Math 362 Syllabus Spring, 1998 Instructor: Joachim Rosenthal

Textbook: Galois theory by Ian Stewart, 2nd edn, Chapman and Hall, 1992.

Chapter 1 1.1 General properties of rings 1.2 Characteristic of a field 1.3 Fields of fractions 1.4 Polynomials 1.5 Euclidean algorithm Chapter 2: Factorization of polynomials (review)} 2.1 Irreducibility 2.2 Eisenstein's criterion 2.3 Zeros of polynomials 2.4 Symmetric polynomials (fundamental theorem stated but not proved) Chapter 3: Field Extensions 3.1 Field extensions 3.2 Simple extensions 3.3 Constructing simple extensions 3.4 Classifying simple extensions Chapter 4: The degree of an extension 4.1 The tower law 4.2 Algebraic Numbers Chapter 5: Ruler and Compass 5.1 Algebraic formulation 5.2 Impossibility proofs (duplication of cube, trisection of angle) Chapter 6: Transcendental Numbers was not covered and left as reading. Chapter 7: The idea behind Galois theory (was covered) Chapter 8: Normality and separability 8.1 Splitting fields 8.2 Normality 8.3 Separability 8.4 Formal Differentiation

Chapter 9: Field degrees and group orders 9.1 Linear independence of homomorphisms Chapter 10: Monomorphisms, automorphisms and normal closures 10.1 \$K\$-monomorphisms Chapter 11: The Galois correspondence 11.1 The fundamental theorem Chapter 12: A specific example (Assigned the HWK set 12.1--12.5 and went over it in class). Chapter13: Soluble and simple groups 13.1 Soluble Groups 13.2 Simple groups 13.3 \$p\$-groups (sketching proof of simplicity of alternating group \$A_5\$ Chapter 14: Solution of equations by radicals 14.1 Historical Introduction 14.2 Radical Extension 14.3 An insoluble quintic (Did outline the main theorem soluble group <--> solvable by radicals) Chapter 15: The general polynomial equation was not covered Chapter 16: Finite fields 16.1 Structure of finite fields 16.2 Multiplicative group. (Here I went quite a bit beyond the book. The students seemed not to know clearly the fundamental theorem for abelian groups (needed for showing that the multiplicative group is cyclic). So I did proof this theorem, derived explicitly the Galois correspondence and provided material on how to compute with extension fields of the binary field. In the last week there was time to cover some coding theory).