Instructor: Bullwinkle

Math 126 Exam III April 24, 2001

- The Honor Code is in effect for this examination. All work is to be your own.
- No calculators.
- The exam lasts for one hour.
- Be sure that your name is on every page in case pages become detached.
- Be sure that you have all 9 pages of the test.

| Good Luck! | | | | | | |
|------------|------|---------|----------|----------|-------------|-----------|
| | PLEA | SE MARK | YOUR ANS | WERS WIT | H AN X, not | a circle! |
| | 1. | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | (e) |
| | 2. | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | (e) |
| | 3. | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | (e) |
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| | 6. | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | (e) |
| | 7. | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | (e) |
| | 8. | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | (e) |
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| Total multiple choice: | | | | |
| 9. | | | | |
| 10. | | | | |
| 11. | | | | |
| 12. | | | | |
| Total: | | | | |

Multiple Choice

1.(6 pts.) What can be said about the improper integral

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} x e^{-x} dx?$$

- (a) It converges to e^{-1} . (b) It diverges. (c) It converges to π .
- (d) It converges to 1. (e) It converges to $2e^{-1}$.
- **2.**(6 pts.) The sequence given by $a_n = (\frac{n}{n+1})^n$ (a) converges to π . (b) converges to 1. (c) diverges.
- (d) converges to e^{-1} . (e) converges to e^2 .

3.(6 pts.) The series
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{5^{n+2}}$$

(a) converges to $\frac{1}{50}$. (b) converges to π . (c) diverges.
(d) converges to 2. (e) converges to $\frac{1}{10}$.

- **4.**(6 pts.) The sequence $a_n = \frac{2^n}{(n+1)!}$ for $n \ge 1$ is
- (a) nondecreasing and convergent.
- (b) nonincreasing and convergent.
- (c) nonincreasing and divergent.
- (d) neither nonincreasing nor nondecreasing.
- (e) nondecreasing and divergent.

5.(6 pts.) The series
$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\ln n}$$

- (a) converges to 1. (b) diverges. (c) converges to π .
- (d) converges to 25. (e) converges to e.

6.(6 pts.) Let $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ and $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n$ be two series with nonnegative terms. Which of the following is always a correct statement?

(a) If
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$$
 diverges and $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n$ diverges then $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n - b_n)$ converges.

(b) If
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$$
 converges and $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n$ converges then $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_n}{b_n}$ converges provided all $b_n \neq 0$.

(c) If
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$$
 converges and $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n$ diverges then $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n + b_n)$ diverges.

(d) If
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$$
 diverges and $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n$ diverges then $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_n}{b_n}$ diverges.

(e) None of the above.

7.(6 pts.) For which values of x does the power series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\ln n) \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^n$$

converge?

(a)
$$-1 < x < 1$$
. (b) all values of x . (c) $x = 0$ only. (d) $-2 < x < 2$.
(e) $\frac{-1}{\ln 2} < x < \frac{1}{\ln 2}$.

8.(6 pts.) The series

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{\sqrt{n}}$$

(a) diverges because
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{\sqrt{n}} \neq 0.$$

(b) converges absolutely.

(c) diverges because the terms alternate.

(d) diverges even though
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{\sqrt{n}} = 0.$$

(e) does not converge absolutely but does converge conditionally.

Partial Credit

9.(13 pts.) Does the series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n!)^n}{(n^{2n})}$$

converge or diverge? Show your reasoning and state clearly any theorems or tests you are using.

10.(13 pts.) Does the integral

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x}(1+x)}$$

converge or diverge? Show all of your work and state clearly and precisely any theorems you are using.

11.(13 pts.) Find the **interval** of convergence of the series the end points.

 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2n}}{2^n n^2}$. Be sure to check

12.(13 pts.)

(a) Show that

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n x^{2n} = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

provided that |x| < 1.

(b) Find

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)(\sqrt{3})^{2n+1}}.$$

(Hint: First use term-by-term integration on the series in part (a).)

Instructor: ANSWERS

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