

AME 598i  
Prof. J. M. Powers  
Homework 6  
Due: Friday, 28 February 2003

1. Consider a reaction mechanism for the combustion of  $H_2$  with  $O_2$  as given by Singh, *et al.*<sup>1</sup> in their Table 1. This is available on the links section of the course web page. Consider combustion in a volume which is initially a cube whose side is of length 200 mm, and for which one of the walls behaves as a frictionless piston, of a gas which has initial mole fractions of  $X_{H_2} = 0.1$ ,  $X_{O_2} = 0.1$ ,  $X_{Ar} = 0.8$ , and an initial pressure and temperature of 1 MPa and 1000 K,
  - (a) For adiabatic, isobaric combustion, determine the variation of all species concentrations, temperature, pressure, and time scales of reaction as functions of time; give computer-generated plots on logarithmic scales. Plot all species concentrations on a single plot. Plot all time scales on a single plot. Plot the relative error in pressure  $\frac{P(t)-P(0)}{P(0)}$ , the relative error in enthalpy  $\frac{h(t)-h(0)}{h(0)}$ , and the relative error in moles for each atom versus time.
  - (b) Repeat the previous problem if there is lumped heat transfer from the volume to the surroundings. Take the heat transfer coefficient to be  $\hat{h} = 10 \text{ W/m}^2/\text{K}$  and the far field temperature to be 300 K. Perform your calculations until the temperature reaches the far field temperature.

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<sup>1</sup>Singh, S. Rastigejev, Y., Paolucci, S., and Powers, J. M., 2001, "Viscous detonation in  $H_2 - O_2 - Ar$  Using Intrinsic Low-Dimensional Manifolds and Wavelet Adaptive Multilevel Representation," *Combustion Theory and Modeling*, Vol. 5, pp. 163-184.