

This exam is worth 200 points. Be sure to prove your answers are correct! Problems 2a,b,c and 4c are the hardest problems on the exam (or so I think). If you have not looked at these before I suggest dealing with them at the end of the exam. Otherwise the problems are listed in the order we covered them.

Let $M = (\{s, p, q, f\}, \{a, b\}, \{(s, a, p), (p, b, f), (p, b, q), (f, a, p), (q, a, f)\}, s, \{f\})$. (5 points) M is a nondeterministic finite automata. Why? (10 points) Draw the state diagram for M . (10 points) Give a regular expression for the language accepted by M .

(Parts of 2.5.6) An arithmetic progression is the set $\{p+qn : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ for some $p, q \in \mathbb{N}$. (10 points) Show that if $L \subseteq \{a\}^*$ and $\{n : a^n \in L\}$ is an arithmetic progression then L is regular. (10 points) Show that if $L \subseteq \{a\}^*$ and $\{n : a^n \in L\}$ is a union of finitely many arithmetic progressions then L is regular. (20 points) Show that if $L \subseteq \{a\}^*$ is regular then $\{n : a^n \in L\}$ is a union of finitely many arithmetic progressions.

(15 points) Find a context-free grammar G such that $L(G)$ is not regular.

(Parts of 3.5.28) Which of the following languages are context-free? Explain briefly in each case. (5 points) $\{a^m b^n c^p : m = n \text{ or } n = p \text{ or } m = p\}$ (10 points) $\{w \in \{a, b, c\}^* : w \text{ does not contain equal numbers of } a, b, \text{ and } c\}$ (20 points) $\{w \in \{a, b\}^* : w = w_1 \dots w_m \text{ for some } m \geq 2 \text{ and some } w_1, \dots, w_m \text{ such that } |w_1| = \dots = |w_m| \geq 2\}$ (Hint: is $\Psi(L)$ semi-linear?)

(25 points) Build a Turing machine which accepts $\{w \in \{a, b\}^* : |w| \text{ is odd}\}$.

(25 points) (Essay) What is Church's thesis? Do you believe it? Why or Why not?

(25 points) Given an example of an infinite language which is not context-free but is Turing decidable (use Church's thesis to show this language is Turing-decidable).

(10 points) Fix a Turing Machine M . Is there an algorithm which decides if $a^{179} b^{213} \in L(M)$?