

Parallel Solver for Multilayered Structures - FETI

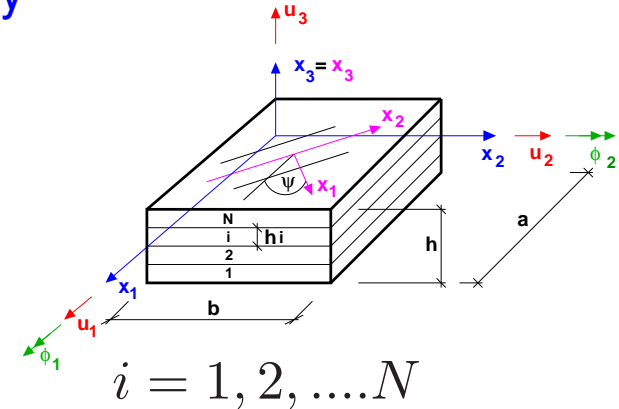
Refined Mindlin-Reissner theory

- Mindlin kinematic assumptions

$$u_1^i(x_1, x_2, x_3) = U_1^i(x_1, x_2) + x_3^i \phi_2^i(x_1, x_2)$$

$$u_2^i(x_1, x_2, x_3) = U_2^i(x_1, x_2) - x_3^i \phi_1^i(x_1, x_2)$$

$$u_3^i(x_1, x_2, x_3) = U_3^i(x_1, x_2),$$



- Interface continuity conditions
- System of equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K} & \mathbf{Q}^T \\ \mathbf{Q} & \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{d} \\ \boldsymbol{\lambda} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{f} \\ \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^N \mathbf{Q}^i (\mathbf{K}^i)^{-1} (\mathbf{Q}^i)^T \boldsymbol{\lambda} = \sum_{i=1}^N \mathbf{Q}^i (\mathbf{K}^i)^{-1} \mathbf{f}^i$$

- K. Matouš, J. Kruis and Z. Dostál

Numerical examples

T-50 graphite : $E_L = 386.4$ GPa

$$E_T = 7.6 \text{ GPa}$$

$$G_L = 15.2 \text{ GPa}$$

$$G_T = 2.6 \text{ GPa}$$

$$\nu = 0.41$$

6061 Aluminum : $E = 72.5$ GPa

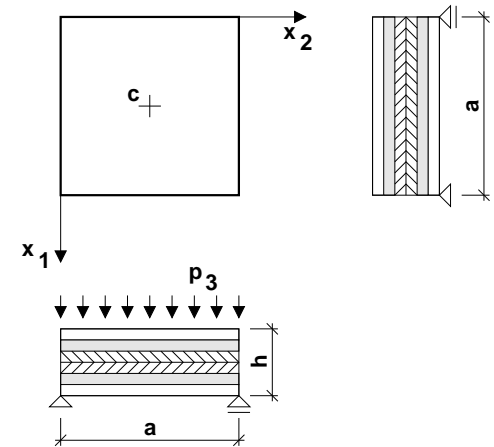
$$G = 27.3 \text{ GPa}$$

$$\nu = 0.33$$

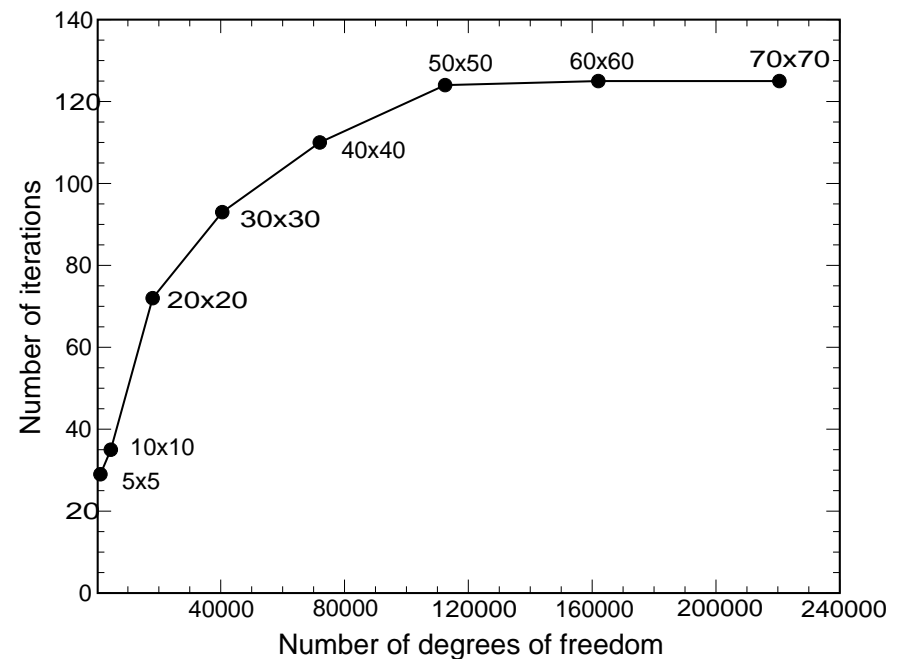
$a = 1.500$ m, $h = 0.027$ m

$h^i = 4.5$ mm, layup $[0, 60, 90]_s$

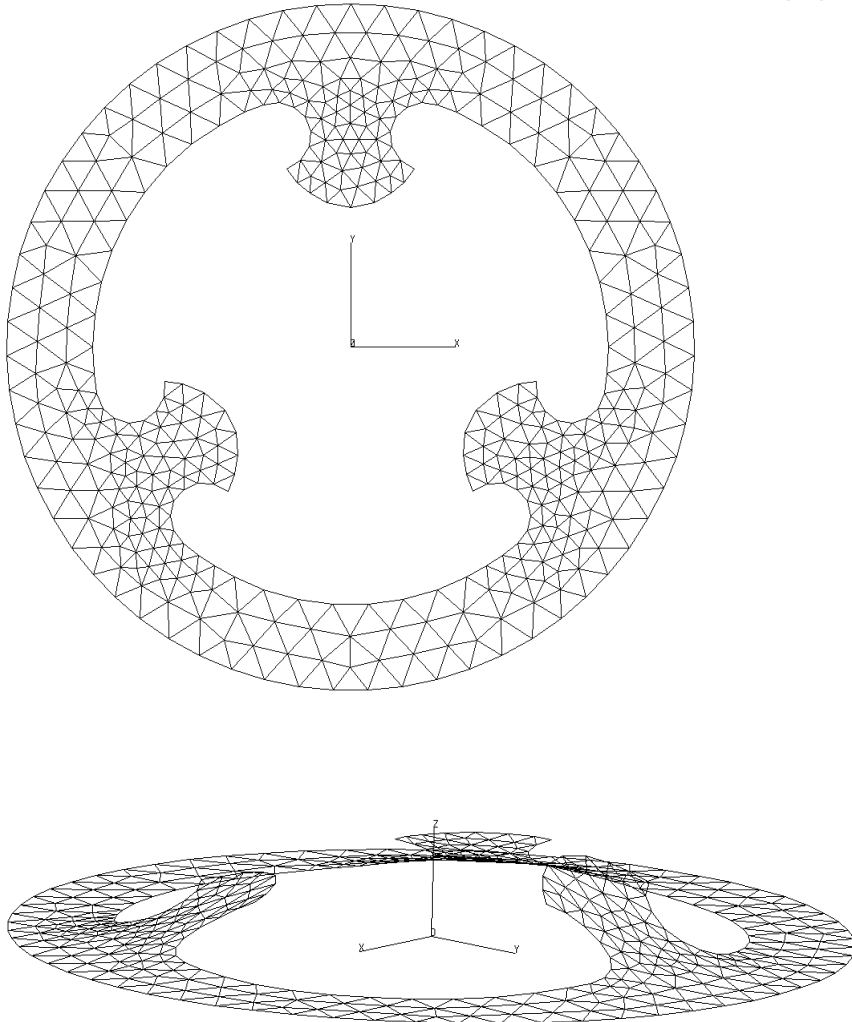
● 6 CPUs



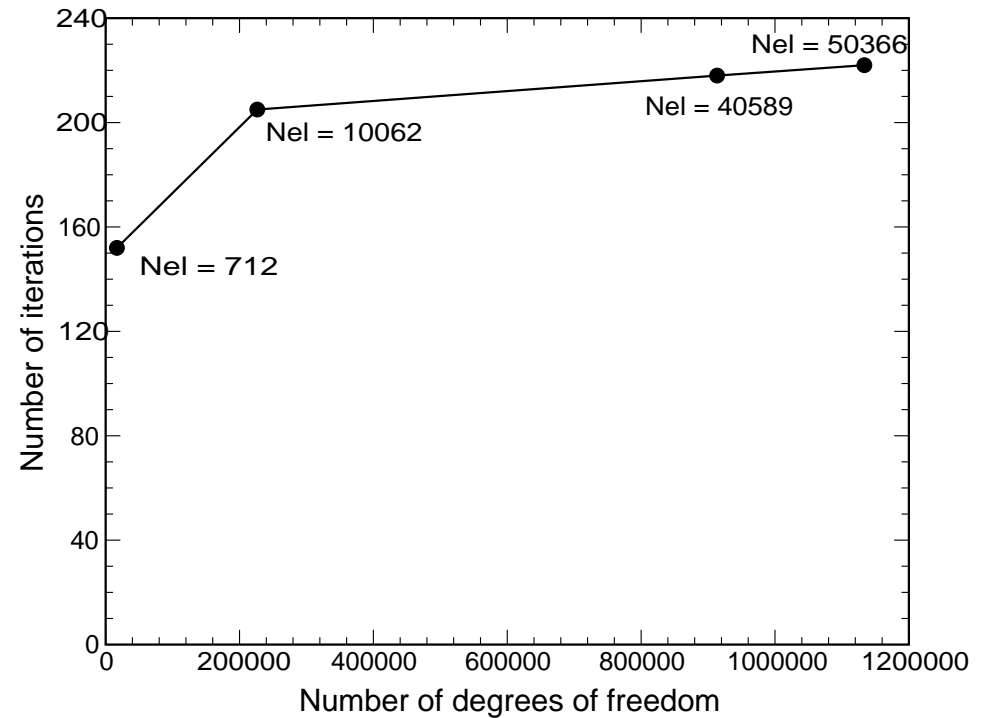
Convergence behavior



General domain



Convergence behavior



$h^i = 5.0$ mm, layup $[0, 90, +45, -45, 90, 0]$, **6 CPUs**