## AME 538-Intermediate Fluid Mechanics Fall 2000

Prof. Joseph M. Powers–Instructor

372 Fitzpatrick Hall of Engineering powers@nd.edu

 $http://www.nd.edu/\sim powers$ 

631-5978

Office hours: when available

Mr. Sergey Shepel -T. A.

358 Cushing Hall sshepel@nd.edu

 $http://www.nd.edu/\sim shepel$ 

631-6426

when available

Course web site: http://www.nd.edu/~powers/ame.538

<u>Listserver address</u>: ame 538-01-fa00@listserv.nd.edu. When e-mail is sent to this address, the entire class will be receive a copy of the mail.

Course time and location: MWF 12:50 PM-1:40 PM, 125 DeBartolo

Prerequisites: Formally, none. Undergraduate level fluid mechanics, differential equations

<u>Catalog description</u>: "Derivation of governing equations of mass, momentum, and energy for a viscous, compressible fluid; general survey of vortex dynamics, potential flow, viscous flow, and compressible flow (Every fall)"

<u>Comments</u>: This course is intended to give the student a broad understanding of nineteenth- and early twentieth-century fluid mechanics. The lectures first focus on a rigorous formulation of the governing equations and subsequently survey a series of classical problems in vortex dynamics, potential flow, compressible flow, and viscous flow. In so doing, topics in tradition analysis and modern numerical analysis are introduced. The successful student will leave with an appreciation of how the interplay of mass, momentum, energy, and state equations determine velocity, pressure, density, and temperature fields and how such knowledge can be used in simple engineering applications.

### Texts available in Bookstore (and on reserve in Engineering Library

R. Panton, 1995, Incompressible Flow, 2nd edition, John Wiley (required).

C.-S. Yih, 1977, Fluid Mechanics, West River Press (recommended).

#### Text on Reserve in Engineering Library

- L. Prandtl and O. G. Tietjens, 1934, Fundamentals of Hydro- and Aeromechanics, Dover.
- M. Van Dyke, 1982, An Album of Fluid Motion, Parabolic.
- R. Aris, 1962, Vectors, Tensors, and the Basic Equations of Fluid Mechanics, Dover.
- G. Batchelor, 1967, An Introduction to Fluid Mechanics, Cambridge.
- L. D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz, 1959, Fluid Mechanics, Pergamon.
- H. W. Liepmann and A. Roshko, 1957, Elements of Gasdynamics, Wiley.
- H. Schlichting, 1979 Boundary Layer Theory, McGraw-Hill.
- S. Whitaker, 1968, Introduction to Fluid Mechanics, Krieger.

# Required Work and Grading

Exams will be closed book, closed notes and held in class. The final exam will be comprehensive. You can bring one 8 1/2" by 11" sheet with notes on both sides to the first exam, two to the second, and three to the final.

Homework will be assigned for essentially every class period. All homework will be graded and returned. Homework must be done on one side only of  $8\ 1/2$ " by 11" engineering paper with no frayed edges. Multiple pages must be stapled. You should briefly restate the problem, give a sketch if helpful, give all necessary analysis, and place a box around your final answer. All plots must be computer generated, trimmed, and taped to engineering paper. Label all axes. Raw Mathematica or Maple output will not be graded. Neatness and effective communication are considered in grading as well as the final answer itself.

Two short (one page maximum) critical reviews of works from the literature will be required. The first review must consider an article on fluid mechanics which has stood the test of time. It must be over fifty years old, written by a well-known fluid mechanician, and should have a proven lasting value. The second will consider a topic of current interest in fluid mechanics from the *Journal of Fluid Mechanics*. The articles you choose should *not* fall into the category of review, historical discussion, biography, or other version of "fluids lite;" rather, it should be a substantive, original contribution. Your reviews should 1) summarize the article's major findings and 2) offer an argument why this paper is deserving of its recognition. The reviews are required to be written in a LATEX format and will be checked primarily for style, format, grammar, and content.

Grades will be assigned based on students' performance on examinations, homework, and papers. Pertinent information is as follows:

Exam I	25	Friday, 6 October 2000
Exam II	25	Friday, 1 December 2000
Final Exam	35	Monday, 11 December 2000, 4:15 PM-6:15 PM, 125 DeBartolo
Homework	13	
Reviews	2	Friday, 15 September 2000;
		Friday, 3 November 2000

#### Honesty Policy

Total

100

Academic honesty is expected. When confronted with an apparent violation, I will enforce the appropriate University regulations to the best of my ability. I will also try to make my expectations clear. By and large, though, these issues are out of my control and as such I do not seek out violations. Instead, I depend upon your basic integrity to prevent any problems.

In brief my expectations are as follows. I encourage you to freely discuss the homework amongst one another as you formulate your solutions individually. Your written work should represent your understanding of the problem. In practice this means copying (in whole or in part) another student's homework, exam, computer program, or paper is not permitted. If you choose to discuss your work with a colleague, it should be a discussion in which one teaches another or both work to a mutual understanding. As a counter-example, it is not acceptable to give a friend your homework five minutes before class so that friend can copy your work. I also consider it unacceptable to copy work from a student who was in the class in a previous year. In your written reports, be careful to correctly use quotation marks for words that did not originate with you. Paraphrasing should be held to a minimum, but if used, the paraphrased section should be specifically identified and unambiguously cited. It is not sufficient to simply list a reference but not indicate where a specific quotation or paraphrase was employed. In addition all sources used should be fully cited. As is done in the scientific literature, you should briefly acknowledge in writing any significant discussions or interactions you had regarding the work you submit. As a general principle, I do not accept the justification that you were not sure of my intentions. If you feel you may be in an ethical grey area, then you should consult with me before acting.

## Detailed Topical Outline

- Formulation of the governing equations for a compressible viscous fluid
  - Philosophy of continuum mechanics
  - Some necessary mathematics
    - \* Vectors and Cartesian tensors
    - \* Gibbs and Einstein notation
    - \* Eigenvalues and eigenvectors
    - \* Div, grad, and curl
    - \* Gauss, Stokes, Leibnitz, and Reynolds
  - Kinematics
    - \* Lagrangian description
    - \* Eulerian description
    - \* Material derivatives
    - \* Kinematic decomposition of motion
      - $\cdot$  Translation
      - · Solid body rotation
      - · Deformation (extension and shear)
      - · Principal axes of strain
  - Conservation axioms
    - \* Mass
    - \* Linear momenta (Newton's second law of motion)
    - \* Angular momenta
    - \* Energy (first law of thermodynamics)
    - \* Entropy inequality (second law of thermodynamics)
  - Associated topics
    - \* Stress tensor
    - \* Conservative and non-conservative formulations
    - \* Mechanical and thermal energy equations
    - \* First integrals of linear momenta equations (Bernoulli's equation)
  - Integral forms
  - Constitutive relations
    - \* Frame and material indifference
    - \* Second law restrictions
    - \* Stress-strain rate relationship for isotropic, compressible, Newtonian fluids
    - \* Stokes' assumption
  - Boundary and interface conditions
  - Complete set of well-posed dimensionless model equations
- Topics in vorticity dynamics
  - Helmholtz vorticity transport equation
  - Kelvin's circulation theorem
  - Ideal rotational and irrotational vortices
  - Bending and stretching of vortex tubes
  - Vortex pairs and vortex sheets

- Wall generation of vorticity
- Topics in compressible flow
  - Formulation of generalized one-dimensional flow equations
  - Nozzles, diffusers, and choking conditions
  - Expansion and compression waves: acoustic limit
  - Normal shocks: ideal and non-ideal gas
  - Rarefactions and the method of characteristics
- Topics in potential flow
  - Stream functions and velocity potentials
  - Mathematics of complex variables
    - \* Euler's formula
    - \* Polar and Cartesian representations
    - \* Cauchy-Riemann equations
    - \* Contour integration and the Cauchy integral theorem
  - Elementary complex potentials
    - \* Uniform flow
    - \* Sources and sinks
    - \* Point vortices
    - \* Doublets
  - Method of superposition
    - \* Rankine half body
    - \* Flow over a cylinder
  - Blasius force theorem
  - Kutta-Zhukhovski lift theorem
- Topics in viscous laminar flow
  - Fully developed, one dimensional solutions
    - \* Hagen-Poiseuille flow
      - · Velocity field
      - · Temperature field
    - \* Couette flow with pressure gradient
      - · Velocity field
      - · Temperature field
  - Similarity solutions
    - \* Stokes' first problem
      - · Velocity field
      - · Temperature field
    - \* Blasius boundary layer problem
      - · Velocity field
      - · Temperature field