

Do the following alternating series absolutely converge, conditionally converge or diverge? Justify your answer.

1. 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$$

2. 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{n+1}{n^2}$$

3. 
$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \left( \frac{\ln(n^2)}{\ln n} \right)^n$$

4. Estimate the magnitude of the error in using the sum of the first nine terms to approximate the following series.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{1}{n^2}$$