## 104 Practice Test 2

1.	An experiment consists of first rolling a six-sided die, and then flipping a coin and								
	obs	serving the outcome	es. How many e	lements are	there in the s	ample space?			
(a) 8	3	(b) 12	(c) 36		(d) 64	(e) 6			
2.		Which of the columns of the following table can serve as a probability distribution for an							
	experiment with the sample space $\{s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4\}$ ?								
-		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)			
	s <sub>1</sub>	.1	.3	1.2	1	.4			
	s <sub>2</sub>	.2	.3	3	1	.4			
	s <sub>3</sub>	.3	.3	0	0	.4			
	s <sub>4</sub>	.4	.3	.1	0	2			
3.	Le	t E and F be indepe	ndent events an	d assume th	nat 3 5	1 1			
	Pr(	$E) = \frac{1}{4}  and \Pr(F) =$	½ . Find Pr(E ≈	F). (a) 1 (	b) $\frac{3}{4}$ (c) $\frac{3}{8}$	(d) ½ (e) ¼			
4.	Αb	oox contains 4 red b	alls and 2 green	balls. Thre	e balls are dra	wn at random <u>wit</u> l	<u>nout</u>		
-		lacement. What is	· 2 ·	1	drawn are of t	he same color?			
(a) $\frac{3}{2}$	F	(b) $\frac{1}{3}$	(c) $\frac{2}{3}$	(d) $\frac{1}{2}$	(e) <u>1</u>	5			
5.	Αk	oox contains 4 red b	alls and 2 green	balls. Thre	e balls are dra	wn at random wit	<u>1</u>		
	rep	lacement. What is	the probability t	hat all balls	drawn are of t	he same color? ([	o not		
	cor	nfuse this with prob	lem #4.) (a) $\frac{2}{3}$	(b) $\frac{3}{1}$	(c) $\frac{2}{9}$ (d) $\frac{2}{3}$	(e) 1			
6.	Su	ppose that Pr(E) =	0.6, Pr(F) = 0.5	and Pr(E ↔	F) = 0.2.				
	Cal	culate Pr(E'   F). (a	) $\frac{1}{3}$ (b) $\frac{3}{10}$	(c) T	$\frac{1}{0}$ (d)	$\frac{3}{5}$ (e) $\frac{2}{5}$			
7.	Urr	#1 contains 3 red	balls and 1 white	e ball. Urn #	#2 contains 3	red balls and 3 whi	te		
	balls. A person rolls a die. If it comes up 1 or 2, she picks a ball at random from Urn								
	#1. If it comes up 3, 4, 5 or 6, she picks a ball at random from Urn #2. What is the								
	pro	bability that she en	ds up with a red	l ball? (a) <del> </del>	(b) $\frac{3}{5}$ (c) $\frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{7}{2}$ (d) $\frac{7}{8}$ (e) $\frac{3}{8}$			
8.	Onl	y three horses are	running in a race	. The proba	bility that Hor	se #1 will win is $\frac{1}{2}$	and		
	the	probability that Ho	rse #2 will win is	s <del>1</del> . Find t	he odds that I	Horse #3 will win.			
(a)	1 to 2	(b) 3 t	o 1 (d	c) 1 to 4	(d) 4 to 1	(e) 1 to 3			
9.	Jac	at if a card is draw	n at						
	random from this partial deck, the probability of getting a 7 or less is $\frac{2}{3}$ and the								
	pro	bability of getting a	7 or more is als	so $\frac{2}{3}$ . How	many 7's are	there in the deck	?		
(a) (	)	(b) 3	(c) 2	(d) 1		(e) 6			

- 10. A college received 500 applications, 350 of which came from male applicants. It accepted 300 students, 200 of whom were male. Given that an applicant is female, what is the probability that she was accepted? (a)  $\frac{1}{5}$  (b)  $\frac{3}{5}$  (c)  $\frac{2}{7}$  (d)  $\frac{2}{3}$  (e)  $\frac{1}{3}$
- 11. What is the probability of being dealt a flush in poker? (A flush consists of 5 cards all of the same suit.) (a)  $\frac{5}{13}$  (b)  $\frac{4 \cdot \binom{13}{5}}{\binom{52}{5}}$  (c)  $\frac{1}{4}$  (d)  $\frac{\binom{13}{5}}{\binom{52}{5}}$  (e)  $\frac{P(13,5)}{\binom{52}{5}}$
- 12. At a certain college,  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the students go home for Spring Break and  $\frac{1}{4}$  travel. Of those who travel,  $\frac{1}{2}$  go to Florida,  $\frac{1}{4}$  go to California and  $\frac{1}{4}$  go to Alaska. Furthermore,  $\frac{3}{4}$  of those travelling to Florida get sunburns and  $\frac{1}{2}$  of those travelling to California get sunburns, but none of those travelling to Alaska or going home get sunburns. After Spring Break, a student is selected at random and is found <u>not</u> to have a sunburn. What is the probability that she went home for Spring Break?
- (a)  $\frac{1}{3}$  (b)  $\frac{3}{4}$  (c)  $\frac{7}{8}$  (d)  $\frac{6}{7}$  (e)  $\frac{1}{2}$

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13. On each attempt, a bowler has a probability of  $\frac{1}{3}$  of getting a strike. In a certain contest, he bowls until either he fails to get a strike or he has bowled 3 times. The number of strikes is observed. What is the probability distribution for this experiment? (k = number of strikes)

(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)  $k \quad Pr(X=k) \qquad k \quad Pr($ 

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14. Suppose that a random variable X has probability distribution given by the following table:

k	Pr(X = k)
-1	.1
0	.2
1	.3
2	.4

Find the probability distribution of the random variable  $(X^2 - 1)$ .

(a) 
$$k Pr(X^2 - 1 = k)$$

-1 .1 0 .2 .7 3

(b) 
$$k Pr(X^2 - 1 = k)$$

.2 -1 0 .4 3 .4

(c) 
$$k Pr(X^2 - 1 = k)$$

-1 .1 .2 0 .3 1 2 .4

(d) 
$$k Pr(X^2 - 1 = k)$$

0 .4 .2 1 2 .4

(e) 
$$k Pr(X^2 - 1 = k)$$
  
-1 .1

.5 0 .4 3

15. The registrar chooses at random five people who were born in the month of June (which has 30 days). What is the probability that at least two of the five were born on the same date in June? (a)  $\frac{30 \cdot 29 \cdot 28 \cdot 27 \cdot 26}{305}$  (b) 1 – 305

$$\frac{30 \cdot 29 \cdot 28 \cdot 27 \cdot 26}{365 \cdot 364 \cdot 363 \cdot 362 \cdot 361}$$

(d)  $1 - \frac{30 \cdot 29 \cdot 28 \cdot 27 \cdot 26}{30^5}$  (e)  $1 - \frac{\binom{30}{2}}{30 \cdot 29 \cdot 28 \cdot 27 \cdot 2}$ 

(e) 
$$1 - \frac{\binom{30}{2}}{30 \cdot 29 \cdot 28 \cdot 27 \cdot 26}$$

16. From a high school class of 20 boys and 30 girls, 6 are chosen at random to give a report. What is the probability that 3 are boys and 3 are girls?

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(a) 
$$\frac{\binom{20}{3}\binom{30}{3}}{\binom{50}{6}}$$
 (b)  $\frac{P(20,3)P(30,3)}{P(50,6)}$  (c)  $\frac{20!30!}{50!}$  (d)  $\frac{\binom{20}{3}+\binom{30}{3}}{\binom{50}{6}}$  (e)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

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is the probability that Mom and Dad do not wind up next to each other?

(a) 1/2	(b) $\frac{1}{3}$	$(c) \frac{1}{4}$	(d) $\frac{3}{2}$	e (e)	$(\frac{2}{3})$			
18.		oroduces light k						
		$\frac{3}{10}$ . Of the b						
	produced by Machine I, $\frac{1}{10}$ are defective. Of the bulbs produced by Machine II, $\frac{1}{4}$ are							
	defective. C	of the bulbs pro	duced by Mach	nine III, <del>2</del> ar	e defective.	A bulb is selec	cted at	

Mom, Dad and their 4 children line up in a random order to have a picture taken. What

random and is found to be defective. What is the probability that it came from Machine

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1? (a)  $\frac{1}{20}$ 

17.

A five-letter word is to be formed from the letters of the word FRIENDLY (using each letter at most once). What is the probability that the word formed ends with a D and begins with either an F or an R?

(b)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (c)  $\frac{1}{5}$  (d)  $\frac{1}{10}$ 

(a)  $\frac{2 \cdot P(6,3)}{P(8,5)}$  (b)  $\frac{\binom{8}{5}}{P(8,5)}$  (c)  $\frac{P(7,4) + P(6,3)}{P(8,5)}$  (d)  $\frac{P(5,3)}{P(8,5)}$  (e)  $\frac{P(6,4)P(5,3)}{P(8,5)}$