1. Define:

(a) Group.

(b) Abelian group.

(c) Cyclic group.

- 2. Define:
  - (a) subgroup

(b) left coset

(c) right coset

(d) Normal subgroup

3. Define:

(a) Isomorphism of groups.

(b) Automorphism

(c) Inner automorphism

(d) Homomorphism.

Give a necessary and sufficient condition for a subset H of a group G, to be a subgroup.

How can this condition be weakened, if the subset is finite.

5.  $A_3$  can be treated as a subgroup of  $A_4$  in a natural way, as the set of all even permutations on  $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ , which leave 4 unchanged. What is the index of  $A_3$  in  $A_4$ ? Find the left coset  $(1 \ 4)A_3$  and the right coset  $A_3$  (1 4). What permutations are common to the two sets? 6. Prove: A cyclic group of order *n* has a subgroup of order *m* , whenever m|n.

7. Let  $G_1$  and  $G_2$  be groups with operations  $\cdot$  and \* and identity elements  $e_1$  and  $e_2$ , respectively. Prove that the set  $G_1 \times G_2$  of ordered pairs  $(x_1, x_2)$ , where  $x_1 \in G_1$  and

 $x_2 \in G_2$ , with operation:  $(x_1, x_2) (y_1, y_2) = (x_1 \cdot y_1, x_1 * y_1)$  forms a group.

Prove that every element of the form  $(x_1, e_2)$  commutes with every element of the form

 $(e_1, y_2).$ 

8. Let  $h: S_n \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_2$  be defines by formula  $h(\sigma) = \begin{cases} [0] & \text{if } \sigma \text{ is an even permutation} \\ [1] & \text{if } \sigma \text{ is an odd permutation.} \end{cases}$ Prove that *h* is a homomorphism and find the kernel.

9. Prove that a kernel of a homomorphism form G to G' is a normal subgroup of G.

10. Prove that if  $h: G \rightarrow$ is a homomorphism, then h(G) is a subgroup of G'.