spring 2020 Quiz 5 Monday, April 6, 2020

1. Bruno has a box with 4 red balls and 6 blue ones. He randomly draws two balls (without replacement). Let X be the random variable that counts the number of red balls that he draws. Find the probability distribution for this random variable. For your answers I would like actual fractions, not using combination notion. (E.g. instead of $\frac{1}{C(7.2)}$ I'd like you to put $\frac{1}{21}$. You don't have to write a decimal equivalent, but you can if you want to.)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
x_i & P(X = x_i) \\
\hline
0 & \frac{1}{3} \\
1 & \frac{8}{15} \\
2 & \frac{2}{15}
\end{array}$$

So put
$$\frac{1}{21}$$
. You don't have to write a decimal equivalent, but you can if you violate $\frac{1}{21}$. You don't have to write a decimal equivalent, but you can if you violate $\frac{1}{21}$ and $\frac{1}{21$

2. In some carnival game there are different amounts of money you can win, with the following probabilities:

x_i	p_i	XIP!
\$0	2/3	Ð
\$6	1/6	1
\$24	1/8	3
\$240	1/24	10
		14

If they want this to be a fair game, how much should they charge someone to play the game? For partial credit make sure you explain your answer.

the expected value is \$14, so to make it a fair game they should charge \$14. Anything less makes it advantageous to you to play.