AME 60636 Examination 1 Prof. J. M. Powers 6 March 2009

1. Find the most general stoichiometric balance for the reaction

$$\nu_1'H_2 + \nu_2'O_2 \leftrightharpoons \nu_3''H_2O + \nu_4''OH + \nu_5''HO_2.$$

2. Species A and B have identical molecular masses and undergo a reversible reaction described by

$$A + A \rightleftharpoons B + A$$
.

The reaction is adiabatic and isobaric. At t = 0, $T = T_o$, $\overline{\rho}_A = \overline{\rho}_{Ao}$, and $\overline{\rho}_B = 0$. The reaction has $\mathcal{E} = 0$ and $\beta = 0$. It has collision frequency factor a, constant c_P , and is exothermic.

- (a) Write appropriate simple ordinary differential equations for the change of $\overline{\rho}_A$ and T with respect to time. Define any additional appropriate constants you might need.
- (b) Find the equilbrium concentration of A.
- (c) Find the time scales of relaxation near equilibrium.
- (d) Make as much progress as possible in finding $\overline{\rho}_A(t)$ and T(t).