

ProblemSet7

Prob 2 Li Isotope Shift

Specific Mass Shift: We use the formula $T = -\sum_a [v]^{-1} \langle v \| C_1 \| a \rangle^2 P(va)^2$, where $P(va)$ is the radial matrix elements of the momentum operator, to evaluate the SMS. Since Li has only one core shell $(1s)^2$, the sum reduces to a single term. Moreover, since the reduced matrix element $\langle v \| C_1 \| a \rangle$ vanishes between two s states, the SMS vanishes for the $2s$ state. (This statement is true only in the independent particle approximation and is modified when correlation corrections are considered.) Introduce the Coulomb wave function $P_a(r)$ for the $1s$ core orbital and $P_v(r)$ for the $2p$ valence orbital.

$$P_a(r) = 2Z_a(3/2r)e^{-Z_a r}$$
$$P_v(r) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}}Z_v^{5/2}r^2e^{-Z_v r/2}.$$

The valence-core radial matrix element $P(va)$ becomes

$$P(va) = -\frac{16\sqrt{6}(Z_a Z_v)^{5/2}}{(2Z_a + Z_v)^4}$$

Substitute numerical values $Z_a = 3 - 5/16$ and $Z_v = 1 + 1/8$ to obtain $P(va) = -0.348975$

The reduced matrix element

$$\langle v \| C_1 \| a \rangle = 1$$

Put the above together to obtain the SMS (up to a factor $1/Ma$)

$$T = -\frac{1}{3} |\langle v \| C_1 \| a \rangle|^2 P(va)^2 = -0.0405946$$