

**Problem Set 5****Physics 607****(due Oct. 1, 2001)**

1. Write out specific formulas for the radial Dirac functions  $P_{n\kappa}(r)$  and  $Q_{n\kappa}(r)$  of the  $n = 2$  states of a hydrogenlike ion with nuclear charge  $Z$ . You may use MAPLE if you wish, however, you may find it simpler to expand the hypergeometric functions by hand.
2. Verify that the  $n = 2$  radial functions determined in the previous problem are properly normalized for each of the three states.
3. Plot the radial density function  $P_{n\kappa}(r)^2 + Q_{n\kappa}(r)^2$  for each of the  $n = 2$  states assuming  $Z = 20$ .
4. Give formulas for  $\langle r \rangle$  and  $\langle 1/r \rangle$  for each state in problem 1. Verify that the relativistic formulas approach the proper nonrelativistic limits.
5. Suppose the nucleus is represented by a uniformly charged ball of radius  $R$ :

(a) Show that the nuclear potential (in atomic units) is given by

$$V_{\text{nuc}}(r) = \begin{cases} -\frac{Z}{R} \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{r^2}{2R^2} \right), & r < R, \\ -\frac{Z}{r}, & r \geq R. \end{cases}$$

- (b) Determine the nuclear finite-size correction to the  $n = 1$  and  $n = 2$  Dirac energy levels using first-order perturbation theory. How large are these corrections for hydrogen? (Assume  $R = 1.04$  fm for H and give your answer in  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ .) How large are they for hydrogenlike uranium? (Assume  $R = 7.25$  fm for U and give your answer in eV.)