$\qquad$

## March 6, 1991

Consider two groups:
$\left(\mathrm{G}=\langle[4]\rangle \subseteq \mathrm{I}_{5} ; \cdot\right)$ and $\left(\mathrm{G}^{\prime}=\{1,-1\} ; \cdot\right)$

| $\cdot$ | $[1]$ | $[4]$ | $\cdot$ | 1 | -1 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| $[1]$ | $[1]$ | $[4]$ | 1 | 1 | -1 |
| $[4]$ | $[4]$ | $[1]$ | -1 | -1 | 1 |

Let $\Phi: G \rightarrow G^{\prime}$ be defined by

$$
\Phi([1])=1 \quad, \Phi([4])=-1,
$$

Show that $\Phi$ is an isomorphism from $G$ to $\mathrm{G}^{\prime}$

