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Mathematics 222.02: Algebraic Structures<br>Spring Semester 1998<br>Exam 2<br>March 6, 1998

This Examination contains 6 problems on 5 sheets of paper including the front cover. Do all your work in this booklet and show your computations. Calculators, books, and notes are not allowed.

## Scores

| Question | Possible | Actual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 15 |  |
| 2 | 15 |  |
| 3 | 15 |  |
| 4 | 20 |  |
| 5 | 20 |  |
| 6 | 15 |  |
| Total | 100 |  |

## Sign the pledge:

"On my honor, I have neither given nor received unauthorized aid on this Exam."
Signature: $\qquad$

## GOOD LUCK

1. (a) Find all units in $\mathbb{Z}_{21}$.
(b) Calculate the quotient $\frac{15}{10}$ in $\mathbb{Z}_{21}$, that is, find $15 \cdot 10^{-1}$.
2. Find all greatest common divisors of $11-10 i$ and $-13 i$ in $\mathbb{Z}[i]$ and give a Bezout-equation for one of them.
3. Let $a$ and $b$ be relatively prime numbers. Assume that there are numbers $x$ and $y$ so that

$$
a x \equiv a y(\bmod b)
$$

Show that it follows $x \equiv y(\bmod b)$.
4. (a) Show that the polynomial $p(X)=2 X^{2}+3 X-7$ has no roots in $\mathbb{Z}$.
(b) Show that $\sqrt[25]{2}$ is irrational.
5. Consider the ring $\mathbb{Z}_{41}$.
(a) Assume that $a \neq 1$ is an element of $\mathbb{Z}_{41}$ with $a^{15}=1$. Show that the order of $a$ is 5 .
(b) Find the order of 2. [Make sure that you get a divisor of 40.]
(c) Find an element of order 5 in $\mathbb{Z}_{41}$.
(d) Use the list you produced in (b) to find a square root of -1 in $\mathbb{Z}_{41}$.
(e) How many square roots of 2 does $\mathbb{Z}_{41}$ have? (You don't have to find any!)
(f) Calculate the fraction $\frac{32}{10}$ in $\mathbb{Z}_{41}$, i. e. find $32 \cdot 10^{-1}$.
6. (a) Find a Bezout-equation for $a=8$ and $b=35$.
(b) Use (a) to find a solution of the equation $8 X \equiv 7(\bmod 35)$.

