Standards

- 1 Use vector operations including dot product and cross product.
- 2 Find a parametrization of a line.
- 3 Find an equation of a plane.
- 4 Understand parametrized curves (identifying which plot corresponds to which parametrization; going between equation and parametrization; finding a curve as intersection of 2 surfaces).
- 5 Be able to calculate the derivatives and integrals of space curves and find arc length.
- 6^* Find the TNB frame, normal plane, and osculating plane. See notes for 09/11 and 09/16 for the best ways to compute these.
- 7 Compute partial derivatives including using chain rule and implicit differentiation and finding gradient.
- 8^{*} Find a directional derivative and find the direction where the rate of change is maximized and minimized.
- 9^{*} Find local extrema. 2nd derivative test.
- 10^{*} Find absolute extrema using boundary conditions or LaGrange Multipliers.
- 11 Calculate Double Integrals over rectangular and other simple regions.
- 12 Calculate Double Integrals using polar coordinates.
- 13 Calculate Triple Integrals over rectangular prisms and simple spaces.
- 14 Calculate Triple Integrals using cylindrical and spherical coordinates.
- 15 Be able to use Change of Variables in both Double and Triple Integrals.
- 16 Calculate Line Integrals both Scalar (ds) and Vector ($d\vec{s}$).
- 17 Compute Curl and Divergence of Vector Fields and be able to identify pictures of Vector Fields from an equation.
- 18 Use the Fundamental Theorem of Line Integrals. Find a potential function if there is one.
- 19 Use Green's Theorem.
- 20 Calculate Surface Integrals both Scalar (dS) and Flux ($d\overline{S}$). Know how to parametrize a surface.
- 21 Use Stokes' Theorem.
- 22 Use Divergence Theorem.