Quiz 2 Math 336, Winter '00

1. Let \mathcal{M} be a set and $\rho : \mathcal{M} \times \mathcal{M} \to \mathbf{R}$ a function. What must ρ satisfy in order to be a metric for \mathcal{M} ? (5 points)

2. Following are four sequences of continuous functions on [0, 1]. One sequence converges with respect to the metric $\rho(f,g) = ||f-g||_{\infty}$. One of the other two converges in the metric $\rho(f,g) = \int_0^1 |f(x) - g(x)| \, dx$. Identify these sequences and their limits. (5 points)

(1) $f_n(x) = n(1-x)^n$

(2)
$$f_n(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x \ge 1/n \\ nx & \text{if } x < 1/n \end{cases}$$

(3) $f_n(x) = \sin(2\pi nx)$

(4)
$$f_n(x) = . \begin{cases} x/n \text{ if } x \le 1/2\\ (1-x)/n \text{ if } x \ge 1/2 \end{cases}$$