## Math 366, Final Exam

This is a 100 point exam.

1. (20 points) (a) State PRECISELY the Arzela-Ascoli theorem.

(b) State PRECISELY the Inverse Function Theorem.

(c) Define contraction mapping and state the contraction mapping theorem.

- 2. (15 points) Let  $M_{mn}$  denote the collection of all  $m \times n$  matrices.
- (1) Define two different norms in  $M_{mn}$
- (2) Compare these two norms for any element in  $M_{mn}$ .

- 3. (20 points) Let X be a metric space and M a subset in X.
- (1) Define precisely that M is compact in X.
- (2) Prove by the definition that if M is compact then M is closed.
- (3) Suppose M is compact and  $F \subset M$  is closed. Prove that F is compact.

4. (10 points) Suppose that X is metric space and that  $\{f_n\}$  is uniformly convergent sequence of bounded functions on X. Is it true that  $\{f_n\}$  is uniformly bounded? Prove or give a counter example.

## 5. (15 points) Consider

$$f_1(x_1, x_2, x_3, y_1, y_2) = e^{y_1} + x_2y_2 - 9x_1x_3 - 1 = 0 \\ f_2(x_1, x_2, x_3, y_1, y_2) = 5y_2g(y_1) + g(y_1 + 2) + 2x_2 + 8x_3 = 0,$$

where  $g(y_1)$  is continuously differentiable. We want to solve  $(y_1, y_2)$  in terms of  $(x_1, x_2, x_3)$  near (0, 0, 0, 0, 0). Find the condition(s) on  $g(y_1)$  so that the implicit function theorem can be used near (0, 0, 0, 0, 0).

6. (20 points) Consider the family of continuous functions

$$f_n(x,y) = \frac{x^2 + y^2 + 5xy}{x^2 + y^2 + (\frac{1}{n})^2}$$

on the disk  $B_1 = \{(x, y); x^2 + y^2 \le 1\}.$ 

- (1) Find the pointwise limit f(x, y) of  $f_n(x, y)$  on  $B_1$ .
- (2) Show that f is not continuous.
- (3) Is the convergence  $f_n(x,y) \to f(x,y)$  uniform on  $B_1$ ? Justify your result.